THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXX. NO. 20. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

OPERA HOUSE BAR

Protest Against Granting a License There.

OBJECTIONS RAISED AGAINST THE COLORED WINDOW

As an Obstruction to the View From Without.

The famous bar room connected with the Lowell Opera House has come into public notice once more. At the regular meeting of the board of police last evening, D. D. O'Connell, Esq., protested against the granting of a license to the Opera house cafe as applied for. He gave good reasons why such a license should not be granted and among other things gave the commissioners due and formal notice that in his opinion as a lawyer the proprietors of the Opera House bar have been for a long time and are still maintaining a large colored glass front which interferes with a proper view of the interior as required by the statutes.

He requested that the commissioners, if they concluded to license the place, should at least enforce the law by compelling the licensees to put in plain glass windows as other liquor dealers in the city are obliged to do.

The obstructions to the view as described by Mr. O'Connell are, solid doors with lights too high to be seen through by ordinary persons from the sidewalk; a large single window of colored glass that also precludes a view from without, except through a small square in the centre.

The bar cannot be seen except through this small square, and it would require a special effort for a person to see the interior from the street through this centre light. This, he claimed, was not what was intended by the statutes, which specially prohibit any colored glass that interferes with a view of what is going on inside.

"Why is this bar allowed to be screened in such a manner," he asked, "while other places that pay just as much for a license are obliged to do business before plain windows and in the open light of day and under the glare of gas light?" He protested against any colored glass in the front of that bar-room if a license be granted. The matter having been pointed out to the commissioners he expected them at least to do their duty.

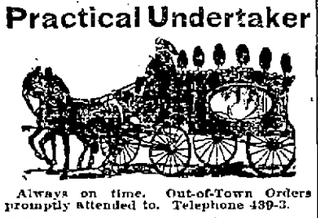
Some questions were asked as to how the Opera House bar windows compared with others in the city, but Mr. O'Connell stated that no other local saloon has a window of the kind. The commissioners took the matter under advisement.

From the day the Opera House bar-room was opened, people have expressed astonishment that such a special screen privilege should be permitted in this place above all others in the city. It may be that the licensing powers were not aware of the situation as the view from the inside to the street is very clear and apt to deceive the inspecting officials.

Mr. O'Connell has since stated that if a license is granted to the place under the present conditions he will have the courts pass upon the question as to whether the colored windows objected to are a violation of the law or not.

The lands and buildings committee met last evening and discussed the purchase of the new Bartlett school site.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Practical Undertaker



Always on time. Out-of-Town Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 439-3.
324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
203 Central Street.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A capable and experienced girl is wanted to do general housework in a small family. Inquire at SUN office.

FOR PUBLIC BATHS

Councilman O'Hare's Order For Them Passed.

MONEY FOR IMPROVEMENTS AT CITY FARM.

Fruitless Attempt to Elect a City Messenger.

The regular meeting of the common council was held last evening and the councilmen declared themselves in favor of free public baths.

This was brought about through the efforts of Mr. John P. O'Hare. Ever since his election to the city council he has given much consideration to this free public bath question and after acquiring valuable information on the subject decided to introduce an order for the appointment of a committee to investigate the matter. Mr. O'Hare reminded the councilmen that they should be mindful of their neighbors, and said one half the people did not have suitable bath accommodations.

After Messrs. George, Drewett, Nay and Hunton had spoken in favor the order passed.

President Webster, Messrs. O'Hare, Pendergast and Nay were appointed the committee on the part of the council to investigate the public bath question.

Mr. George introduced the following resolution: Resolved that a joint special committee be appointed for the purpose of considering the practicability and expense of constructing a causeway from Middlesex street near the Franklin school house, crossing the canal and above the grade of the Nashua and Lowell railroad, to Dutton street. Said committee to consist of two aldermen and three councilmen, to report progress from time to time, a final report to be made not later than Oct. 1.

Mr. George said that the order aimed at some solution of the grade crossing. Order adopted and Messrs. George, Pihl and S. O'Hare appointed.

The resolution authorizing the purchase of land at the city farm was passed by a vote of 20 to 5, those voting against it being Messrs. Eastman, Badger, Hounsell Miskella, and Reynolds. Mr. Miskella opposed the purchase of the land, as he believed it is not needed, and he heard no sound arguments favoring its purchase.

On motion of Mr. Eveleth a ballot was taken for city messenger. The result was: C. F. Going, 12; J. H. Cahill, 9; C. E. Howe, 3; blank, 1. There was no choice.

The joint order to reduce water rates was adopted. A ballot for member of the water board was taken with this result: J. C. Wilson, 14; C. E. Howe, 11; the former elected in non-concurrence.

The resolution for improvements at the city farm was passed, as was also the resolution for the purchase of a lot of land on Princeton street, from which the street committee expect to get gravel.

The resolution appropriating $1000 for the observance of Memorial day was passed.

When the street watering resolution came up, Mr. Hunton moved to amend that no street be watered if a majority of the abutters entered a written protest to the superintent of streets. The resolution was amended and passed.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The aldermen held a brief session last evening at which Mayor Courtney presided. The resolution authorizing the committee on streets to buy from Charles E. Hessian a lot of land on Princeton street at a price not exceeding two cents per foot, passed to a second reading. It is expected that the land will yield about 2500 loads of gravel with which to fill in at the Pawtucket grade crossing and at Princeton street.

On motion of Alderman Crowley the resolution regarding the Lowell free landing was tabled as a hearing has been called for.

A petition for a permit to F. U. Haskell to construct a wooden addition to his building at No. 5 Third street was referred to the lands and buildings committee.

The committee reported at once in favor of referring the matter to the superintendent of public buildings with power. The report was adopted.

BRADLEY SENTENCED.

Fined One Dollar and Sentenced to Three Years in Prison for Counterfeiting.

John H. Bradley of this city, the counterfeiter caught on Middlesex street, was indicted for attempting to pass counterfeit money, and also for owning dies for making the money.

He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in state prison and was fined $1.

When asked if he had anything to say, replied, "All I have to say is that I am sorry I have dishonored my country."

The Mill Agents Deny It.

The statement in a Boston paper to the effect that another industrial depression was close at hand, and that a meeting of Lawrence mill agents had been held and the poposition of running the mills on short time made does not seem to be founded on fact.

Mill agents, Messrs. Redford, Parker and Milliken, emphatically deny that any such meeting was held. What the future will bring forth they cannot say, but as for a reduction in time being made now they say that nothing of the sort has been decided upon.

TO GEN. BUTLER'S MEMORY

CORRESPONDENT RECALLS HIS NOBLE DEEDS.

His Regard For the Colored People—How He Defended the Rights of a Colored Barber.

A correspondent of the Boston Globe writes the following tribute to that paper. The instances quoted are but examples of hundreds that could be recalled by citizens of Lowell who called upon the General in the hour of need to aid them in their difficulty.

Some years ago there lived in Lowell a colored man who kept a first-class barber shop, and was a personal friend of Butler. One Saturday evening he went to an entertainment in Huntington hall, purchased his ticket at the ticket office and was admitted to the hall.

He had not been in the hall long before the people present began to make a fuss, and wanted the colored man (Mr. Burton) removed, and the upshot was that he was ejected from the hall.

Mr. Burton very promptly went to Mr. Butler's house to make known his trouble.

He found Mr. Butler had retired, but after sending up his card Mr. Butler very soon made his appearance and went to his office, where he made out a writ and had it served on the money box and the paraphernalia of the show that was then at the hall.

Returning home he left word not to be called if those parties came to see him, and that they would find him at his office Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

Monday morning came and they were there to settle, and so was Mr. Butler, in company with my friend, the colored man. The damage was settled for $500, and Mr. Butler turning to Mr. Burton, said: "I make you a present of this money without any charge for services."

Another incident I wish to mention. In the town of Winthrop lives a man who was in the 15th Massachusetts regiment under Butler at New Orleans in our late civil war. After the war closed he came home and went into the meat business. About that time some one got up the meat refrigerators that are now in use. Seeing one in a market (and not knowing anything about their being patented) he came home, hired a carpenter, and built him one.

One day a gentleman came into his market, looked around, and went away without telling what he was there for, but made some comments on his fine refrigerator. About a week afterward he got a letter from a party claiming the refrigerator as his patent and demanding a royalty. Soon after he got a notice to appear before a court, and on his appearance at the court room he was requested to get a lawyer. The thought struck him that he would go and see Mr. Butler. Mr. French, Butler's associate at that time, was in the office when he made known his business. When Mr. Butler made his appearance he was made acquainted with my friend, the marketman, and was informed that he was under him at New Orleans in the 15th Massachusetts regiment. Mr. Butler was very much pleased to see him, and on our friend telling his story Mr. Butler told him to go home and not worry about the case, as he would not hear from it.

Some time afterward he met Mr. French on the street, and asked him why he never heard from the case. Mr. French's reply was that Mr. Butler wrote those parties that he was retained by the marketman as his counsel, which had the effect of quashing the case without any cost to my friend.

I would like to call your attention to this point, that the common people have not forgotten Butler as the father of the 10-hour law in Huntington hall, Lowell. Well we remember the placard hung on the wall of the Hamilton corporation telling the employes that if they were known to attend Butler's lecture they would be discharged.

Mr. Butler was the first governor of Massachusetts that recognized the color line by appointing E. G. Walker for judge. Mr. Walker was not appointed by the council.

Another Lie Nailed.

The Courier-Citizen folks continue to mislead the public with regard to the sinking funds. Their latest is an attempt to convey the impression that the sinking fund commissioners were opposed to turning the securities and cash to the city treasurer as ordered by the city council.

If these distorters of facts took the trouble to inquire they would learn that the commissioners have always been willing to turn the funds over, and will be glad to get rid of them, but for their own protection they have asked for the opinion of the city solicitor as to their liability, if they comply with the demands of the council.

The modern councilman is not the kind of a statesman whose commands are always in accordance with law. The commissioners would be very foolish indeed to imperil themselves on the mere command of a body that seldom knows what it is doing.

If the city solicitor decides that it would be legal and safe to turn the securities over as directed, it will be promptly and cheerfully done.

The Elks Elected Officers.

The Elks were out in force last evening when officers for the ensuing year were elected. Those chosen were: Exalted ruler, Charles N. Bagley; esteemed leading knight, John B. Crowley; esteemed loyal knight, James F. Gordon; esteemed lecturing knight, Cornelius E. Dugan; secretary, Charles H. Ricker; treasurer, Joseph Hicks; tyler, W. T. Griffin; trustee, George T. Offut.

After the election the Elks enjoyed themselves.

Overseer Savage Remembered.

Mr. Edward Savage, of 132 Agawam street, an overseer of the Bleachery, celebrated his 46th birthday at his home last evening. A large number of friends called on him and in their behalf Mr. Bassow presented him with a gold watch. An enjoyable evening was passed and a turkey supper served.

Police Court—Hadley J.

"Spring has simply come at last," said Judge Hadley this morning when two boys came up before him charged with playing marbles on the street on Sunday, obstructing the street. "Marbles make a good game and boys will be boys," said the court to Officer Dennett who arrested them. Then with a caution about obstructing the street the boys got off with a fine of $1 which was paid.

There were seven drunks.

Three were released.

Dennis Mullen was sent to the workhouse for four months.

Charles Stevens was fined $15 for being present where gambling implements were found.

ENJOYABLE SMOKE TALK

BY THE BURKE TEMPERANCE INSTITUTE LAST EVENING.

Addresses by James F. Owens, Esq., and Rep. John J. O'Connor, Followed by an Entertainment.

The "Burkes" had a most enjoyable smoke talk at their hall last evening, the attendance being large and the company merry.

The regular meeting was first held and then a fine musical program was presented, including selections by the Mozart quartet, John Drury, John Feeney, John Maguire and David P. Martin; readings by John Dwyer; piano solos by Michael McHugh; violin solo by Timothy Sullivan; vocal duet by Messrs. Clune and Murphy; essay by Wm. Lawler.

There was also addresses by James F. Owens and Rep. J. Joseph O'Connor. Refreshments were served during the evening and the fun was kept up until midnight.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Blodgett, J.

In the case of Howe vs. McManus in which the amount involved was light, the jury disagreed.

The case of Dr. Solon Bartlett vs. Charles H. Hanson an action of tort was then taken up. It will be remembered that during the past summer one of Hunson's heavy wagons collided with the plaintiff's carriage on Thorndike street hill throwing the plaintiff out and injuring him so severely that he was unable to leave his bed for a long time. He claims negligence on the part of the driver. J. F. Manning, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff and John C. Burke, Esq., for the defendant. Just before the noon adjournment Civil Engineer Snell was called upon to give testimony regarding the location where the accident occurred and to explain to the jury a plan of the same prepared by him. The case was unfinished at adjournment.

The Bartlett-Hanson case was resumed this morning.

FIRST CONG. CHURCH

Trouble Will be Considered Today in Boston.

The committee on parishes and religious societies will meet today to act upon the First church bill. Mr. Kenngott's friends claim that a canvass of the committee leads them to believe that they will get a favorable report.

LOCAL NOTES.

Prof. Wells' assembly Thursday eve.

Dr. and Mrs. Sparks and Miss S. H. Cahill, left yesterday for Old Point Comfort, Va.

Miss Abbie Smith will have her spring and summer opening of millinery, Friday and Saturday of this week.

W. Kendall Hallowell, composer and arranger of music, has accepted the position of pianist at the Savoy theatre.

Rev. C. E. Davis and wife, formerly in this city, now of Melrose, were presented with a silver service and set of table linen recently.

Butler Ames, U. S. N. A., '94, was elected first lieutenant of Battery A, Boston, Monday night, to succeed R. F. Perker, resigned.

Head & Shaw, 109 Merrimack, street, will have their millinery opening Friday and Saturday of this week. All the ladies are cordially invited.

The members of Miss Elvin's Saturday afternoon dancing class held a reception at St. Joseph's hall last evening. The attendance was quite large.

New locks have been placed on all the entrances to city hall. The same key opens every lock now, where formerly it required a separate key for each lock.

Mr. Edward W. Smith of 17 Hudson street, had a successful operation performed on him on him at the Homeopathic hospital in Boston, on Monday of last week.

Box 38 sounded at 5.18 yesterday afternoon. This time a rat's nest in a partition of a house in Court street belonging to a man named Wilson caused the alarm. The blaze was extinguished with a slight loss.

Mrs. P. H. Foote, Swan building, Central street, has returned from New York with a great variety of the latest styles in millinery and will have her opening on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week.

The Commissioners' Tour.

The police commissioners and Supt. Davis started on their tour of inspection this morning at 9.30. They began down town.

IS IT
Business

To fat up the Tailors "Dunce Block" to the tune of $15 to $20 more than we charge for a Suit or spring "Top Coat," when you can get of us ready to put on

HOCKANUM SUITINGS

made up by Shuman & Co., that will fit the form simply perfect. Cut and trimmed as Shuman's goods only are made, and embodying the latest touches of fashion. Shuman made Hockanum Suits

At $20

Means the best cloth in the world, for Hockanum cloth is sold right along for imported. The best trimming, the best string suit made. Why an old expert clothier said the other day, "Never saw anything to equal the fit of Shuman Suits this season."

YOUNG MAN

Our Patch Pocket and Strap Seam Spring "Top Coats" are the pronounced fashion. Come in, select your choice and have it laid by for Easter. Price $8 to $20.

Merrimack Hall, The Big Store, Cloth'g Co.
Op. City

2 O'CLOCK

FROM MINNESOTA

Comes A Call for McKinley and Protection.

SOUTH DAKOTAH ALSO FAVORS McKINLEY.

Has a Fighting Chance in Lone Star State.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 25.—The Republican state convention was called to order in Exposition hall. Ex-Governor A. E. Rice was temporary chairman. The following resolutions were adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the well-considered and pronounced preference of the Republicans of Minnesota for presidential standard bearer in 1896 is William McKinley, the emphatic growing choice of the republican vote throughout the land, and this convention expects the delegates and alternates-at-large to be elected by it to do all in their power honorably from now until that object is accomplished to bring about promptly the nomination of William McKinley for president of the United States.

Resolved, That we favor the use of both gold and silver to the extent to which they can be maintained in circulation at a parity in purchasing and debt paying power; that we are earnestly opposed, under the present conditions, to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, for the manifest reason that it would destroy such parity, enormously contract the volume of currency for forcing gold out of the circulation and immediately place us on a silver basis.

Believing, also, that it is a self-evident fact that the effect of the international demonetization of silver can be overcome only by the international demonetization of that metal, the Republican party of Minneapolis most heartily favors an international conference for that purpose.

The four delegates-at-large are P. J. Evans, George Thompson, C. F. Hendrix and L. P. Hunt. They were elected by acclamation. Each of these delegates made speeches pledging himself to McKinley.

The alternates elected were I. C. Richardson, A. H. Reed, B. T. Thurston-son and James Dimont.

McKinleyites Seek Compromise.

AUSTIN, March 25.—After waiting all day yesterday for the executive committee to pass on credentials looking to the seating of contesting delegations for temporary organization, the state Republican convention was called to order at 9:15 last night, and a row was immediately precipitated over the matter of electing a temporary chairman. The matter was finally settled by the election of Caney, the Allison negro leader, over Rosenthal, his McKinley opponent. The fight was made strictly on the color line, Caney pleading with his race for support. His talk was successful beyond all expectations. It is said the McKinley men will make an arrangement with Caney for a divided uninstructed delegation. Nothing was done at last night's convention outside of effecting temporary organization, after which an adjournment was taken until today.

McKinley Votes In Connecticut.

HARTFORD, March 25.—The Republican town and city convention resulted in a victory for the faction headed by ex-Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley and the McKinley enthusiasts. The Republicans in this state had the first opportunity last night to declare their preference for presidential candidates, and the party in Hartford has pronounced in favor of Major McKinley. The Bulkeley ticket to the state convention had a large majority, and its election means the choice of ex-Governor Bulkeley as a delegate to St. Louis.

Pointing Toward McKinley.

HURON, S. D., March 25.—The situation here is so mixed that it is impossible to foreshadow the result of the Republican convention. Four hundred and fifty delegates are for McKinley and 150 for Alison. The principal contest is over Senator Pettigrew's candidacy for delegate to St. Louis. The proposition now is to allow Pettigrew to be one of the eight delegates to St. Louis, but to instruct the delegates for McKinley.

Robbers Got Thousands.

CHICAGO, March 25.—Chris. Schrage, who is 76 years old, and lives alone at 711 South Jefferson street, was bound and gagged by two man last evening and robbed of money and papers amounting in value to more than $60,000. No arrests were made, and the police are all at sea in the matter. The men gained an entrance to the house by pretending that they were anxious to rent some rooms, and as Schrage was showing them through, they bound and gagged him. They did not injure the old man to any extent, but threatened him with death if he attempted to make any noise for at least half an hour after they had left the house.

In the Nature of a Threat.

LONDON, March 25.—The Times has an editorial this morning which warns President Kruger that it is impossible to discuss with him the essentials of the London convention which fixes the suzerainty of Great Britain over the Transvaal. "In any case," The Times continues, "he must decide without delay whether to accept the invitation to come to England. The invitation cannot remain open indefinitely, and if it is declined we must take measures to support the just claims of the Uitlanders."

Greece Asked For Aid.

ATHENS, March 25.—Renewals of the murders of Christians in the island of Crete and the existence of a panic there are reported, owing to the belief prevailing among the Cretan deputies that the Turkish troops are waiting for the Christians to retaliate for outrages, when they will seize the occasion to begin a general massacre of the Christians, under the leadership of the military governor. On this account the deputies have invoked the protection of Greece.

Captain Healy's Punishment.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—It is reported here that the findings of the court martial which tried Captain Healy of the revenue cutter Bear have been approved at Washington. It is said that Captain Healy has been reprimanded and will be transferred to the command of another vessel on the Atlantic coast.

POLICE BOARD MEETING

BREAKS SEVERAL DRUG STORE LICENSES

And Hears Several Remonstrants—Other Matters Considered.

The regular meeting of the police board was held last evening.

The license of Albert D. Yorke, druggist, at 474 Merrimack street, who was convicted for illegally keeping liquor, was revoked.

Thomas G. Farnsworth tendered his resignation as special police officer for the armory, which was accepted.

Joseph M. Holden was granted a common victualler's license (not to sell liquor) at No. 309 Middlesex street. The former license at this place was revoked.

Patrick Scollan protested against the granting of a license to D. J. Murphy at the corner of Broadway and Willie streets. Mr. Murphy appealed, and said that Mr. Scollan is willing to sell his property for $10,000. It is expected the matter will be satisfactorily arranged.

Alexis E. Bertrand, who held a license as a druggist at No. 295 Middlesex street, and Eugene G. Crockett, who occupied No. 512 Middlesex street as a druggist, sold their premises to other parties, the latter continuing the stores, on the old licenses. Both licenses were revoked.

A protest was received against George Powell & Co., who applied for a license at 52 Bridge street. The remonstrants are the John street Congregational church, Thomas Welsh and others. The firm was given leave to withdraw its application for a license.

FUNERALS.

BULMER—The funeral service of Zoa A. Bulmer was held at her late residence, 3 Clough avenue, Centralville, yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. The bearers were Edwin Thissell, J. B. Brown, William Miller and Gaucelo Leighton. Rev. H. W. O. Millington and Rev. G. H. Johnson officiated, and the interment was in the Edson cemetery.

BARNES—The funeral of the late Samuel T. Barnes took place from the residence, 390 East Merrimack street, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Rev. C. W. Huntington conducted the service and appropriate music was sung by a quartet composed of Messrs. Adams, Sturtevant, Daly and Burns. Prescott C. Gates had charge of the funeral arrangements. The bearers were A. K. Chadwick, Julius Cameron, R. F. Brazer and F. A. Chase. The burial was in the Lowell cemetery.

CLARK—The funeral of Catherine Clark took place yesterday afternoon from her late home on Worthen street and was very largely attended. The pall bearers were Messrs. Joseph Lee, James Shalvey, Patrick Riley, Patrick Shalvey, Henry Aubrey and Patrick Richards. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery where service was conducted by Rev. Fr. Leonard.

Parker Heirs Claim.

The Parker heirs have entered a petition for damages to their property caused by the change of grade of Pawtucket street at the grade crossing. The case will be heard in the superior court at Cambridge the first Monday in May.

Y. M. C. A. Entertainment.

A large audience heard the Brown University Banjo, Mandolin and Glee clubs at Y. M. C. A. hall, last evening. The clubs were assisted by Mr. W. E. Greene, reader. There was also singing by Mr. Knight.

Exciting Runaway.

A horse driven by a Mr. Wilson, a tea merchant, ran away on Central street this morning and Mr. Wilson was thrown out at the corner of Market and Central street receiving slight injuries.

Lowell Boy Promoted.

Charles C. Howe, the well known telegraph operator, has severed his connection with the W. U. Telegraph Co. in Boston and accepted a posstion as assistant circuit manager in the New England Telephone and Telegraph company of that city.

A New Millinery Store.

Miss M. L. Delude, for a number of years manager and saleslady for Mrs. P. H. Foote in the Swan building, has leased the store next to the marble bank at 111 Merrimack street where she will show all the latest styles in the millinery art. To assist in her new store she has secured Miss Kittie Rogers, Mrs. Brunnell, Miss Bertha Collins, and Miss Blanche Moore. These young ladies were formerly with Mrs. P. H. Foote.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

CUBAN MATTERS

Again Discussed in United States Senate.

SENATOR BOUTELLE WAS THE SOLE OBJECTOR

To Removal of Restriction to Southerners.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Although the main Cuban resolutions have been committed to conference, the subject came up incidently yesterday on Mr. Mills' resolution for the forcible occupation of the island of Cuba by the United States, in case the Spanish government shall refuse to grant local self-government to Cubans. Mr. Mills spoke for two hours in support of the resolution. He was nusparing in his arraignment of General Weyler as an "atrocious scoundrel and villain," and in his recital of Spain's bloody record in the Old and New Worlds.

He would have voted, he said, for all the resolutions offered on the subject of Cuba, because they were steps—although short steps—in the line of march which it was the duty of the people of the United States to take.

The island of Cuba did not, Mr. Mills declared, stand in the same relation to the people of the United States as Hungary, Poland or Armenia did. If it did, then the statesmanship of the United States had been at fault for 100 years. The fathers had, for a century, asserted and maintained that the people of the United States had rights in Cuba—had rights to every foot of soil in the Western hemisphere.

The United States had never asserted that it had any rights in Ireland, Hungary, Poland or elsewhere in Europe; but it had asserted its rights in every solitary acre of land on the Western hemisphere. It had there the highest right—the right of self-preservation. The Monroe doctrine, he declared, was as old as humanity, and God Almighty was its author, for when he made man he placed in him the right to preserve his life and liberty.

Mr. Mills reviewed, on this point, the declaration of President Jefferson in relation to the Louisiana purchase, when the American minister to France was instructed to notify Napoleon that if he would not sell that territory to the United States, the United States would ally itself to Great Britain and sweep the French fleets off the ocean, in order to maintain the right of the United States to the mouth of the Mississippi river—notwithstanding that France had a perfect title to it.

Morgan Speaks.

The speech of Senator Mills on his Cuban resolution closed at about 2 o'clock, and the unfinished business was formally laid before the senate, but Mr. Berry requested unanimous consent that it be laid aside temporarily, so as to allow Mr. Morgan to speak on the Cuban question.

Mr. Hale was inclined to object, but desisted on consideration that as soon as Mr. Morgan had finished his speech, the debate on conference resolutions should be regarded as closed, and the senate's decision to recommit should be put into operation.

Mr. Morgan then went on to discuss the reason why Spain recognized the southern Confederacy at the time she did. He said that Spain thought that the Confederacy would be able to separate itself from the Union, and would then be a valuable ally for herself in her attempt to subdue Cuba.

The policy of Spain, he said, was always to force back under her control by war any colony which had once got away from her. She had tried this, notably with Mexico and San Domingo. She is, therefore, anxious to make alliances wherever she can, which may be of use to her in such efforts.

Mr. Mills' resolutions went to the calendar after the speeches.

The rest of the day was given to the legislative appropriation bill, which is not yet completed.

Boutelle Raised Objections.

Senator Hill's bill to remove the restrictions against the appointment as officers of the army and navy of persons who held commissions in the regular army or navy before the rebellion, and who subsequently took part in the war on the side of the Confederacy, which passed the senate during the height of the excitement over the Venezuelan boundary question, passed the house, after two hours' debate, with but one dissenting vote—that of Mr. Boutelle (Me.).

The Democrats, except Mr. Cummings (N. Y.), who spoke, as he said, "as one of the hundred thousand northern Democrats who fought in the army," and Mr. Wilson (S. C.), who was drawn into the debate by Mr. Boutelle, refrained entirely from participation. Mr. Hull (Ia.), chairman of the military committee, who had charge of the bill, admitted that it would subserve no practical purpose, and was largely sentimental.

Mr. Boutelle, who led the opposition single-handed, thought it would furnish a bad object lesson for naval and military cadets who were about entering on careers in the service of their country, and when he got warmed up to his subject called attention to the fact that many southern men in congress in the past had obstructed legislation in the interest of Union soldiers, dwelling particularly on the opposition to the retirement of General Grant. Mr. Grosvenor (O.) and Mr. Grow (Pa.), however, supported the bill ardently as a graceful and gracious tribute to the vanquished, and when the vote was taken Mr. Boutelle alone voted against it.

The conferrees on the Cuban resolutions met yesterday, and adjourned at 3:15 without reaching an agreement, and will meet again today at 2 o'clock.

The house committee on claims reported favorably a bill granting $68,907 to John C. Howe of Massachusetts for the infringement of his patent by the government in the manufacture of cartridges.

In Need of Funds.

NEW HAVEN, March 25.—The Congregational College and Educational society of Boston will celebrate its 90th anniversary in this city June 2 to 4, in connection with the 70th anniversary of the Congregational Home Missionary society. The object of the society is the aiding of deserving candidates for the ministry to secure needed education. In addition to a general appeal for funds from those interested in its work, the society makes a special plea for the maintenance of its educational mission work among the Mormons in Utah and the Mexicans in New Mexico. It estimates its needs at $150,000 the present year.

A Covert coat this spring?

Then don't bother with with the tailor: few of the custom shops, and those the most expensive can make to measure Coverts as good as ours from Rogers, Peet & Co.

Spring clothes are ready, Suits and overcoats more to your liking than ever before.

Price, $8.00 to $25.00 and a generous variety to choose from.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Heroes defeated a team from the Boston Globe yesterday afternoon on Les Miserables alleys. The visitors were led by Warren Dow, bowling editor of the Globe. The Boston boys were never in the game, and were beaten by 331 pins. The score:

Heroes—Farley 511, Long 487, Sternberg 455, Kelley 506, Bourger 442; total, 2401.

Boston Globe—Dow 421, Harpin 418; Boss 334, Robinson 388; Parshley 409; total, 2020.

Team Two defeated Team Six on the Highland club alleys last evening by the following totals:

Team Two—Gray 522, Thurman 484, Lyman 495, Freeman 454, Mayotte 320; total, 2275.

Team Six—Smith 483, Witherbee 554, Tafe 420, Hills 405, Stevens 373; total, 2237.

Street Committee.

The members of the street committee, with Supt. Cheney, were in consultation with City Solicitor Qua this morning, arranging for the purchase of land on Princeton street, as ordered by the city council, last evening.

MONEY DEPOSITED.

Money deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National Bank at 30 Middlesex street and 11 Post Office avenue before 4 p. m. Friday, April 3rd, will draw interest at the rate of four per cent per annum from April 1st. Interest may be withdrawn or will be added to the principal on the first days of July and January. Bank open from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. and on Saturdays from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m. WILLIAM F. HILLS, Cashier.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell, Mass.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
MIDDLESEX ss.
COURT OF INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed assignee, and that the second meeting of the creditors of Henry P. Flood of Lowell, insolvent debtor, will be holden at the Court of Insolvency at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the nineteenth day of May, A. D., 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

HENRY C. GIRARD, Assignee.
Lowell, Mass., March 25th, 1896.

IF THE DOCTOR

says you should take a little stimulant why not get the best. That you will get if you trade at McPaddin's wine rooms opposite the post office. All the choicest brands of ales, wines and liquors.

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, split kindling and stake. Edward Cogger & Co., 125 Church and 23 Concord streets.

The Lowell Electric Light Corporation
LIGHT and POWER AT LOW RATES.
GEO. W. FIFIELD, President.
WM. A. INGHAM, Vice-President.
WM. H. BENT, Treasurer.
LUCIUS A. DERBY, Elec. Engineer.

Mr. Derby has recently become connected with the company, and is authorized to make contracts and adjustments connected with light or power.

Office, 42 Church Street.
Telephone Call, 329.

Our Annual Opening
OF
Spring and Summer MILLINERY

Will take place Friday afternoon and evening, and Saturday, day and evening. Everybody invited.

ABBIE M. SMITH.
175 MERRIMACK STREET.
Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
MIDDLESEX ss. Lowell, Mass., March 23, 1896.

Taken on a tax warrant issued by the City of Lowell and will be sold at public auction by Geo. F. Stiles, Deputy Sheriff, on Monday, March 30, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the stock and fixtures in hardware store of Callaghan and Sanborn, situated at Merrimack Square, cor. Bridge and Merrimack streets in said Lowell.

JOHN McMANUS,
Constable of Lowell and Deputy Collector of taxes.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division. To Boston.	Southern Division. From Boston.	Western Division. To Boston.	Western Division. From Boston.
Arr.	Arr.	Arr.	Arr.
6 45	6 00	6 01	7 05	6 50	8 04	7 55	8 35
6 30	7 45	6 39	7 52	8 15	9 15	9 25	10 37
6 50	8 08	6 44	8 05	9 25	10 42	10 25	11 35
7 01	7 50	8 00	8 25	10 50	12 00	11 50	1 08
7 18	8 02	8 31	9 11	12 25	1 38	2 15	3 19
7 27	8 32	9 00	9 42	12 15	1 01	3 30	4 29
7 38	8 50	9 15	10 25	2 30	3 45	3 45	4 55
7 45	8 25	10 00	11 25	3 20	4 15	4 55	6 48
8 50	9 46	10 44	11 52	4 05	5 25	6 00	6 18
9 00	10 20	11 20	12 18	5 10	6 40	6 01	7 05
9 40	10 40	12 00	12 55	6 15	7 20	6 35	7 40
11 00	11 05	1 00	1 40	7 00	8 05	9 40	10 41
11 45	12 20	2 01	3 04	9 30	10 44		
12 15	1 55	3 05	3 40				
1 40	2 50	5 31	6 48				
2 00	3 55	4 15	4 30				
4 00	4 45	5 00	5 44	8 15	9 27	8 03	1 19
4 20	5 20	5 27	6 02	12 05	1 27	11 45	12 51
5 20	6 15	5 50	7 15	4 15	5 25	5 00	6 28
5 30	6 53	6 15	7 18	5 30	7 05	7 00	8 21
6 25	7 30	7 20	8 10	7 25	8 44		
7 52	8 25	8 01	8 40				
		10 15	11 22				
		11 20	12 28				

Sunday Trains.

7 18	8 02	9 05	9 55
7 52	8 25	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 20	1 00	1 57
4 10	10 10	5 03	5 50
4 25	5 32	7 31	8 10
5 54	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 05

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

Arrive Middlesex St. station only.

If river water must be boiled before it can be used with safety why shouldn't the same rule of health apply to Daniel Gage's ice? Let it also be boiled before using in order to kill the germs.

Mayor Quincy of Boston has demanded an appropriation for sanitation in the schools. From all reports it appears that Boston schools are in great need of improvement in sanitary and other points.

The editor of the Lowell Sun has a vitiated taste. He favors the use of Merrimack river water for drinking water in Lowell. Mr. Harrington must be in league with the doctors of the Spindle City.—Haverhill Gazette.

The Gazette must have obtained its information from a vitiated and a lying source.

THE SUN stands for a water supply that will be first, pure; second, inexhaustible; third, as cheap as possible. It stands against a pet scheme of the water board which would saddle the city with a vast expense, estimated at $225,000, to put in meters that must be replaced every ten years. One-half that sum expended for a filter will procure the supply needed from the river, a supply that will fill the requirments insisted upon by THE SUN, namely, purity, inexhaustibility and cheapness. With such a supply the only cost would be that of pumping and repairs, and under such conditions the house services might be given free of charge by the city.

Will anybody of common sense say that it is wise to expend a vast amount on a water supply that is wholly unreliable both in quality and in quantity for such a driven well system must always be? The absurdity of the proposition is evident from the fact that the water board dare not on any account abandon the river supply. To do so would leave the city in jeopardy in case of a large fire.

THOSE PORTRAITS.

The matter of purchasing the portraits of the city founders from the American Mechanics association is not yet decided. A committee of the city council has been appointed for the purpose of negotiating with the society for the purchase of the pictures.

The society has fixed the price of the pictures at the modest sum of $16,000.00. If the city council should drop the matter for a year or so, it is not unlikely that the society would discover that the pictures are not worth more than $8000.00.

Should they find that they cannot obtain $8000.00 from the city for these pictures, they may be willing, eventually, to accept $4000.00.

In point of fact the sum of $1000 would be what the average citizen would consider a high price for the several pictures, while there are those who say that $150 or $200 would be quite enough for each picture. THE SUN has no objection to the purchase of the pictures at a fair price, but we do object to paying $16,000, $8000, $4000 or even $2000 for the said pictures.

CHARTER REVISION.

We are assured on the authority of Secretary Smith of the board of trade that the bill for the revision of the charter will not be changed until the remonstrants shall have been heard.

He states that it will then be changed to suit the majority. By that we presume he means the majority of the republican city committee.

If this opinion is from a reliable source we can give a sketch of what the charter revision will be. In the first place the mayor's powers will not be increased to any extent. In the next place the legislative and executive functions of government will not be separated and there will probably not be any purchasing agency established. All that will then remain of the measure had better be stricken out. Let the whole matter be abandoned, and the question of charter revision postponed until such times as it will suit the republicans to have the mayor's powers increased, to have the legislative and executive functions of government separated, to have a purchasing agency established, and to provide other safeguards and facilities for the proper transaction of the city's business.

THE HIGH GRADE GOODS

WOOLEN INDUSTRY BENEFITED BY FREE RAW MATERIALS.

Better Products For the Same Price—A Saving of 6 Per Cent to Domestic Manufacturers—Plea For Protection Has Little Standing—Facts About Revenues.

It does not require much attention to measure the benefits derived from free wool. The wools which are of such inferior quality as to be only a little removed from shoddy are no longer imported in as large quantities as when a duty was imposed, wools of high grade and fine quality being substituted for them. It is safe to say that whatever extension of the woolen industry has occurred in this country in the last year has been in the view of developing the use of fine wools in the place of Turkish, Russian and Chinese wools. For the same price a better product of manufacture is being obtained. As the revenue sacrificed in removing the duties from raw wools amounted to about $8,000,000 a year, the benefit may be said to be purchased at a low price. On the imports of 1895 the manufacturer would, under the old rate, have had to pay nearly $16,000,000 in duties—a tax of nearly 6 per cent upon the total value of all products of woolen manufacture in the domestic industries.

Manufacturers claim to have a grievance against the new tariff in that they are able to compete with foreigners in only a few kinds of goods. That taste, patterns and machinery should have become specially adapted to such wools as the greed of the woolgrowers imposed upon the domestic market was to be expected, and it could hardly be anticipated that in a single 12 months a change so radical could be wrought as to enable the home manufacturer to meet entirely and successfully the new conditions. That imports should increase was natural.

In the year 1894 importations were restricted to what was absolutely necessary to supply the market on the most economical estimates. That year of economy and restriction naturally led to larger importations in 1895, when conditions had become more settled and the general tone of the markets could be better gauged. Not only were the needs of the market to be met, but its possibilities and the shortage of 1894 were to be provided for. Commercially therefore the year 1895 should have been not only a year of large importations but of importations which in comparison to previous years might appear excessive. How far do the statistics of imports bear out this conclusion?

The total imports of manufactures of wool for the two years 1891 and 1892 were valued at $73,500,000, and for 1894 and 1895 at $76,100,000. It does not appear on this showing that the importations of 1895 were excessive when taken in their true relation to the imports of other years. The same comparison can be made in the special lines of goods. The imports of carpets in 1891 and 1892 were valued at $2,932,000; in 1894 and 1895, at $2,862,000. Of wearing apparel, which includes most of the items on which the greatest tariff contests have been held, cloaks, hats of wool, knit fabrics and shawls, the imports of 1891 and 1892 were $0,800,000; in 1894 and 1895, $5,088,000. If, in place of value, quantities be taken, the showing is even more telling against the cry of overimportation. Of dress goods the imports in 1890 and 1892 amounted to 121,000,000 square yards; in 1894 and 1895 to only 21,570,000 square yards. The imports of plushes and other pile fabrics were nearly three times greater in quantity in 1891 and 1892 than they were in 1894 and 1895. In the single item of woolen or worsted cloths have the imports increased remarkably in quantity as well as in value. The imports for 1895 were as large as the imports of the three years from 1891 to 1893 inclusive. Taken as a whole it cannot be said that on the returns of the imports for the five years there has been any such increase above a normal average as would threaten the existence or prosperity of a great domestic industry. The plea for higher protection of woolen manufactures has little standing in the face of such statistics.

Nor can much be said on the plea of greater revenue. In 1892, which was the year of largest imports of woolen manufacturers under the McKinley tariff, the amount of duties collected was $36,560,599 on a valuation of imports of $37,557,087. This was equivalent to an ad valorem of 97.36 per cent. In 1895 the duty collected was $28,102,048 on a value of imports of $61,018,579—the equivalent ad valorem being 46 per cent. This shows that with the rate of duty reduced more than one-half the revenue was reduced only 28 per cent. It is an impudent demand to ask congress to reimpose the high duties on raw wools to gain a revenue of $6,000,000 or $7,000,000 and to increase to an even greater degree the duties on manufactures of wool for a similar sum. At the end of February the deficit in the national account was only $990,000 more than it was at the end of November. The government is, therefore, very nearly paying its expenses out of current revenue, and there is no reasonable ground for tinkering with the tariff, and least of all in the direction of higher duties on raw wools and manufactures of wool, where the consumer loses $2 every time the government gains $1.—New York Post.

Maryland Doing Reformed.

The Republicans have reformed Maryland in their usually effective style. Says the St. Louis Republic: "Governor Lowndes has been compelled to withdraw the appointments to judgeships of an embezzler and a thief. The mayor and the council of Baltimore are in a quarrel over a distribution of spoils, and the council threatens to carry off all the booty by parceling out the places itself. Maryland and Kentucky have learned too late that the wages of sin is death."

THE BEST is what the People buy the most of. That's Why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sale OF ALL MEDICINES.

DEWARK PENTS

SUNBEAMS.

Home Teaching.

Broncho Bill—You don't catch me sendin that youngster of mine to no school. No, siree!

Potash Pete—Ain't yer goin to give him any eddication at all, then?

Broncho Bill—Oh, yes, but I'll teach the young idea how to shoot myself.—New York World.

A Family Name.

"What for yo' call yo' boy Henery, Sistah Jackson? Hit ain't a fambly name, shuah!"

"Well, hit is and hit ain't, Brother Biggs, fur his pop wuz in jail fur stealin chickens when he wuz born!"—New York Tribune.

Not at All Unusual.

Mrs. Fogg—I've got some news for you, David. Carrie's engagement is broken.

Mr. Fogg—I'm not at all surprised. Since that new girl came into the house there has hardly been a day when something hasn't been broken.—Boston Transcript.

A Means of Economy.

Mrs. Hardup—My dear, I positively must have a new wrap.

Mr. Hardup—The price of coal has gone up again, and I simply can't afford it. The only thing I can do will be to take you south for the winter.—Truth.

Turned to Account.

"Wasn't it horrible? A man who was walking across the university campus fell in a fit of delirium tremens."

"Yes, it was dreadful. But his ravings furnished the students with a new college yell."—Chicago Tribune.

One Thing Noted.

Rev. Parsons—I hope there was something about my sermon which interested you?

Mr. Knapp—Yes, sir; it was long to be remembered.—Yonkers Statesman.

Economy In the Kitchen.

"At my last place," said a cook, "I should have been very comfortable if the master hadn't been a photographer."

"Why, what difference could that make?"

"You see, at the dinner table he used to photograph the joints before they were removed to the kitchen."—Le Petit Parisien.

His Scheme.

Politician's Wife—Why do you want him discharged? How would you like to have such charges made against you? Put yourself in his place—

Politician—Thunder, ain't that what I'm trying to do?—New York World.

The Office Boy's Lament.

She smiles while that prosy old duffer dictates,
And is sweet as you please when he scolds;
She smiles when the baldheaded partner comes in
And talks of his coughs and his colds;
She smiles at the clerk while she clicks her machine,
And laughs at what he thinks is fun,
But never a smile or a laugh for me—
They have whiskers and I have none.

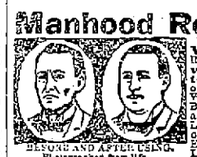
I have plenty of brains, and I know a good deal,
I could give his nibs points on the law;
I could teach that old clerk for the next twenty years,
I could tell him some things, but, oh, pshaw!
What's knowledge and brains to a girl nowadays?
They ain't in it when all's said and done.
The idiots get all her smiles and her thoughts—
They have whiskers and I have none.
—New York World.

No Clothesline Census.

Husband—How many people are there in the next house back of us?

Wife—I don't know. They have their washing done at a laundry.—Chicago Record.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING
Photographed from life.

VERVITAS, the Wonderful Human Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or five $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 259 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggist below:
Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store, LOWELL, MASS.

Are You Satisfied

With your Carriage Repairs? We do

REPAIRING.

We please some people. We might please you. Why not give us a trial?

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Work Called For and Delivered.

Just in, a carload of ROCHESTER BREWING CO.'S

BOCK BEER.

Comes in cases, or it may be had on draught in our Retail Department.

John M. Pevey,

NOS. 55—57 MIDDLE STREET.

UNION TAILORS

The only shop in town using the Union Label.

Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.

F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat and lungs are neglected.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a safeguard it is against throat and lung troubles. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

It doesn't look much like planting

SEEDS

Just now, but we want to call your attention to the fact that we have a FULL STOCK OF FINE SEEDS

FOR YOUR GARDEN

Also, you can have a NEW CATALOGUE by calling on

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR. H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

Wm. E. Livingston DEALER IN COAL, WOOD, LIME

CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS

Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.

No. 15 Thorndike Street. Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

WE'RE PROUD OF THEM.

NECKWEAR Everything that is new and desirable.

FANCY SHIRTS New and elegant designs.

CORRECT HATS All the best makes, at popular prices. We invite inspection.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY, 69 Merrimack Street.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND, (Successor to F. W. Sargent.) Merchant Tailor. Fine Tailoring a Specialty. 24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass. Dress Suits to Let.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

TALK ABOUT Bargains WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THIS? 3c. FOR A BOX OF TOILET SOAP

3 CAKES IN A BOX

This is no sell, but a genuine bargain.

GOODALE'S Drug Store

217 Central Street. FISKE'S BLOCK.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D. (Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass., Has Opened an Office in Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell. Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Sole agents for Lowell and vicinity for Billings, King & Co.'s PURE PREPARED PAINTS.

They excell all others in Purity covering capacity, clear Tones, Durability. Pure Linseed Oil Paints.

C.B.COBURN & CO. 61-67 Market Street.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST

CHARLES H. FROST, 78 Central Street. Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings, Ammunition, Fire-arms, etc. Fine Watch repairing.

Swipesy O'Rooke: "Dere, Chimmy, is der most curiousest freak o' nature wot was ever saw. Dat's Atlus, my geography goat. His port side carries der map of de eastern an western hemispheres, his sturboard side is covered wit de map of Ireland, while his tail is a livink image of de nort pole."

WANT COLUMN.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on credit. Samples, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1354, New York city.

WANTED—A position in an office by a young lady who understands stenography and book-keeping; Address "C. C." SUN Office.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

PHYSICIAN—Wants a young man of good habits and address, as partner and business agent, in advertising specialty. Must invest some cash. Only those who can do so need apply. Excellent chance. Address Doctor, SUN office, Lowell.

PATENTS—A. L. Hough, No. 925 F. street, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patent is obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

TO RENT—A tenement of five rooms. Baldwin street, Middlesex Village. G. D. Kimball, room 14 Runels block, Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 739 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Near school and Branch street two story two-tenement house, always rented. This is a bargain. Terms to suit you. Price $1450. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtuckerville, two story two-tenement house in good location. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, nearly new cottage, 6000 feet of land on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—300 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, a nice house, all modern improvements good barn and carriage. This is your chance to buy you a home. Price $3000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

Misses Keefe and Stevens.

Formerly of Boston, fashionable dressmakers. Room 7, Associate building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets, Lowell, Mass. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 19 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—On Central street, a good boarding and lodging house, 21 rooms, lots of boarders. Price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

BELVIDERE---CENTRALVILLE

Pleasant street, residence 9 rooms, bath, steam heat, 4000 square feet of land. A nice house. $4250.

Pleasant street, two tenement house, 13 rooms, one of the best built houses in Belvidere, 4500 square feet of land; $4500.

Wentworth avenue, handsome new residence of 9 rooms, bath, laundry, hot water heat, also barn, 6 stalls, room for 5 carriages, 13,000 square feet of land, nicely graded and concreted, fruit and shade trees, cost about $6000, will sell on easy terms for $4950.

Centralville block of 12 tenements and 1 store, all rented, rent for $100 per month. Investigate, $9700; easy terms.

House lots on Beacon street and Merrill avenue, from 10 to 20 cents a foot; easy terms.

See advertisement in other papers for other parts of the city.

A. J. RYAN, Agent. Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

We are still doing business at the same old stand,

279 DUTTON STREET,

And anybody wishing to have piping, plumbing or steam work done in the best possible manner, just call on us and we will attend to it at short notice. We also keep

The Finest Line of Gas Fixtures

To be seen in this city. Prices always low at

D. H. WILSON'S 279 DUTTON STREET.

The Irritation

And Smarting of the skin caused by March winds can be instantly relieved by

El-A-Tol Soap.

Guaranteed absolutely pure and perfectly safe to use on the youngest child. There is no soap on the market for eczema, scrofula, sores, boils, or any eruption that compares with it. Price 15 cents a cake. Sold by all druggists.

ELLINGWOOD & CO. APOTHECARIES, Merrimack, Cor. Central St. And 155 Central, cor. Middlesex St.

BICYCLE FREE

To learn on when you buy one of me. And I have no fake which the Fenton, America, Sterling, Adiake, the wheel of "High Degree," and cheaper ones at your price. Renting and repairing, sundries of all kinds. 2

GEORGE H. BACHELDER, 23 Post Office Avenue.

Manchester and Concord, N. H. GENERAL Express Forwarded

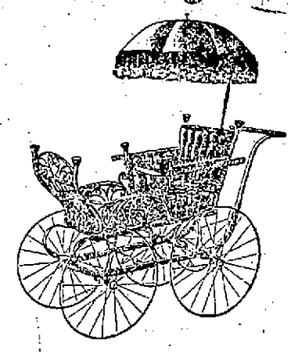
Successors to Post Gardner Express Co., J. E. ROBERTSON, Supt., Concord, N. H.

For Boston, New York and all connecting points South and West. Low rates and prompt service.

OFFICE..... 15 CENTRAL ST.

D. A. HILL, AGENT Telephone 66-6.

Baby Carriages



In reed, rattan and oak with either wire or wood wheels and upholstered in plush, silk, damask, corduroy, tapestry, cane and cretonne. This is finest line of carriages we ever had in stock and the prices are lower then ever before. New goods in every department. The latest spring patterns in

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, AND MATTINGS LINOLEUMS AND ART SQUARES AND RUGS.

The new "Family Glenwood" range like its predecessors in the Glenwood line is a model of perfection in appearance and simplicity of its cooking arrangements.

When you need anything in the housefurnishing line, remember we have the goods you desire, and our prices are right every time,

COOKIN BRO'S, 66 Prescott Street.

Bargains This Week

$12 112-piece Dinner Sets, slightly inperfect, $5.49.
$3 10-piece Toilet Sets, English and American ware, $1.89
$3.50 56-piece Tea Sets, English and American ware, $2.89
10c. 6-inch Decorated Stone China Plates, 5c. each.
15c. French China Decorated Plates, 9c. each.
10c. French China Decorated Creamers, 5c. each.
15c. French China Cups and Saucers, 9c each.
5c. Gold Band China Egg Cups, 3c. each.
4c. plain China Egg Cups, large size, 2c. each.
5c. Tumblers in five different patterns, 2 1-2c. each.
6c. Goblets, nice clean goods, 3c. each.
15c. Class Butter Dishes, large size, 7c. each.

Kinsella's, The U. S. Tea Co.

82 PRESCOTT ST. Elevator Accommodation. FIVE FLOORS.

OUR CARPETS FOR SPRING HAVE ARRIVED.

Novelties in special designs and colorings are a leading feature of our display. All our lines are filled to overflowing with bright, novel and artistic patterns from the leading manufacturers. Chamber and Parlor Suites a specialty.

We Guarantee Every Richmond Range.

PETER DAVEY,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?

If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.

MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 443 Corham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

LOWELL Trunk Manufactory

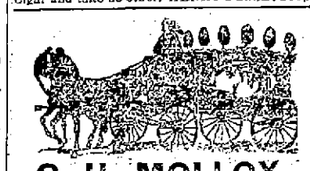
P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the

SPINDLE CIGAR

give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop



O. H. MOLLOY, Undertaker and Funeral Director

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to.

No. 343 MARKET STREET

T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer.

Telephone 508-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY, Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue Telephone Number 474-4.

SCOTT & O'DAY, Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers

Steam, Gas and Water Piping.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

54 APPLETON STREET.

Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at

PETER WATSON'S

Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 455 Lawrence street.

Davis and Nickerson TAILORS,

No. 9 CENTRAL STREET.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD Slab Wood, Edgings and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors To be Found in this city is at E. FAULKNER'S, Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street

NEW LUMBER YARD

No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.

Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.

P. V. ALLEN & CO. Telephone 533-5.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges

Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flahaven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at

Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

48 CHURCH STREET.

ARE TO HUNT MONSTERS

THE ODDEST GAME EXPEDITION OF MODERN TIMES.

Strange Expedition Going to Patagonia From Princeton College—Creatures They Are After Lived Ages Ago—Only Scientists In the Party.

A monster hunting expedition has just been sent out by Princeton college. It is going to Patagonia, where there are more remarkable creatures dead and alive than in any other part of the world. The members of the party expect to make notable additions to the specimens of prehistoric creatures now in this country.

In Patagonia have been dug up remains of extinct birds whose leg bones were bigger than those of a horse. These gigantic fowls were massively built, and probably weighed as much as 500 pounds when full grown. They had enormous heads, which in some instances measured nearly two feet from the back of the skull to the tip of the huge beak. Undoubtedly they were carnivorous, and, it is believed, waders, resembling herons in their habits. They could not fly at all.

This strange country of Patagonia was the home of vast numbers of gigantic sloths, representing numerous species. Some of these queer animals were as big as two elephants, but extremely sluggish. They were very stupid, having nearly the smallest brain of any known mammals in proportion to their size. Their food was vegetables wholly, and it was a habit of theirs to pull up trees by the roots for the purpose of getting at the foliage. For this purpose the monster would squat on its haunches, its massive hind legs and huge tail serving as a sort of tripod, while it grasped the tree trunk with its forearms and dragged it out of the ground.

Not less strange than the sloths were the colossal glyptodons—precursors of the modern armadillos. Though bearing some sort of resemblance to tortoises, they were mammals. They had skeletons on the outside of their bodies as well as on the inside; in other words, they were clad in an impenetrable armor of bone from nose to tail. This armor was solid, and not flexible like that of the armadillo. Full grown specimens attained a length of 10 feet and a weight of over a ton.

In those days there were multitudes of huge creatures in Patagonia, which resembled modern ant eaters, of the genus sloth and fully 12 feet long.

Over the plains of Patagonia 100,000 years ago roamed herds of animals related to the modern llamas, which are cousins to the camels of the old world. Some of them were far larger than any camel, as is shown by bones that have been dug up. The whole country is full of the fossil remains of astonishing creatures, whose species have long since passed away. One object of the Princeton expedition is to obtain data that will throw light upon the relation of the fauna of that region to the fauna of North America. It is believed that many species of animals now inhabiting the United States—notably certain rodents, such as the gopher—originated in Patagonia and made their way gradually northward.

The modern fauna of Patagonia is hardly less remarkable than that which is extinct. At the southern extremity of that country the guanacos—animals of the camel tribe—have a "dying place." It is a spot to which all of these beasts inhabiting the neighboring plains repair at the approach of death to deposit their bones. Darwin first recorded this strange instinct of theirs, and his observations have since been fully confirmed by others. Accurately speaking, there are several of these dying places, the best known being on the banks of the Santa Cruz and Gallegos rivers, where the valleys are covered with dense thickets of bushes and trees of stunted growth. There the ground is scattered thickly with the bones of countless dead generations, the animals in most cases having crawled before dying beneath and among the bushes.

Among the extraordinary phenomena observed on the plains of Patagonia are storms of dragon flies. They come before the southwest wind which blows from the interior. It is a cold wind, exceedingly violent. Moving ahead of such a gale are the dragon flies, apparently flying in dread. Most of them are blue in color, with here and there an individual so brilliantly scarlet as to be conspicuous among the others. They come without warning, the air to a height of 10 or 12 feet above the ground being all at once seen to be full of them, rushing past with astonishing velocity in a northeasterly direction. Men and horses in their path are quickly covered with clinging masses of them. They are about twice the size of the dragon flies that are known elsewhere, being 3 or 4 inches in length.—New York Journal.

SENATORIAL COURTESY.

Some Presidential Possibilities Exchange Passing Pleasantries.

Ex-Governor James E. Campbell of Ohio entered the senate lobby during the afternoon. When some one greeted him as "Mr. President," the ex-governor responded that any native born citizen of the United States might some day become president, and so laughingly he said, "I am within the range of possibility."

Ex-Governor Campbell had just remarked that the Ohio delegation to the Chicago convention would be divided on the silver question when Vice President Stevenson came up and greeted him.

"I am glad," remarked Senator Brice, "to see the rival candidates dwell together in harmony."

"If the vice president really desires the nomination," said Mr. Campbell, making a profound bow, "I withdraw at once in his favor."

"And it affords me the greatest pleasure," replied Mr. Stevenson, with an obeisance that was overpowering, "to proffer my allegiance to you."

Senator Brice laughed. "If this was the year 1900 neither of you would be so generous," he said.—Washington Post.

Moving a Town.

The town of Wenatchee, Wash., is to be moved two miles from its present location to a point on the bank of a river. It is a pretty fair sized town too. All the buildings will be moved in the usual way to the new location. There is not an adequate supply of water where the town now stands, and, in addition, the citizens are incensed at the avarice of the owners of the present town site, who have fixed the price of property at a very high figure.

One Grand, Sweet Song.

"We have had no quarrels, no rows, no bickering. We have always been a happy official family, and when I retire to private life that is one feature of my public career to which I shall always be able to look back to with delight." Thus says Grover Cleveland, apropos of a recent canard.—Boston Herald.

Misery Loves Company.

"I suppose your wife keeps things in order at home?"

"Yes, she keeps me and my hat on the rack most of the time."—New York World.

Many of Them.

Teacher—Give me a word that does not exist in the singular.

James—Jones.—Elegende Blatter.

ALL IN THE FAMILY.

William McKinley and William Allison Are Kinsmen of Some Sort.

Governor McKinley and Senator Allison are kinsmen. Inasmuch as these two men are generally believed to be the leading candidates for the Republican presidential nomination, it may be said the competition for that honor is, in a sense, "all in the family." How close the relationship between McKinley and Allison is no one is able to say as this writing, but that they are kin seems pretty well settled.

Governor McKinley's mother was Nancy Campbell Allison. The Allisons came originally from Great Britain and had first settled in Virginia. This branch of the family migrated to Green county, Pa., where was born Abner Allison, the grandfather of William McKinley, Jr. Abner married Ann Campbell, of a Scotch-German family, and early in this century migrated from Pennsylvania to Columbiana county, O., Mrs. Allison riding the whole distance on horseback, holding in front of her on the horse her youngest child.

They settled on a farm near New Lisbon, and there was born, in 1809, Nancy Allison, who married William McKinley, Sr., in 1829, and who is the mother of Governor McKinley. She is still living in good health at Canton and is a most lovable old lady. Many of her friends who know Senator Allison have noted what they regard as a family resemblance between them. Senator Allison said he had often been asked if Nancy Allison McKinley was of his family, and while he had never been able to determine just what the relationship was he had no doubt they were kin.

The senator said his own immediate branch of the Allison family was from County Monaghan, Ireland, and was Scotch-Irish. It had settled in Center county, Pa. William McKinley, Sr., the governor's father, was born in 1807, in Mercer county, Pa. Senator Allison was himself born in Wayne county, O., which was for one or two terms represented in congress by Governor McKinley.—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

THE CURFEW PAD.

Omaha Adopts an Ordinance Come Down From Ages Past.

By an almost unanimous vote the city council of Omaha has passed the curfew ordinance. It fixes the curfew hour at 9 o'clock from March 1 to Aug. 31 and at 8 o'clock from Sept. 1 to the last day of February. After that hour no child under 16 years of age is supposed to be upon the streets, unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or sent upon an errand. The penalty for each violation is $10 for the child and $25 for the parent or guardian.

Mayor Broatch, when asked whether he would approve the ordinance, said he was rather inclined to veto it, yet may approve it. His action will be largely influenced by the reports from Lincoln, where a curfew ordinance has been in force a few weeks. Everybody there, as far as known, is pleased with the new regulation. It has particularly pleased theatrical managers, and all those having evening entertainments in hand. Depot agents, yardmasters and street railway superintendents say that the ordinance is a great relief to them.

South Omaha has ordained the curfew regulation, which has been approved by Mayor Johnson. There was little or no opposition. Some of the smaller towns of the state have also passed such regulations, chiefly through the efforts of Colonel Hogeland, who predicts that every city in the country will adopt such regulations within a short time. In an editorial The Bee says: "Were it not for the fact that a city council consisting of 17 members, apparently of sound mind, has unanimously passed a so called curfew ordinance for Omaha, nobody would imagine that such a puerile project would find favor in a city which professes to be metropolitan in both size and character."—New York Journal.

A SENSATIONAL RUMOR.

It Is Said That Henry of Battenberg Was Buried at Sea.

An extraordinary story is going the round of the aristocratic clubs in London to the effect that the late Prince Henry of Battenberg, husband of the Princess Beatrice, who died from fever contracted while on the Ashanti expedition, was buried at sea, and that the elaborate obsequies which took place in Whippingham church, on the Isle of Wight, were carried out over an empty coffin, in accordance with the strong views entertained by the queen on the importance of state ceremonies for all dead royalties.

The story is said to have originated with some of the crew of the cruiser Blenheim, by which the body was supposed to have been brought from the coast to Plymouth, who declare that, owing to the rapid and frightful inroads of the deadly fever upon the frame of the prince, thymonatus began decomposing almost immediately after death; that it was found impossible to utilize the embalming process either outwardly or through the veins, and that, for the protection of the health of those on board and in further view of the fact that there was no airtight or leaden casket available, it was found absolutely necessary within 24 hours of the passing away to lower the remains to the deep.

In some measure the report finds confirmation from the fact that the lid of the oak casket was not removed after its arrival and that consequently no opportunity of looking for the last time upon the face of the dead was afforded either to the widow and her children or to the queen. The story has gained so wide a circulation that it is likely to be given publicity in the radical papers, and it is possible that a question on the subject may be asked in the house of commons.—Chicago Post.

Professor Roentgen Slighted.

Professor Roentgen, it is said, is greatly disgusted with the scientists who have been endeavoring to improve upon the results he had secured from the X rays. He does not think that these scionists are at all courteous. He feels that the man who has made a discovery should be allowed to perfect it himself. For others to build upon his foundation is, to his mind, little short of piracy. We are constantly hearing what English, French, German and Italian scientists are doing with the rays, but no one seems to take the trouble to look up Professor Roentgen himself and find out whether he has anything now.—New York Press.

In Womanly Eyes.

The new Ballington Booth army bonnet ought to be something perfectly heavenly.—Boston Herald.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Phila. Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION

Of Yesterday.

WEYLER'S TROOPS

Again Turn Their Guns on One Another.

EACH DIVISION TOOK OTHER FOR INSURGENT SOLDIERS.

Splendid Fighting on Both Sides--Many Killed.

HAVANA, March 24.—Once again the Spanish troops made a fatal mistake.

Two columns of the Spanish army while marching from different directions in the Santa Para plantation mistook each other for insurgent troops and opened fire.

The battle lasted some little time, and when finally the mistake had been discovered, it was found that 17 were killed and 34 wounded, many of the latter mortally.

The attack occurred at mid-day, and the cause is said to be the height and thickness of the sugar cane. A court-martial will be held.

GOT 10 YEARS IN PRISON

FOR MURDERING HIS WIFE OF WOODSVILLE, N. H.,

By Throwing Her From a Fast Moving Train.

WOODSVILLE, N. H., March 24.—Milo Gray, the farmer who yesterday pleaded guilty to the charge of murder in the second degree having caused the death of his wife in 1891 by throwing her from a train, was this morning sentenced to 18 years at hard labor in the state prison at Concord. He was taken to Concord this noon.

THE A. P. A. DOWNED

THE ORGANIZATION IN WATERTOWN MEETS WITH DEFEAT.

Chief of Police Ducey's Friends Out in Force—Town Meeting Appropriates $1200 for His Annual Salary.

The new board of selectmen of Watertown, was held up and their hands tied at the town meeting last night. At the previous session, of which this evening's meeting was an adjournment, the A. P. A. swept the town. They were insolent in their triumph, and some of the members of the order boasted openly as to the terrible things they would do with some of the town officials.

One of these officials was Chief of Police Ducey. He was appointed by the last board and is recognized by all but the members of the proscriptive order as a faithful and competent official. But he is a Catholic and of Irish parentage, so was marked for the sacrifice.

Some of the most influential men in the town proposed to see that Chief Ducey was retained in office, so when the time came at last night's meeting Lafayette G. Blair started the ball. He moved that $1200 of the police appropriation should be paid Lawrence J. Ducey as chief of the Watertown police.

The debate was warm and before the final decision of the chairman on the vote on the motion was given, the vote was doubted twice. The count showed 334 in favor of the motion and 292 against, and Ducey's friends won.

The A. P. A.'s sneaked out disgruntled and now they are considering what other Catholic they can turn to for revenge.

TRIBUTE TO BUTLER

By Editor Wright of the Haverhill Gazette —That Statue.

Editor John B. Wright defends General Butler's memory. He says Massachusetts will honor itself by erecting a monument to the old warrior, whose "fame is secure whatever happens." Mr. Wright was Governor Butler's private secretary and as close to him personally and politically as anyone in the state. He writes of the general's last campaign for the governorship:

"The cities and towns outside of Boston rallied grandly to his support. He received a vote which nine hundred and ninety-nine men out of a thousand would have been ready to take oath would have elected him under ordinary circumstances. He was defeated by the lavish use of money, supplemented by unparalleled bulldozing. He was opposed by a combination of all the elements that today stand united in opposition to any plan to honor his memory—wealth obtained by inheritance, hypocrisy enthroned in high places, men upon whose evil deeds he had thrown the searchlight of public opinion, and which had condemned them in sweeping terms, and an, at that time, subservient republican press.

These were the causes that contributed to Gen. Butler's downfall. The common people honored and loved him. They knew, as did everybody else, that he had many faults. Had he been as perfect as some of his opponents would like the people believe them to be, he would have been taken to his heavenly home years before his final summons did come.

"General Butler, alive stood head and shoulders, mentally, morally, and patriotically, over his enemies. Dead, his honored name will be revered years after the names and deeds of ninety per cent. of his antagonists are relegated to the limbo of obscurity."

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds, or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

Copyright.

MALDEN EXCITED

By the Irate Salvation Army Cranks.

UNDER BONDS BUT STILL WANT TO PARADE.

Mayor Will Call Out the Militia to Stop Them

MALDEN, March 24.—The controversy between the police and the local Salvation army is assuming a serious aspect.

The fifteen arrested yesterday were arranged in court this morning and were continued in $400 each until Saturday.

The court informed the defendants that if they violate the law again between now and Saturday, their bonds which will aggregate several thousand dollars, will be confiscated.

The leaders insist that they will parade and are recruiting extra forces from out of town and will parade tonight.

The police have put on extra officers and the mayor states that he will call out the militia if necessary to enforce the city ordinances.

A majority of the citizens are taking sides with the army.

Court Middlesex, F. of A.

At the meeting of Court Middlesex, No. 23, F. of A., last evening, the following delegates were elected to attend the convention at Taunton, May. 19: Wm. J. Johnson, Chas. Connors, Patrick O'Leary, Michael J. Maher, James W. Finnegan, John H. Farley, Edward J. McGann. Alternates: John Driscoll, John W. Downing, John McGovern, Patrick F. Kennedy, Peter O'Neil, James H. Hickey, and Dan. Corbett. Six new members were initiated and eight applications received.

Marriage Intentions.

The following intentions were recorded at the City Clerk's office today:

Eugene Sarazain 12 to Flora Beauvrin 18.
Stephen F. Hadley 30 to Susie O'Brien 23.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

SPRING SHOES

A Luxury at a Popular Price

Not accumulations of job lots, but up to date new, stylish, reliable footwear at prices even lower than others are asking for unseasonable and unsightly shoes.

Ladies and gentlemen do not like to array themselves in new and fashionable attire and then mar the effect with a pair of old style shop-worn shoes. There's sufficient life and business in this store not to allow old styles to accumulate.

Men's Choice Calf, razor toe, laced shoes, $2, $2.50 $3.00.

Ladies' 20th Century Boots, button and lace, kid and russet, extreme styles, very new, $1.39, 1.97, 2.50 and 3.00.

Ladies' 20th Century Oxfords $1.23 to 2.50.

A special drive in Ladies' Kid Oxford, opera toe at 53c.

J. L. Chalifoux

Central and Middle Streets.

CONSUMPTION

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

it cures from head to foot.

Puritana

Nature's Cure

Power Producer

Improper digestion causes over 92% of all suffering and diseases of the Blood, Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Nerves, Brain or Skin. Puritana renews and strengthens the

of the human system, the Stomach. It makes the health right, because it makes the Stomach right.

It brings New Blood, New Nerve Force, New Strength, New Life.

If you are a sufferer, get of your druggist this great disease-conquering discovery (the price is $1 for the complete treatment, consisting of one bottle of Puritana, one bottle of Puritana Pills, and one bottle of Puritana Tablets, all inclosed in one package), or write to the undersigned, and you will bless the day when you heard of Puritana. The Puritana Compound Co., Concord, N. H.

CATARRH, NOISES, DEAFNESS

"A great remedy—without doubt the greatest discovery of the age."—Boston Herald.

DEAF Dr. David Evans, [SPECIALIST, Mass MEDICAL INST.] Hotel Pelham, 72 Boylston St., Boston, Mass., inventor of Phosphor-Ozonized Air Treatment, the great cure for Deafness, Head Noises, Catarrh and affections of the Ear. Home Treatment sent with inhaling apparatus to all parts. Explanatory pamphlet with testimonials from those who were deaf 5 to 35 years mailed free. Deaf 18 years. Mr. Watkin Price, 2 Ellis Ct., Boston. Deaf 30 years, Mr. Thomas J. Saunders, 23 Field St., Boston. Deaf 20 years, Maria T. Rawlins, 53 Monument St., Charlestown, Mass. Deaf 11 years, Mr. Chas. A. Crawford, 2788 Washington St., Boston. Deaf 29 years, Mr. Thos. J. Colleton, Revere, Mass. Deaf 22 years, Miss Helen Sullivan, 256 Chalkstone Ave., Providence R. I. Deaf 21 years, Mr. W. H. Pratt, Sexton of Bromfield St. Methodist Church, Boston, Mass., and a thousand others.

Dr Evans will visit LOWELL One Day Each Month—the first FRIDAY—and may be consulted FREE OF CHARGE, from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 9 o'clock at night, at the American House, thus giving an opportunity to all to consult him. Next visit,

Friday, March 27th.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to October 20, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.30, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 7.05, 8.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 7.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco and Portland 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Bethel, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. Johns (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones of Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.30 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 20, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, *6.50, *7.45, *8.50, 9.00, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, *3.00, 4.30, *5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.34, *6.53, 8.01, 8.18, *8.27, *8.48, *8.56, 9.03, *9.30 11.03, 11.45 a.m.; 12.16, 1.45, *3.02, *4.03, 4.39, 5.29, *5.38, 6.24, 7.02 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.18, *8.27, *8.45, *9.16 a. m; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.30, 7.01, 7.45, 11.00 a.m.; 1.40, 4.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., 4.25, 5.58 p.m.

*Express. †Northern Depot Only. ‡Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15, 5.50 p. m

For Salem, and Way Stations, 7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.

☞Time given below is from Middlesex street station.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.15 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p.m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p.m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.14 9.45 a. m; 12.11, 1.00, † 1.42, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 8 a. m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p. m.

For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, (1.42 to Franklin and Bristol only), 5.42, 8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40 a. m; 1.42 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m; 1.42, 8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, 12.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; †8.43 p.m.

Quebec Express via White River Junction, 12.11, 8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.

☞ † Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

J. M. KINGSBURY.
No. 373 Bridge Street.
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Merrimack, Palmer, and Middle Streets.

Gloves.

Don't come too late to get some of the bargains from the Maynard stock. This is a reminder that there are some still to be had. Our prices are from half to three-quarters Maynard's prices.

Merrimack Street—Left Aisle.

Black Dress Goods.

Almost daily we are receiving New Black Dress Goods in new weaves and designs, at new prices, as you have never seen goods of equal value at such reasonable prices. We guarantee everything that we sell, misrepresentation we do not allow. English Cravenettes in full twilled diagonal and cheviot finish, 56 and 60 inches wide, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2. These are the kind that shed water. Novelty Goods, all wool, with mohair figures, 40 and 44 inches wide, at $1.25 a yard. Something new in mohair weaves:

44 INCHES WIDE - - - $1.00
50 " " - - - $1.25

Palmer Street—Right Aisle.

Dye House Agency

The time will soon be here when you will want your old dress dipped, dyed or cleansed; if you anticipate having it done, just remember you can leave it at our office before Saturday and you can have it the following Saturday, done in a most satisfactory manner at a reasonable price.

Merrimack Street—Office.

Witchkloth

Is becoming acquainted in a great many households. Is it acquainted in yours? Three sizes 15c., 2 for 25 and 30c.

Merrimack Street—Front.

New Wrappers.

Every woman needs a wrapper, some two or three, the line you will find here will not be found elsewhere.

The wrappers we buy are made specially for us, and no matter what price you pay, it must be right in fit, in the making, and must not be scant, skimped in cutting, but full and liberal. $1 Indigo Blues, Grays, Reds, Pinks, Light Colors, Black and White Figures. We have Percales, Lawns, Victoria Cloths, Cambrics, and Swiss Muslin Wrappers, handsomely trimmed, from $1.25 upward.

Merrimack Street—Second Floor.

Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases.

The dictionary defines economy as applying money to the best advantage. This is particularly applicable in purchasing our Ready Made Sheets and Pillow-Cases. We give you the choice of any of the standard makes of Cotton, made in different widths in which they are woven, and charge you nothing for the making. Our prices for Sheets and Pillow Cases ready made, are the same as you would pay for the materials.

All Sheets are turned off by hand and warranted to launder perfectly.

1 lot Unbleached Sheets, made from Dwight Cotton, 2 yards x 2 1-2 yards, 39c.

1 lot Bleached and Half Bleached Sheets, 2 1-2 x 2 1-2 yards, extra fine, 50c.

1 lot of Hemstitched Pillow Cases, as a special offering 15c., the regular price is 20c.

Merrimack Street—Left Aisle.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Wages Increased.

Every person working for a living is always anxious for an increase of their Wages. The way to get it is to visit the Union Market where you will save enough on your weekly purchases to add ONE DOLLAR to your income. Don't forget this and give us a trial, you will be more satisfied.

THE ONLY

Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South

Think of it Now.
Your Rooms Need Papering.
NEW SPRING WALL PAPERS.
A. L. Kittredge & Co.,
208 Central St.

BICYCLES.

Have You a Bicycle?

If not, do not delay but purchase one at once. For health, there is nothing like a bicycle. There is nothing like a spin on a wheel to make a man or woman feel like a new being. Do not wait until the summer is half past before thinking it over, but come now and examine our Temple wheels. There are no better ones made. Bicycling dismounts horses, and nothing can be healthier than the exertion of propelling it. Everybody will wheel this summer, so come and be in the swim.

S. A. Byam

62 CENTRAL STREET.

OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

French Academy.

Director, M. MICHEL, Of Paris.

Private Lessons and Classes in French Language, Elocution, Vocal Culture, Piano, Organ, etc.

FRENCH LANGUAGE and SINGING taught by Prof. M. MICHEL.

For Terms and Particulars apply from 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 81 Merrimack street.

MONEY SAVERS

1 LOT LADIES' KID BUTTON, regular $3 goods, slightly shop-worn, we will close them out at HALF PRICE— $1.50.

1 LOT MEN'S LACE SHOES, others ask $2 for this line of goods. BARGAIN PRICE $1.50.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 6 cents a hundred.

NEW MUSIC HALL, W. H. MOODY Manager.

3 NIGHTS Commencing Monday, March 23 and Wednesday Matinee.

American Gaiety Girls Burlesque Co.

Two Big Burlesques,

"THE BLOOMER CLUB"

AND

"Rob-Hip-Hur-Roy"

Introducing Tiddlewinks, the Boy Wonder; Smile Hueston, Florence Harvey, and the Houdinis wonderful $10,000 European Mystic Metamorphosis.

Bright Specialties, handsome costumes.

15—PRETTY WOMEN—15

THREE Nights and Saturday Matinee, Commencing Thursday, Mar. 26.

E. A. Mitchell's sublime production, "The VENDETTA," introducing Wm. Fairbanks and his clever company. See the collision at sea, with the electric search light exactly as used in the U. S. navy.

SAVOY THEATRE

G. T. DUNBAR, Manager.

Week of March 23rd.

GEO. EVANS, the original "Honey Boy," author of "I'll be True to my Honey Boy," and "Standing on the Corner, Didn't Mean No Harm."

THE ONLY TRAVELLE, The World's Greatest Pantaist.

BRYANT & SAVILLE, the leading Musical Comedians of the century.

ELLA MORRIS, the only Lady Ventriloquist in the world.

MONSULLA AND RUSSELL, The Flying Meteors.

The Two Aces—BAISLEY and SIMONDS, rough, eccentric comedy sketch duo.

GIBARD and THOMPSON, Irish Knockabouts—Niagara, "Watch the Falls."

MLLE. MORELLO, and her troupe of trained spaniels.

Prices: 10, 20, 25, 35c. Box seats 50c. Tickets may be secured 3 days in advance at theatre or at Leed's Ticket Agency, Runels Building. Entertainments daily at 2.30 and 8 p. m. Doors open at 1.45 and 7.15 p. m. Souvenirs for ladies at every Friday evening performance. Children admitted to all parts of the house at matinee for 10c. and presents will be given them every Saturday afternoon.

Wonderland Musee

AND PARLOR THEATRE.

Located on the Site of the Bijou Theatre, opposite City Hall.

The Ladies' and Children's Realm of Pleasure. Lowell's Home of Pure and Clean Amusement. Another Cyclone of Features.

WEEK OF MARCH 23

Headed by the World's Superlative Degree Attraction, Enoch.

An Aquatic Marvel! The Man Fish, Eats, Smokes, Drinks and Sleeps Under Water in plain sight of the audience in a Mammoth crystal Aquarium holding 10.0 gallons. The only man in the world who plays a trombone under water.

A Wild West Novelty shooting act. Arizona Jack and Queen Dona, The acknowledged Champion Fancy Rifle Shots of the Universe, in the most superb and wonderful shooting act ever presented to public notice.

The Transatlantic Mystery, MAXEY, "the Needle Marvel." He permits 75 needles to be placed in his mouth, and after a thorough examination they are found to have disappeared. They are afterwards found in his mouth all threaded.

Thauma, the Mystic Half-Lady Illusion; Washburn's Automatons; Diana, the Fortune Teller; Shooting Gallery, etc.

On the Stage in the Theatre.

Jackson and Casselle, the Henroost Inspectors. James R. Adams, the Emperor of the Stilts. Fanny Fields, German Character Artist. Charles Castleton, the Prince of Comedy. The Mephisto's, America's Greatest Acrobats. George Harsh, the Male-Voiced Vocalist. Parker & Retardo, famous Female Impersonators.

The Stock Company in a Mirthful Farce.

The Best and Cleanest Vaudeville Establishment in the City.

Doors open at 1 and 6.30 p. m. Stage Performances commence at 2.30, 4, 8 and 9.30 p. m. Exhibition in Curio Hall one hour previous. Admission 10 Cents.

$4.00.

Minnesota Haxall Flour

We offer one week only, 150 barrels of "Lowell Bell" at $4 per barrel. This flour is from one of the best mills in Minnesota. This is a Special Sale price, the same as our potatoes at $1 per barrel, and beans 5c. per quart.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Merchant.

415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

WET FEET

lead to Colds.
Colds develop into Pneumonia—the great harvester for Father Time!

Take a Dose Now and Then of

ROCK RYE and HONEY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

All first-class Druggists have it on sale.

3 Sizes. 3 Prices

ONE STANDARD GRADE.

ROCK, RYE AND HONEY

CURES.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

CO TO

CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT

FOR

Fine Custom Tailoring

42 CENTRAL STREET.

E. R. DONOVAN, Office, 88 Gorham Street.
Constable and Auctioneer.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC FOR WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25.
SUN RISES..... 5 57 | MOON SETS .. 8 48 AM
SUN SETS..... 6 02 | FULL SEA .. 7 45 AM
LENGTH OF DAY..12 26 | FULL SEA .. 8 10 PM

Forecast for New England: Fair and decidedly warmer; southerly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

The gentlemen's delight, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

Special sale of flour at F. M. Barney's $4 per barrel. See ad.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

See ad. in want column of Misses Keefe and Stevens, fashionable dressmakers.

There was a slight fire in the cellar of a house on Lewis street, yesterday afternoon.

Is your bin low? If so order your coal now of Rourke & Sullivan by postal or telephone.

In the senate yesterday, Senator Pearson's bill relative to annual returns from corporations was engrossed without debate.

Best coal at lowest prices at E. A. Wilson's, cor. of Bridge and Merrimack street Runels building. If you have no time to call, telephone.

For sickness and health pure whiskey is a valuable beverage and I. W. Harper's is at the head of the list. Ask John Nolan for a bottle. Telephone, 535-5.

The Old Middlesex Chapter of the Sons of the Revolution met at the residence of Charles E. Adams on Wilder street, yesterday, and admitted six new members.

Mr. John T. Williams and Miss Gertrude C. Smith were united in marriage by Rev. O. H. Denny at 35 No. Franklin court Monday evening and on the same evening John Rivers and Miss Annie Smith were married by Rev. Mr. Denny at 78 Varney street.

Court Merrimack, F. of A., elected the following delegates to the state convention, last evening: Joseph H. Dallagher, Charles W. Deehan, William E. Dwyer, Thomas M. Leeson, John McPadden, Thomas Muldoon, Owen O'Neil, William H. Stafford, Edwin F. Young, James F. Miskella. Ten alternates were also chosen.

The Normal School.

At the state house, Tuesday, the committee on education reported a resolve appropriating $50,000 for the Lowell normal school and also money for grading, furnishing and fitting up the new state normal schools.

An Honest Man Found a Check.

Arthur Provost of Race street found a check for $65, Tuesday. It was made out in favor of Nat Davis, and endorsed by Davis & Sargent.

Mr. Provost started in search of Mr. Davis and succeeded in locating him. The latter was very thankful to Mr. Provost and rewarded him for his honesty.

Littlehale a Medal Winner.

The proud winner of the silver medal offered by the officers of Co. B, High school battalion, is Private Littlehale.

The drill was held yesterday afternoon in the High school hall.

Regiment Adjutant Cecil L. Adams in a neat little speech handed the medal to Private Littlehale.

Lieutenant Thurlow had charge of the drill and Corporal Tuttle of Co. C, 6th Regiment and Corporal Shea of Co. G, 6th Regiment were the judges.

A NEW ARMORER.

Charles F. Carr Appointed to Succeed Armorer Farnsworth.

Charles F. Carr has been appointed to succeed Armorer Farnsworth at the armory. Mr. Carr as a veteran of the late war and is well known here. He resides at 30 Pawtucket street. He will take charge at the armory April 1.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

Here's the way they do it in New York:

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
New York City.

Spitting on the floors of public conveyances is a nuisance, is frequently a means of communicating disease, and is hereby forbidden.

By order of the board of health.

CHARLES G. WILSON, President.
EMMONS CLARK, Secretary.

This notice is hung up in all the public conveyances of the town, and expectorators must govern themselves accordingly.

It would be well to adopt the rule in some offices we know in Lowell.

The Wellesley faculty has declined to permit girls to go without butter in order to raise money for the Armenians, as was the rather romantic plan proposed by one of the students. The faculty thinks there are other things which the students might better deny themselves—chewing gum, perhaps, although that was not mentioned.

The newly-formed Elizabeth Whittier Woman's club, whose object is to buy and reserve in its ancient dignity the Amesbury home of the Quaker poet, should receive the hearty support of all New England, for, of our many poets, Whittier was most distinctive of this corner of the country.

The book of personal reminiscences with which Mrs. Mary Anderson Navarro has occupied her superabundant leisure since her retirement from the stage is announced for next Thursday. The British part of it rather swamps in size and interest the earlier American portion.

"God" has been eliminated from the new name of Ballington Booth's army and so has "American." Let us hope there are no omens to be inferred therefrom:

It may interest Lowell people to know that the cottage at Fordham, New York, which Edgar Allan Poe occupied half a century ago, and in which, Jan. 30, 1847, his wife, was Virginia Clem, died, is to be preserved as a literary shrine, though it may have to be removed from its present site. It is now in an excellent condition of preservation on the King's bridge road, between Anthony avenue and High bridge or Fordham road, opposite the proposed Poe's park, whose boundaries, if the present survey stands, are to be Anthony avenue, Primrose street, and the King's Bridge road. Much of Poe's best literary work was done in the Fordham house. In it were written The Bells, Ulalume, To Helen, Annabel Lee, For Annie, Eldorado, Eureka, Landor's Cottage and Domain of Arnheim.

Teas.

Buy our high grade teas and coffees, they are the best. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billiards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

MORTON VICTORY

At the New York State Convention Yesterday.

McKINLEY MEN IN EVIDENCE AT FIRST.

Their Plans Were Nipped in the Bud.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The Republican convention has finished its labors. The preliminary sparring that has been going on for weeks ended in the final battle last night, and the forces that have been dormant for two years kept within the state boundaries the honor of the presidential endorsement of the greatest state in the Union, the state casting the largest number of votes in the electoral college. That endorsement goes to Governor Levi P. Morton.

The delegates-at-large will be Thomas C. Platt of Tioga, Warner Miller of Herkimer, Chauncey M. Depew of New York and Edward Lauterbach of New York.

The alternates will be Hamilton Fish of Garrison's, Frank S. Witherbee of Port Henry, C. H. Babcock of Rochester and Daniel McMillan of Buffalo.

The electors-at-large will be General Benjamin F. Tracy of New York and Edward H. Butler of Buffalo.

The platform of the party is as follows:

The Republicans of New York in convention assembled again declare their firm and unyielding adherence to the doctrine of protection to American industries, protection to the products of the American farm and protection to American labor. We are in favor of a tariff which, while providing an income sufficient to meet the expenses of government honestly and economically administered, at the same time secures home labor and home capital from unequal foreign competition. We believe in a reciprocity with other governments which shall give our manufacturers and producers an opportunity to dispose of their surplus products and to obtain articles we need from those countries on the most advantageous terms.

The agitation of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 seriously disturbs all industrial interests and calls for a clear statement of the Republican party's attitude on this question, to the end that the trade of this country at home and abroad may again be placed upon a sound and stable foundation.

We recognize in the movement for free coinage of silver an attempt to degrade the long-established standard of our monetary system, and hence a blow to public and private credit, at once costly to the national government and harmful to our domestic and foreign commerce.

Until there is a prospect of international agreement as to silver coinage, and while gold remains the standard of the United States and of the civilized world, the Republican party of New York declares itself in favor of the firm and honorable maintenance of that standard.

We believe in a business administration of the government by business principles for the benefit of the suffering business interests of this great people. For nearly four years the material progress of the nation has been blocked, so all branches of trade have suffered and the workmen have been deprived of reasonable and living wages by the utter lack of business common sense among our Democratic rulers. It is the duty and privilege of the Republican party to promptly mend this unhappy state of affairs by nominating and electing a business man for the presidency, and we ask the aid of thoughtful Republicans everywhere in this great meritorious work.

On this platform we present Governor Levi P. Morton as New York's Republican candidate for president. He is every way fit for the high office, and he is peculiarly the man of the hour. He has been a business man with business men. He would prove a business president for the good of all interests of the people. He has been a representative in congress, minister to France, vice president of the United States and governor of New York, and each of these positions he has filled with an ability which has never been surpassed, with lasting credit to himself and great benefit to his state and to his country.

His grasp of public affairs was never so clear and comprehensive as it is today, and his ability to labor earnestly for the welfare of the nation was never so distinctly marked as now. Governor Morton's long and varied public career offers proof positive that he is a sincere and earnest Republican, and that fidelity to the principles of his party is with him a second nature. He stands for honesty in public office. There is no doubt as to the esteem in which he is held at his home. Two years since he polled over 15,000 more votes than the most popular Democrat in the state, receiving by far the greatest majority ever given a Republican candidate for governor.

Governor Morton's long and honorable public service, his spotless character, his great executive ability, his devotion to his party and its principles, eminently fit him for the presidency and entitle him to our hearty and enthusiastic support. Therefore, we instruct our delegates to the St. Louis convention to present him as our candidate for president, and urge upon them to use every honorable means to secure his nomination.

The Day's Business.

Rev. Dr. David J. Burrill opened the day's proceedings with prayer.

Cornelius R. Parsons of Rochester was made temporary chairman, and, on taking the chair, made a speech. He said the Democratic party is an aggregation of sectional groups at war with each other, each contending for narrow local, even individual, advantages, irreconcilable with the welfare of the republic. It has brought upon the country a succession of business disasters, for which it seeks to make guilty the sun, moon and the weather, as if they came "by divine thrusting on."

The Republican party, he said, stands for something definite. Its treatment of public credit and finance has invariably been conservative and efficient. The business world knows from experience that it has not only a well-defined policy, but has the character and strength when in power to cause its policy to be exemplified in laws. The certainty of its early restoration, he added, has already begun to inspire popular confidence, so that the present industrial depression will soon cease.

The Republican party, he assured the convention, is committed to a currency that will command the world's confidence, without which lucrative domestic production and progressive foreign commerce are impossible.

A committee on resolutions were then appointed and the convention took a recess until 7:30 p. m.

The scene at the evening session was different from that of the morning. Every available inch of room was taken and the galleries were filled with brilliantly dressed women. It was 7:30 before Temporary Chairman Parsons banged down his gavel.

Senator Brackett, chairman of the committee on contested seats, detailed the number of contests as given in the report of the proceedings, and when he read that the sitting delegates in all but one district had been allowed to retain their seats, there were cheers and applause, and there were but a few dissenting votes when the question of adoption of the report was put.

Frederick S. Gibbs, of the committee on permanent organization, reported the name of Congressman Southwick of Albany for permanent chairman and the list of vice presidents and secretaries detailed in the afternoon session. While the secretary was reading, Thomas C. Platt entered the hall, and the delegates arose and cheered him. Chairman Lauterbach of the county committee also came in for a share of the applause, and it was 10 minutes before order could be restored.

The chair appointed Senators White and Malby to escort Permanent Chairman Southwick to the platform, and the Albany band played "We Won't Go Home Until Morning," while the convention cheered Mr. Platt and Mr. Southwick repeatedly. When quiet was restored, Congressman Southwick began his address.

Chairman Southwick said in part: "If I were to assume the rule of a political prophet, I would predict that in November next the American people will vote into power at Washington that party which declares for the American system of protection to home labor and industry, and the maintenance of a system of sound and honest money.

"Historically, the Republican party has stood steadfastly for the principle of protection. That principle was incorporated as an article of political faith in the first national platform of the party in 1856, and it has been co-existent with the history of the United States and the Republican party. No Republican possesses a patent of the issue of protection, nor a monopoly in any other form. The only monopoly of the issue at the present time is enjoyed by the Republican party, and each Republican owns an equal share of the honor with every other Republican. No sturdier protectionist will take the presented to the favor of the St. Louis convention than Levi P. Morton.

"That crowning infamy of Democratic tariff policy, the Wilson-Gorman act, has been a tariff for deficiency. Scarcely a month has elapsed since it was placed upon the statute books in which the government's receipts have equalled the expenditures.

"To the Republican party the people have ever turned since its organization, when financial problems were presented for solution, and to it they are turning again. And I deem it an omen of sure Republican victory next November that the probability of Democratic endorsement of silverism and the possibility even of fusion with Populism attracts little attention, while Republican conventions in every state are jealously watched by the people of the United States in confident anticipation of pronounced declarations in favor of sound and honest money.

"Today the eyes of the American people of the civilized nations of the world are strained in the direction of the city of New York, and from this convention I believe will go forth expressions in favor of sound and honest money which will be received with favor wherever national honor and good faith with the nation's creditors have an abiding place."

Mr. Southwick closed with the following reference to Governor Morton: "The imposing character of this demonstration in favor of Levi P. Morton's presidential candidacy cannot be doubted. It auspiciously inaugurates the fight which will be waged for success, and to the end, at St. Louis. Here are centered the vast business interests of the country. Here is the largest city, the greatest industrial center, the leading seaport and the most important money market of the Western hemisphere.

"The business men of the city of New York know Levi P. Morton, and honor and respect his character and attainments. His judgment is assurance positive to them that the greatest business establishment in the land—the government of the United States—would be run by a business man, on business methods, and with regard to the importance of maintaining friendly relations and commerce with the nations of the world in these troublous times, were Levi P. Morton in the White House."

McKinley Sentiment.

After considerable skirmishing the following document was read by Mr. Fitchie of Brooklyn:

To the Republican Convention of the State of New York: The minority of the committee on nominations respectfully disagree with the majority report in the choice of delegates-at-large to the Republican convention at St. Louis. Mr. C. M. Depew and Warner Miller, it is understood, are willing to cast their votes in accordance with the sentiment of their state. It is therefore desirable that their associates be of a kindred spirit, and that the minority of the committee on nominations respectfully present as the other two delegates Colonel Baker B. Jewett of Buffalo and General Samuel Thomas of New York, with the recommendation that if it appears that after the first ballot Hon. Levi P. Morton cannot be the choice of the convention that the delegates-at-large from this state will use all honorable means to promote the cause of William McKinley.

Then pandemonium reigned, one half of the audience rising and shouting for McKinley as the name was read. The chairman's gavel was raised again and again, but without effect. The house was in an uproar.

The vote on the minority amendment proceeded amid great excitement, and at its conclusion the chair announced the vote as 331 against and 109 votes for the amendment, and there was wild cheering.

The full report of the committee was then adopted by a viva voce vote. Senator Lexow then announced the fact that the platform was ready, and stepping to the front, he read the platform as detailed.

When the reading of the platform was finished, Senator Lexow moved the adoption of it, and it was adopted without debate.

To the surprise of all who were present, except the leaders, Chairman Southwick put the motion to adjourn at 9:57 o'clock, and it was carried without dissent. This was not in accord with the plan arranged in the afternoon, for Sutherland, Fassett and Lauterbach had been asked to speak and had prepared outlines of their remarks. This change was made on account of the lateness of the hour, because of the voting on the Fitchie amendment.

Bank Officials Suspended.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 25.—The Midway Deposit bank, one of the best business institutions in central Kentucky, is in trouble, and W. M. Shipp, cashier, and C. W. Stone, bookkeeper, have been discharged, pending investigation. It developed that there is an alleged shortage, which it is believed will foot up $40,000.

Police Officer Sued For $1000.

CONCORD, N. H., March 25.—George S. Dennett, who was removed from the chair while undertaking to act as presiding officer of the board of assessors at its meeting last January, has brought a civil suit for trespass against Special Officer Dixon, claiming $1000 damages. At that time the board was having considerable of an argument over who was actual chairman, and Mr. Dixon was called in, and after a tussle got Mr. Dennett from the platform. The latter claims that the officer committed an assault upon him by using more force than was necessary.

Harvard TONIC PILLS

A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

MR. BAYARD AGAIN

He Speaks of Patriotism and Pluck

AND REFERS TO THE CENSURE EPISODE.

He Advocates Freedom of Speech for Everybody.

LONDON, March 25.—Sir W. H. Wilkin, lord mayor of London, presided at the banquet of the City of London Pension society last night. Ambassador Bayard, in responding to the toast, "Kith and Kin Beyond the Seas," made a significant speech, in which he said:

"Your kindred beyond the seas are as like as two peas to those of Great Britain. The two peas are patriotism and pluck." Then, after a reference to the charitable disposition of the race throughout the world, Mr. Bayard said: "Your kindred beyond the seas are not always unanimous. Nevertheless, there is one voice that appeals to them all. Since I came to England I have never found occasion to change my tone. There is nothing I would say at home that I would not say here, and there is nothing I would say here that I would not say at home. I do not expect unanimity; I would almost say God forbid.

"But do you expect us to speak in a tone to suit everybody, for in the system of government prevailing here and carried on beyond the Atlantic there is something that enables a man to speak according to his own conscience. There, indeed, is the strength of this country and the strength of my own. When the time shall come that a man shall not dare to speak the thoughts that swell within him for the public good, God help the country.

"Tennyson said, 'Whether bound by friends or foes, man may speak the thing he will,' and I believe the echo of these words is as strong in the country of my birth and where my best hopes lie as in yours. Here lies that which shall keep both countries moving onwards and upwards in the cause of civilization. We will never suppress the truth for fear of evil consequences, but will tell it whether we live or whether we have to die."

Wealthy President of Corporation Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—The finding of the body of a young and pretty woman at 2026 Girard avenue, after she had been dead for 24 hours, was followed by the arrest of Samuel P. Langdon, president of the United Collieries company. The authorities refuse to make public the exact charge upon which Langdon was arrested, but it is understood that he and the young woman, who was Miss Annie McGrath, aged 18, had lived together in the house as man and wife for over a month. Langdon is a man of prominence and 55 years old. The girl first met Langdon when the latter employed her as his stenographer and typewriter. Langdon has a wife, son and daughter, who are said to be living about 14 miles out of Pittsburg.

Thousands Are Suffering.

NEW YORK, March 25.—In response to $15,000 sent last week to Constantinople by Brown Bros. & Co., treasurers of the Armenian relief fund of the Red Cross, the following cable has just been received: "Philippopolis, March 24. Your two remittances most timely; thanks. Distribution by Harpoot committee reaches 64,000 souls. Over 1000 have died of exposure and starvation there alone. We are supporting 15 other centers. Need appalling. A nation is threatened with extermination. International Relief Committee."

Family of Seven Killed.

ALMA, Wis., March 25.—An investigation shows that the seven members of the House family who were found dead in the ruins of their burned home on the sixth inst. were murdered. An inquest was held at the time, and a verdict of accidental death was returned. Yesterday the bodies were exhumed. It was found that two bullets had penetrated the skull of the father; that the mother's skull had been crushed, and that the head of one of the children had been crushed in. Robbery is supposed to have been the motive.

Must Depend Upon Herself.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., March 25.—Colonial Treasurer Ward, speaking at Vinton, said that a large increase of the debt of the colony must be expected, as New Zealand could not expect Great Britain always to protect her. The time would shortly arrive, he said, when it would be necessary to obtain millions of pounds to provide their own fleet.

STRANGLED HIS WIFE.

Hiram H. Morrison Confesses to Having Strangled His Wife.

BOSTON, March 25.—The murder mystery of Cambridge street is solved, and last night in the presence of Captain Wescott, Inspector Abbott and Officers Gilmore, Houghton and Danforth and a reporter, Hiram H. Morrison confessed to the murder of his wife by strangulation. He said that he was wild with jealousy and rage and had his wife by the throat and death had come before he really knew. Neighbors and friends of the woman and her husband tell many stories of their frequent quarrels. Many times in the presence of witnesses would they fight, and every time, when mad with rage, they say, his hands would instinctively seize her throat. Theirs is a story of a young wife fond of society not always the best and an older husband insanely jealous. Both have led lives of dissipation. Both had seen better days. Both were quick to anger.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BUNKER HILL WRITING PAPER, 25c A POUND,

Envelopes to match. Crepe Tissue paper, all colors, 25c per roll.

Pictures framed to order at lowest prices.

Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE. City Hall Square

AYER'S PILLS

THE PILL THAT WILL CURE HEADACHE DYSPEPSIA CONSTIPATION

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Poachers threaten to destroy all the buffalo in Yellowstone Park.

Harry Hanson, recently chosen keeper of the Saco (Me.) jail, has resigned.

The trial of Rev. William T. Brown for heresy was begun at Madison, Conn.

The Brazilian government has adopted measures to suppress monarchic intrigues.

Increased hostility to England is noticeable in material ways throughout the Transvaal.

German Socialist deputies are accused of stealing for publication the government's amnesty decree.

President Cleveland's emissary to Chicago is satisfied that sound money men there are in the majority.

The Watertord Baptist church at Blackstone, Mass., has accepted the resignation of its pastor, Rev. B. M. Briggs.

Councilman Edward F. Marsh of Nashua, N. H., dropped dead at his home. He was a prominent business man.

Fire started in the postoffice at Gypsum City, Kan., and destroyed a considerable part of the business portion of the town.

Canadian Pacific railway earnings for the week ending March 21 were $341,000; same period last year, $293,000. Increase, $72,000.

A Vienna dispatch says that Russia refuses to assent to the Egyptian debt commission paying the expenses of the Dongola expedition.

New York parties have given a contract to Kelley, Spear & Co. of Bath, Me., for a barge for coastwise trade, which will be 230ft. keel, 43ft. beam.

The Democratic convention of the Eleventh Texas district nominated Rudolph Kleberg for congress, to succeed the late Congressman Crain.

At Cleveland, Judge Ong, in common pleas court, sentenced Bushrod Kelch to be hanged July 23. Kelch murdered his divorced wife last November.

Charles Marston, an aged tramp, who was sentenced from the Biddeford (Me.) municipal court under the vagrancy act, died at the county jail at Alfred.

Mrs. Annie Hogan fell down stairs at Salem, Mass., while holding a lighted lamp. The lamp exploded, and she was severely burned. It is feared she will die from the shock.

General O. O. Howard gave an address at Boston on reminiscences of General Sherman. Resolutions were adopted asking congress to confer upon the general the rank of lieutenant general.

Claremont (N. H.) high school won in the debate from Keene, the question being: "Resolved, that the United States should abolish the tariff and institute free trade." Claremont had the affirmative.

Husband Wants Divorce.

ROWLEY, Mass., March 25.—Mrs. Lillabelle Kent left her home suddenly Saturday. William Smith, aged 30, also left town Saturday. William Kent, the husband, believes the missing pair are together. He will commence divorce proceedings. Mrs. Kent went away with Smith about a year ago, and remained about a month. Kent has been married about four years.

Won't Meet at 'Frisco.

CHICAGO, March 25.—At a meeting of the general officers of the Women's National Temperance union yesterday it was decided not to hold the national convention in San Francisco, although that city had been previously chosen. The refusal of the railway companies to give favorable rates is said to be the cause. It is probable that the convention will be held in St. Louis.

New York CLOAK and Suit Co.

NO. 12 JOHN STREET.

OUR GRAND SPRING OPENING

WILL TAKE PLACE

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY,

March 26th, 27th, 28th.

We cordially invite you to inspect our stock, which comprises the handsomest and most complete assortment of Imported and Domestic Suits, Tea Gowns, Jackets, Capes, Waists, etc., ever shown in Lowell. We show many exclusive novelties, which cannot be seen elsewhere.

Our store will be open Friday evenings until further notice.

HEYWOOD AND WAKEFIELD CARRIAGE

$3.98 TO $15.

Ask to see our $10 special.

ROBERTSON & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

BAY STATE LEGISLATURE

A LARGE APPROPRIATION AUTHORIZED FOR COURT HOUSE

In Worcester County—Committee on Manufactures Hear New Arguments.

BOSTON, March 25. — The senate and house didn't overwork themselves yesterday, and of the house in particular it may be said that there were scarcely a quorum present. The committee on counties reported a bill authorizing the expenditure of $375,000 for the building of a court-house for Worcester county. The house rejected the bill to change the location of the Campello station in Brockton on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. A bill was reported in the senate outlining a scheme of public school supervision recommended by the board of education of the state. The committee on education reported a resolve appropriating over $200,000 to the different normal schools of the state. The committee on manufactures listened to further arguments against the Whitney gas bill. The committee on street railways had before them the petition for an amendment of the Boynton Bicycle railway charter, the principal address at the hearing being by General O. O. Howard. Among other hearings were those relative to the proposed grade and terminal changes on the New England railroad, and the supervision of telephone companies.

Nansen and the Pole.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 25.—At a meeting of the Geographical society here, Baron Toll read a letter from Professor Brogger of Christiania professing the belief that Dr. Nansen had discovered the pole and was returning by way of the new Siberian islands. He thought he would likely reach Norway in the autumn. Baron Toll concurred in this view, and said that if he had not returned by the autumn, there would still be time to send an expedition in search of him.

No New Testimony.

LONDON, March 25.—The examination of Dr. Jameson and his officers was resumed yesterday. The testimony of the witnesses was of the same character as that taken at the former hearings.

A WAR RELIC

Of Service of a Lowell Man. Many More Like it.

A distinguished badge in Lowell is the G. A. R. button.

Reminds us all of past service.

But the unseen badges speak louder.

The war left but few men physically right.

The tented field is not a home life.

And hard usage left weak spots for later trouble.

Lame backs and weak kidneys are relics of soldier days.

The men of 50 who have lame backs, in most cases had army experience.

These are the badges the boys don't want.

But having them they are learning the cure.

Frank Zeseweitz lives at 150 Dummer street.

He had two years of light artillery riding.

And suffered much from weak back.

It followed him through life.

Painful backache — urinary trouble — sleepless nights.

Tried many medicines with little benefit.

He adds: "I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co's, Merrimack and Central streets, and had taken but a few when I felt much better, and today I am free from the backache, and the unnatural urinating has ceased. I am not in any way inconvenienced now and I give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit. You may use my name and say that without hesitation I recommend them to all who have any kidney disease."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

G. C. TAYLOR & CO.

Successors to Cook, Taylor & Co.,

98-100 MERRIMACK STREET.

Special Bargains IN LADIES' SEPARATE SKIRTS AND Black and Colored DRESS GOODS

FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

Special cut prices on any of the above goods for this sale. The greatest bargains ever offered.

50 handsome dress skirts, in fancy figured, only $3.35, richly worth $5.

100 extra fine goods, latest style, best finish, extra well bound skirts $4.50, worth $6.

75 very best quality black dress skirts, beautiful figures, $5, sold all over for $7.

BLACK DRESS GOODS—20 pieces 48-inch silk finished henrietta 49c, down from 75c.

15 pieces heavy black sicilian 49c, worth 69c.

50 pieces figured mohair brilliantines, all different patterns, very fine goods, 49c. down from 65c.

25 pieces colored dress goods, in choice checks and mixtures, 25c, worth 50c.

20 pieces silk mixtures, in beautiful new colors, 49c, were 75.

A very large assortment of foreign novelty dress patterns.

Special low prices for Wednesday and Thursday.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25.

BIG REDUCTION On GENUINE GRANITE and AGATE IRONWARE

25 per cent. from regular list price on first quality goods.

67 cent Teapots only 50 cents each.
75 cent Teapots only 56 cents each.
84 cent Teapots only 63 cents each.
33 cent Lip Sauce Pans 24 cents each.
42 cent Lip Sauce Pans 31 cents each.
50 cent Lip Sauce Pans 43 cents each.
88 cent Lip Sauce Pans 65 cents each.
$1.17 Rice Boilers 86 cents each.
$2.00 Rice Boilers $1.50 each.
Covered convex Roasting Pans 33 cents each.
75 cent heavy polished Tin Teapots 39 cents.
25 cent Tin Teapots only 10 cents.
10 dozen Porcelain Tea Cups and Saucers that sold to date $1.75 dozen, only $1.19.
5 dozen Porcelain Coffees, sold to date $2.25 dozen, only 1.50 dozen.
1 crate 112 piece English Dinner Sets, every piece perfect, and good shapes, only $5.98, worth 7.50.
25 cent Earthen Teapots 18 cents each.
30 cent Earthen Teapots 21 cents each.
37 cent Earthen Teapots 27 cents each.
45 cent Earthen Teapots 33 cents each.
50 dozen Table Tumblers 25 cents per dozen.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXX. NO. 20. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

OPERA HOUSE BAR

Protest Against Granting a License There.

OBJECTIONS RAISED AGAINST THE COLORED WINDOW

As an Obstruction to the View From Without.

The famous bar room connected with the Lowell Opera House has come into public notice once more. At the regular meeting of the board of police last evening, E. D. O'Connell, Esq., protested against the granting of a license to the Opera house cafe as applied for. He gave good reasons why such a license should not be granted and among other things gave the commissioners due and formal notice that in his opinion as a lawyer the proprietors of the Opera House bar have been for a long time and are still maintaining a large colored glass front which interferes with a proper view of the interior as required by the statutes.

He requested that the commissioners, if they concluded to license the place, should at least enforce the law by compelling the licensees to put in plain glass windows as other liquor dealers in the city are obliged to do.

The obstructions to the view as described by Mr. O'Connell are, solid doors with lights too high to be seen through by ordinary persons from the sidewalk; a large single window of colored glass that also precludes a view from without, except through a small square in the centre.

The bar cannot be seen except through this small square, and it would require a special effort for a person to see the interior from the street through this centre light. This, he claimed, was not what was intended by the statutes, which specially prohibit any colored glass that interferes with a view of what is going on inside.

"Why is this bar allowed to be screened in such a manner," he asked, "while other places that pay just as much for a license are obliged to do business before plain windows and in the open light of day and under the glare of gas light?" He protested against any colored glass in the front of that bar-room if a license be granted. The matter having been pointed out to the commissioners he expected them at least to do their duty.

Some questions were asked as to how the Opera House bar windows compared with others in the city, but Mr. O'Connell stated that no other local saloon has a window of the kind. The commissioners took the matter under advisement.

From the day the Opera House bar-room was opened, people have expressed astonishment that such a special screen privilege should be permitted in this place above all others in the city. It may be that the licensing powers were not aware of the situation as the view from the inside to the street is very clear and apt to deceive the inspecting officials.

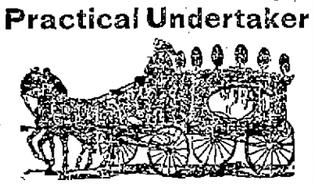
Mr. O'Connell has since stated that if a license is granted to the place under the present conditions he will have the courts pass upon the question as to whether the colored windows objected to are a violation of the law or not.

The Commissioners' Tour.

The police commissioners and Supt. Davis started on their tour of inspection this morning at 9.30. They began down town.

The lands and buildings committee met last evening and discussed the purchase of the new Bartlett school site.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Practical Undertaker



Always on time. Out-of-Town Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 439-3.
324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
203 Central Street.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A capable and experienced girl is wanted to do general housework in a small family. Inquire at SUN office.

FOR PUBLIC BATHS

Councilman O'Hare's Order For Them Passed.

MONEY FOR IMPROVEMENTS AT CITY FARM.

Fruitless Attempt to Elect a City Messenger.

The regular meeting of the common council was held last evening and the councilmen declared themselves in favor of free public baths.

This was brought about through the efforts of Mr. John P. O'Hare. Ever since his election to the city council he has given much consideration to this free public bath question and after acquiring valuable information on the subject decided to introduce an order for the appointment of a committee to investigate the matter. Mr. O'Hare reminded the councilmen that they should be mindful of their neighbors, and said one half the people did not have suitable bath accommodations.

After Messrs. George, Drewett, Nay and Hunton had spoken in favor the order passed.

President Webster, Messrs. O'Hare, Pendergast and Nay were appointed the committee on the part of the council to investigate the public bath question.

Mr. George introduced the following resolution: Resolved that a joint special committee be appointed for the purpose of considering the practicability and expense of constructing a causeway from Middlesex street near the Franklin school house, crossing the canal and above the grade of the Nashua and Lowell railroad, to Dutton street. Said committee to consist of two aldermen and three councilmen, to report progress from time to time, a final report to be made not later than Oct. 1.

Mr. George said that the order aimed at some solution of the grade crossing. Order adopted and Messrs. George, Pild and S. O'Hare appointed.

The resolution authorizing the purchase of land at the city farm was passed by a vote of 20 to 5, those voting against it being Messrs. Eastman, Bulger, Hounsell Miskella, and Reynolds. Mr. Miskella opposed the purchase of the land, as he believed it is not needed, and he heard no sound arguments favoring its purchase.

On motion of Mr. Eveleth a ballot was taken for city messenger. The result was: C. F. Going, 12; J. H. Cahill, 9; C. E. Howe, 3; blank, 1. There was no choice.

The joint order to reduce water rates was adopted. A ballot for member of the water board was taken with this result: J. O. Wilson, 14; C. E. Howe, 11; the former elected in non-concurrence.

The resolution for improvements at the city farm was passed, as was also the resolution for the purchase of a lot of land on Princeton street, from which the street committee expect to get gravel.

The resolution appropriating $1000 for the observance of Memorial day was passed.

When the street watering resolution came up, Mr. Hunton moved to amend that no street be watered if a majority of the abutters entered a written protest to the superintent of streets. The resolution was amended and passed.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The aldermen held a brief session last evening at which Mayor Courtney presided. The resolution authorizing the committee on streets to buy from Charles E. Hessian a lot of land on Princeton street at a price not exceeding two cents per foot, passed to a second reading. It is expected that the land will yield about 2500 loads of gravel with which to fill in at the Pawtucket grade crossing and at Princeton street.

On motion of Alderman Crowley the resolution regarding the Lowell free landing was tabled as a hearing has been called for.

A petition for a permit to F. U. Haskell to construct a wooden addition to his building at No. 5 Third street was referred to the lands and buildings committee.

The committee reported at once in favor of referring the matter to the superintendent of public buildings with power. The report was adopted.

BRADLEY SENTENCED.

Fined One Dollar and Sentenced to Three Years in Prison for Counterfeiting.

John H. Bradley of this city, the counterfeiter caught on Middlesex street, was indicted for attempting to pass counterfeit money, and also for owning dies for making the money.

He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in state prison and was fined $1.

When asked if he had anything to say, replied, "All I have to say is that I am sorry I have dishonored my country."

The Mill Agents Deny It.

The statement in a Boston paper to the effect that another industrial depression was close at hand, and that a meeting of Lawrence mill agents had been held and the poposition of running the mills on short time made does not seem to be founded on fact.

Mill agents, Messrs. Redford, Parker and Milliken, emphatically deny that any such meeting was held. What the future will bring forth they cannot say, but as for a reduction in time being made now they say that nothing of the sort has been decided upon.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the
Best Spring Tonic
Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

TO GEN. BUTLER'S MEMORY

CORRESPONDENT RECALLS HIS NOBLE DEEDS.

His Regard For the Colored People—How He Defended the Rights of a Colored Barber.

A correspondent of the Boston Globe writes the following tribute to that paper. The instances quoted are but examples of hundreds that could be recalled by citizens of Lowell who called upon the General in the hour of need to aid them in their difficulty.

Some years ago there lived in Lowell a colored man who kept a first-class barber shop, and was a personal friend of Butler. One Saturday evening he went to an entertainment in Huntington hall, purchased his ticket at the ticket office and was admitted to the hall.

He had not been in the hall long before the people present began to make a fuss, and wanted the colored man (Mr. Burton) removed, and the upshot was that he was ejected from the hall.

Mr. Burton very promptly went to Mr. Butler's house to make known his trouble.

He found Mr. Butler had retired, but after sending up his card Mr. Butler very soon made his appearance and went to his office, where he made out a writ and had it served on the money box and the paraphernalia of the show that was then at the hall.

Returning home he left word not to be called if those parties came to see him, and that they would find him at his office Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

Monday morning came and they were there to settle, and so was Mr. Butler, in company with my friend, the colored man. The damage was settled for $300, and Mr. Butler turning to Mr. Burton, said: "I make you a present of this money without any charge for services."

Another incident I wish to mention. In the town of Winthrop lives a man who was in the 15th Massachusetts regiment under Butler at New Orleans in our late civil war. After the war closed he came home and went into the meat business. About that time some one got up the meat refrigerators that are now in use. Seeing one in a market (and not knowing anything about their being patented) he came home, hired a carpenter, and built him one.

One day a gentleman came into his market, looked around, and went away without telling what he was there for, but made some comments on his fine refrigerator. About a week afterward he got a letter from a party claiming the refrigerator as his patent and demanding a royalty. Soon after he got a notice to appear before a court, and on his appearance at the court room he was requested to get a lawyer. The thought struck him that he would go and see Mr. Butler. Mr. French, Butler's associate at that time, was in the office when he made known his business. When Mr. Butler made his appearance he was made acquainted with my friend, the marketman, and was informed that he was under him at New Orleans in the 15th Massachusetts regiment. Mr. Butler was very much pleased to see him, and on our friend telling his story Mr. Butler told him to go home and not worry about the case, as he would not hear from it.

Some time afterward he met Mr. French on the street, and asked him why he never heard from the case. Mr. French's reply was that Mr. Butler wrote those parties that he was retained by the marketman as his counsel, which had the effect of quashing the case without any cost to my friend.

I would like to call your attention to this point, that the common people have not forgotten Butler as the father of the 10-hour law in Huntington hall, Lowell. Well we remember the placard hung on the wall of the Hamilton corporation telling the employes that if they were known to attend Butler's lecture they would be discharged.

Mr. Butler was the first governor of Massachusetts that recognized the color line by appointing E. G. Walker for judge. Mr. Walker was not appointed by the council.

Another Lie Nailed.

The Courier-Citizen folks continue to mislead the public with regard to the sinking funds. Their latest is an attempt to convey the impression that the sinking fund commissioners were opposed to turning the securities and cash to the city treasurer as ordered by the city council.

If these distorters of facts took the trouble to inquire they would learn that the commissioners have always been willing to turn the funds over, and will be glad to get rid of them, but for their own protection they have asked for the opinion of the city solicitor as to their liability, if they comply with the demands of the council.

The modern councilman is not the kind of a statesman whose commands are always in accordance with law. The commissioners would be very foolish indeed to imperil themselves on the mere command of a body that seldom knows what it is doing.

If the city solicitor decides that it would be legal and safe to turn the securities over as directed, it will be promptly and cheerfully done.

The Elks Elected Officers.

The Elks were out in force last evening when officers for the ensuing year were elected. Those chosen were: Exalted ruler, Charles N. Bagley; esteemed leading knight, John B. Crowley; esteemed loyal knight, James F. Gordon; esteemed lecturing knight, Cornelius E. Dugan; secretary, Charles H. Ricker; treasurer, Joseph Hicks; tyler, W. T. Griffin; trustee, George T. Offut.

After the election the Elks enjoyed themselves.

Overseer Savage Remembered.

Mr. Edward Savage, of 132 Agawam street, an overseer of the Bleachery, celebrated his 46th birthday at his home last evening. A large number of friends called on him and in their behalf Mr. Bastow presented him with a gold watch. An enjoyable evening was passed and a turkey supper served.

Police Court—Hadley J.

"Spring has simply come at last," said Judge Hadley this morning when two boys came up before him charged with playing marbles on the street on Sunday, obstructing the street. "Marbles make a good game and boys will be boys," said the court to Officer Dennett who arrested them. Then with a caution about obstructing the street the boys got off with a fine of $1 which was paid.

There were seven drunks.

Three were released.

Dennis Mullen was sent to the workhouse for four months.

Charles Stevens was fined $15 for being present where gambling implements were found.

ENJOYABLE SMOKE TALK

BY THE BURKE TEMPERANCE INSTITUTE LAST EVENING.

Addresses by James F. Owens, Esq., and Rep. John J. O'Connor, Followed by an Entertainment.

The "Burkes" had a most enjoyable smoke talk at their hall last evening, the attendance being large and the company merry.

The regular meeting was first held and then a fine musical program was presented, including selections by the Mozart quartet, John Drury, John Feeney, John Maguire and David P. Martin; readings by John Dwyer; piano solos by Michael McHugh; violin solo by Timothy Sullivan; vocal duet by Messrs. Clune and Murphy; essay by Wm. Lawler.

There was also addresses by James F. Owens and Rep. J. Joseph O'Connor. Refreshments were served during the evening and the fun was kept up until midnight.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Blodgett, J.

In the case of Howe vs. McManus in which the amount involved was light, the jury disagreed.

The case of Dr. Solon Bartlett vs. Charles H. Hanson an action of tort was then taken up. It will be remembered that, during the past summer one of Hanson's heavy wagons collided with the plaintiff's carriage on Thorndike street, bill throwing the plaintiff out and injuring him so severely that he was unable to leave his bed for a long time. He claims negligence on the part of the driver. J. F. Manning, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff and John C. Burke, Esq., for the defendant. Just before the noon adjournment Civil Engineer Snell was called upon to give testimony regarding the location where the accident occurred and to explain to the jury a plan of the same prepared by him. The case was unfinished at adjournment.

The Bartlett-Hanson case was resumed this morning.

LOCAL NOTES.

Prof. Wells' assembly Thursday eve.

Dr. and Mrs. Sparks and Miss S. H. Cahill, left yesterday for Old Point Comfort, Va.

Miss Abbie Smith will have her spring and summer opening of millinery, Friday and Saturday of this week.

W. Kendall Hallowell, composer and arranger of music, has accepted the position of pianist at the Savoy theatre.

The commissioners visited the saloons above Dutton street, this morning. In many of the places they inspected the cellars.

Rev. C. E. Davis and wife, formerly in this city, now of Melrose, were presented with a silver service and set of table linen recently.

Butler Ames, U. S. N. A., '94, was elected first lieutenant of Battery A, Boston, Monday night, to succeed E. F. Perker, resigned.

The many friends of Mr. Patrick McCaffery of Bartlett street will be pleased to hear that he is recovering from a bad attack of illness.

Head & Shaw, 169 Merrimack street, will have their millinery opening Friday and Saturday of this week. All the ladies are cordially invited.

The members of Miss Elvin's Saturday afternoon dancing class held a reception at St. Joseph's hall last evening. The attendance was quite large.

New locks have been placed on all the entrances to city hall. The same key opens every lock now, where formerly it required a separate key for each lock.

A patent on a vise has been granted to Albert White, Lowell, assignor to C. E. House, Manchester, F. E. Holmes, Rocky Hill, and M. S. Tracy, Glastonbury, Conn.

Mr. Edward W. Smith of 17 Hudson street, had a successful operation performed on him on him at the Homeopathic hospital in Boston, on Monday of last week.

Box 38 sounded at 5.18 yesterday afternoon. This time a rat's nest in a partition of a house in Court street belonging to a man named Wilson caused the alarm. The blaze was extinguished with a slight loss.

Mrs. P. H. Foote, Swan building, Central street, has returned from New York with a great variety of the latest styles in millinery and will have her opening on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week.

Great clearance sale of books now going on at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack street.

IS IT
Business
To fat up the Tailors "Dunce Block" to the tune of $15 to $20 more than we charge for a Suit or spring "Top Coat," when you can get of us ready to put on

HOCKANUM SUITINGS

made up by Shuman & Co., that will fit the form simply perfect. Cut and trimmed as Shuman's goods only are made, and embodying the latest touches of fashion. Shuman made Hockanum Suits

At $20

Means the best cloth in the world, for Hockanum cloth is sold right along for imported. The best trimming, the best fitting suit made. Why an old expert clothier said the other day, "Never saw anything to equal the fit of Shuman Suits this season."

YOUNG MAN

Our Patch Pocket and Strap Seam Spring "Top Coats" are the pronounced fashion. Come in, select your choice and have it laid by for Easter. Price $8 to $20.

Merrimack Op. City Hall. The Big Store, Cloth'g Co.

LATEST

A NEW RAILROAD MOVE

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THEIR EMPLOYES.

Railroad Y. M. C. A. Opened at Concord, N. H.—Address by President Tuttle—Special Train From Lowell.

Concord, N. H., was the scene of a large gathering of railroad men last evening, the occasion being the dedication services of the new Y. M. C. A. building in connection with the Boston and Maine railroad. The five o'clock train from Boston had attached the official car, on board of which were the president, Lucius Tuttle, General Auditor W. J. Hobbs, Claim Attorney E. J. Rich, and others, besides a large party of railroad men from other points along the line. The Lowell contingent left on the 5.30 train. They numbered in all about 50. The Western avenue delegation was a strong one, and composed of Messrs. Wakefield D. Howell, chief clerk, John J. Bancroft, Jr., Bernard Brannan, John Thorne, C. Dearborn, H. J. Conant, George Howes, G. W. Clements, Rose Tewksbury, E. Clifford, Frank McCarthy, John McOsker, O. G. and A. H. Taylor, John Lyman, Wm. Flanagan, George Young, Robert Morrell, Dan. Crowe and others. The Thorndike street party, while not quite as large, succeeded in making just as much noise. They were: M. S. Clark, M. C. Titus, Geo. E. Titus, Paul McDonald, A. J. Baxter. The train arrived at Concord at 8.15 p. m., and a procession was at once formed, headed by Messrs. Rose Tewksbury and John Thorne, for Phoenix hall, where the exercises were held. The hall was crowded. An excellent program had been prepared by the committee on arrangements.

President Tuttle was greeted with an ovation as he stepped to the front of the platform. He said it gave him much personal gratification to see a railroad men's Y. M. C. A. in the thriving city of New Hampshire. He thought that the branch at Concord would grow still larger and when its success had been vindicated, others would be started. When the subject of a railroad men's Y. M. C. A., had been first presented to the directors, they were unanimous in their opinion that it was a good thing and to go ahead with it. The Y. M. C. A., continued the speaker, comes right down among the men and gets into their business life. He wanted it thoroughly understood that it was not a charitable organization, the Boston & Maine wanted no part of any such organization.

Mr. Tuttle also impressed his hearers with the fact that no man's religious creed is asked about, whether it be Latin or Greek, or no church at all. If a man has that instinct of manhood which teaches him that he wants to be a better man, this organization holds out its hand and says come up higher. Mr. Tuttle briefly sketched the history of railroading from its infancy to the present day and was listened to with marked attention.

In closing he made an earnest appeal to his hearers to press onward with the great work so that when the end is come it may be said the world has been better by his having taken part in its life.

The special arrived in Lowell shortly before 1 o'clock and the monotony of the ride down was lessened by songs from Messrs. Clarke, Thorne and Clements.

At Lawler's clearance sale, you will find a splendid line of bound poets for 15c.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Savoy Theatre.

The management has provided an exceptionally strong bill. When such artists as Geo. Evans; Ella Morris, the lady ventriloquist; Bryant and Saville, musical artists; Mlle. Morello, with her trained spaniels; The Only Traveller, shadographist, and others are included in a performance for which only a nominal price is charged, the management certainly deserve the support of the amusement loving public.

FIRST CONG. CHURCH

Trouble Will be Considered Today in Boston.

The committee on parishes and religious societies will meet today to act upon the First church bill. Mr. Kemgott's friends claim that a canvass of the committee leads them to believe that they will get a favorable report.

Good Templar Delegates.

At the meeting of Mt. Zion lodge, last night, six applications for membership were received and four were initiated. An entertainment was enjoyed.

The following were elected as delegates to the grand lodge, which will meet in Boston April 8 and 9: Mr. John A. Lamberton, Mr. John J. Tracy, Mr. John W. Bowker, Mr. John R. Fielding, Mr. John Usher, Miss Edith Prettie, Mr. Thomas Mahon; while the alternates were Mr. J. Mountford, Mr. Walter Whittaker, Mr. Frank W. Davis, Mr. Daniel Reed, Miss Ina Chalmers, Miss Minn Huse.

St. Michael's Young Men.

The Y. M. C. L. I. of St. Michael's held a largely attended meeting last evening, seventeen members were admitted; twenty-seven propositions for membership received and other important business transacted. A committee was appointed to arrange for a sociable to be held in May.

Charter Hearing.

The legislative committee on cities will come to Lowell next Tuesday and give a hearing to the remonstrants to the new city charter at city hall at 10 a. m. The public hearing room will probably be the place.

Mr. Qua's Opinion Given.

City Solicitor Qua has given his opinion on the sinking fund matter and decides that certain securities now in the hands of the commissioners should be turned over to the city treasury.

Don't miss the great clearance sale of books at Lawler's. The sale continues the rest of the week.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

POLICE BOARD MEETING

BREAKS SEVERAL DRUG STORE LICENSES

And Hears Several Remonstrants—Other Matters Considered.

The regular meeting of the police board was held last evening.

The license of Albert D. Yorke, druggist, at 474 Merrimack street, who was convicted for illegally keeping liquor, was revoked.

Thomas G. Farnsworth tendered his resignation as special police officer for the armory, which was accepted.

Joseph M. Holden was granted a common victualler's license (not to sell liquor) at No. 309 Middlesex street. The former licensb at this place was revoked.

Patrick Scollan protested against the granting of a license to D. J. Murphy at the corner of Broadway and Willie streets. Mr. Murphy appealed, and said that Mr. Scollan is willing to sell his property for $10,000. It is expected the matter will be satisfactorily arranged.

Alexis E. Bertrand, who held a license as a druggist at No. 295 Middlesex street, and Eugene G. Crockett, who occupied No. 612 Middlesex street as a druggist, sold their premises to other parties, the latter continuing the stores, on the old licenses. Both licenses were revoked.

A protest was received against George Powell & Co., who applied for a license at 52 Bridge street. The remonstrants are the John street Congregational church, Thomas Walsh and others. The firm was given leave to withdraw its application for a license.

FUNERALS.

BULMER—The funeral service of Zoa A. Bulmer was held at her late residence, 3 Clough avenue, Centralville, yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. The bearers were Edwin Thissell, J. B. Brown, William Miller and Gancelo Leighton. Rev. H. W. O. Millington and Rev. G. H. Johnson officiated, and the interment was in the Edson cemetery.

BARNES—The funeral of the late Samuel T. Barnes took place from the residence, 390 East Merrimack street, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Rev. C. W. Huntington conducted the service and appropriate music was sung by a quartet composed of Messrs. Adams, Sturtevant, Daly and Burns. Prescott C. Gates had charge of the funeral arrangements. The bearers were A. K. Chadwick, Julian Cameron, R. F. Brazer and F. A. Chase. The burial was in the Lowell cemetery.

CLARK—The funeral of Catherine Clark took place yesterday afternoon from her late home on Worthen street and was very largely attended. The pall bearers were Messrs. Joseph Lee, James Shalvey, Patrick Riley, Patrick Shalvey, Henry Aubrey and Patrick Richards. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery where service was conducted by Rev. Fr. Leonard.

Parker Heirs Claim.

The Parker heirs have entered a petition for damages to their property caused by the change of grade of Pawtucket street at the grade crossing. The case will be heard in the superior court at Cambridge the first Monday in May.

Y. M. C. A. Entertainment.

A large audience heard the Brown University Banjo, Mandolin and Glee clubs at Y. M. C. A. hall, last evening. The clubs were assisted by Mr. W. E. Greene, reader. There was also singing by Mr. Knight.

Exciting Runaway.

A horse driven by a Mr. Wilson, a tea merchant, ran away on Central street this morning and Mr. Wilson was thrown out at the corner of Market and Central street receiving slight injuries.

Lowell Boy Promoted.

Charles C. Howe, the well known telegraph operator, has severed his connection with the W. U. Telegraph Co. in Boston and accepted a possition as assistant circuit manager in the New England Telephone and Telegraph company of that city.

A New Millinery Store.

Miss M. L. Delude, for a number of years manager and saleslady for Mrs. P. H. Foote in the Swan building, has leased the store next to the marble bank at 111 Merrimack street where she will show all the latest styles in the millinery art. To assist in her new store she has secured Miss Kittie Rogers, Mrs. Brunnell, Miss Bertha Collins, and Miss Blanche Moore. These young ladies were formerly with Mrs. P. H. Foote.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 12 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

THE SUN EXTRA 5 O'CLOCK

SPORTS CAUGHT

Malden Police Make a Big Raid

ON DESPERATE CROWD OF DOG FIGHTERS.

Spectators Quarrel and One is Shot.

MEDFORD, March 25.—A dog fight followed by a free fight among the spectators in which one man was probably fatally shot, a raid by the police and the arrest of 41 men was the record here this morning.

More than 100 sports from Boston, Malden and this place assembled in an unoccupied three story building just on the Malden line last night to witness a fight between two dogs of wide reputation named "Sport" of Waltham and "Jeff" of Malden.

The fight began at 10 o'clock this morning and the dogs were at it but a short time when a free fight among the spectators began in which bricks, clay, clubs and other missiles were used.

During the thick of the fight a pistol shot was heard and David Monahan of Roxbury dropped to the ground wounded in the thigh and leg, the shot having been fired by some one of the fighters.

Shortly afterward the cry of police was raised and a squad of Malden and Medford officers broke into the building.

The spectators made desperate efforts to escape but after the officers had killed the two dogs that continued to fight throughout all the excitement, they searched the building and arrested 41 men.

The injured man, Monahan, was taken in an ambulance to the Massachusetts General hospital and today his condition is critical.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The Ohio senate has passed a bill to substitute electrocution for hanging in that state.

Senator Platt today presented a resolution that congress adjourn May 2.

Harvard has accepted the invitation of the U. of California to compete with them at athletics May 23.

The trial of Dr. Janeson was resumed in the Bow street police court this morning. The court adjourned to April 28 to await the arrival of witnesses from South Africa.

Counsel in the case of Dr. J. C. Moore asked Judge Wallace at Nashua today for a continuance of the case owing to the illness of his client. The case was continued until three weeks from Monday.

The remains of the late Thomas Hughes were interred today.

The Postal Telegraph Co. declared its first dividend of one per cent., today.

Stoddard's Glimpses of the World for $1.69. Only a few left. Secure one early. At Lawler's.

MURDER OR SUICIDE

Two Theories Advanced for the Death of Pretty Annie McGrath of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—There is little doubt today in the minds of the police that pretty 18-year-old Annie McGrath, the mistress of wealthy Samuel Langdon, who was found dead yesterday, was killed as the outcome of an agreement of the two to suicide, or commit suicide herself, the former conclusion being stronger in the minds of the police.

It is thought the two agreed to die together but that Langdon rushed from the house after the girl had begun to suffer. He is still under arrest and exhibits symptoms of having taken chloroform which also is supposed to have caused the girl's death.

French Blackmailers Sentenced.

PARIS, March 25.—Ulerie Cicivery and Count Lionel Werther De Ceste, the two blackmailers who were on trial for having obtained money from millionaire Labaudy were each sentenced to 13 months imprisonment and fined $500 francs each.

THIS AFTERNOON'S FIRE.

Blaze in William E. Livingston's Coal Sheds

The alarm from box 72 at 12.45 this afternoon was for a blaze in the coal sheds of William E. Livingston on Thorndike street. The damage was not very great.

About 1.45 Chief Hosmer was obliged to go up there again as the fire had broken out again and fearing that it might gain headway a telephone alarm was sent in.

The White House Cook Book for 79c. At Lawler's, 79 Merrimack street.

THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Program of the American Federation of Labor.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 25.—At today's session of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor the subcommittee on the eight-hour day problem submitted its report. It recommends that May 1 be set as the day to inaugurate the eight-hour plan through the country, and that the carpenters be selected as the union to make the test. The committee recommend a strike of all carpenters' unions that are forced to work overtime, beginning on the day that the eight-hour plan goes into effect. It is expected that the council will unanimously endorse the action of their committee.

A complete line of books in all bindings at greatly reduced prices at Lawler's clearance book sale, now going on.

A Covert coat this spring?

Then don't bother with with the tailor: few of the custom shops, and those the most expensive can make to measure Coverts as good as ours from Rogers, Peet & Co.

Spring clothes are ready, Suits and overcoats more to your liking than ever before.

Price, $8.00 to $25.00 and a generous variety to choose from.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Heroes defeated a team from the Boston Globe yesterday afternoon on Les Miserables alleys. The visitors were led by Warren Dow, bowling editor of the Globe. The Boston boys were never in the game, and were beaten by 381 pins. The score:

Heroes—Farley 511, Long 487, Sternberg 455, Kelley 506, Bonliger 442; total, 2401.

Boston Globe—Dow 421, Harpin 418; Boss 384, Robinson 388; Parshley 409; total, 2020.

Team Two defeated Team Six on the Highland club alleys last evening by the following totals:

Team Two—Gray 522, Therman 484, Lyman 495; Freeman 454, Mayotte 380; total, 2275.

Team Six—Smith 483, Witherbee 554, Taft 420, Hills 405, Stevens 373; total, 2237.

Street Committee.

The members of the street committee, with Supt. Cheney, were in constitation with City Solicitor Qua this morning, arranging for the purchase of land on Princeton street, as ordered by the city council, last evening.

MONEY DEPOSITED.

Money deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National Bank at 30 Middlesex street and 11 Post Office avenue before 4 p. m. Friday, April 3rd, will draw interest at the rate of four per cent per annum from April 1st. Interest may be withdrawn or will be added to the principal on the first days of July and January. Bank open from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. and on Saturdays from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m. WILLIAM F. HILLS, Cashier.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell. Mass.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

COURT OF INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed assignee, and that the second meeting of the creditors of Henry P. Eland of Lowell, insolvent debtor, will be holden at the Court of Insolvency at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the nineteenth day of May, A. D., 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

HENRY C. GIRARD, Assignee.
Lowell, Mass., March 25th, 1896.

IF THE DOCTOR

says you should take a little stimulant why not get the best. That you will get if you trade at McPaddin's wine rooms opposite the post office. All the choicest brands of ales, wines and liquors.

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs. Edward Cogger & Co., 125 Church and 23 Concord streets.

The Lowell Electric Light Corporation
LIGHT and POWER AT LOW RATES.
GEO. W. FIFIELD, President.
WM. A. INGHAM, Vice-President.
WM. H. BENT, Treasurer.
LUCIUS A. DERBY, Elec. Engineer.

Mr. Derby has recently become connected with the company, and is authorized to make contracts and adjustments connected with light or power.

Office, 42 Church Street.
Telephone Call, 329.

Our Annual Opening
OF
Spring and Summer MILLINERY

Will take place Friday afternoon and evening, and Saturday, day and evening. Everybody invited.

ABBIE M. SMITH
175 MERRIMACK STREET.
Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

Lowell, Mass., March 23, 1896.

Taken on a tax warrant issued by the City of Lowell and will be sold at public auction by Geo. F. Stiles, Deputy Sheriff, on Monday, March 30, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the steel and fixtures in hardware store of Callaghan and Sanborn, situated at Merrimack Square, cor. Bridge and Merrimack streets in said Lowell.

JOHN McMANUS,
Constable of Lowell and Deputy Collector of taxes.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
5 45	7 09	6 01	7 48
6 30	7 52	8 15	9 57
8 05	9 43	9 25	11 07
8 50	10 32	10 35	11 46
9 55	11 50	11 50	1 08
11 30	1 28	2 15	3 19
12 35	1 58	3 15	4 29
2 15	3 43	3 45	5 05
3 30	4 54	5 25	6 39
4 05	6 24	6 01	6 18
5 19	6 41	6 01	7 05
6 15	7 20	8 35	7 46
7 00	8 08	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 41		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	5 10
12 05	1 22	11 15	12 51
4 15	7 02	5 00	6 24
5 20	7 00	7 00	8 21
7 25	8 44		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 55	8 05
8 15	9 25
9 25	10 35
10 50	11 50
12 35	1 58
2 15	3 45
3 30	4 54
4 05	6 24
5 19	6 41
6 15	7 20
7 00	8 08
9 30	10 41

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27
12 05	1 22
4 15	7 02
5 20	7 00
7 25	8 44

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

Sunday Trains.

7 15	8 02	9 00	2 55
9 27	9 12	5 00	10 05
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 55
10 15	11 20	5 00	6 50
4 15	5 22	7 00	9 10
10 55	1 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 05

If river water must be boiled before it can be used with safety why shouldn't the same rule of health apply to Daniel Gage's ice? Let it also be boiled before using in order to kill the germs.

Mayor Quincy of Boston has demanded an appropriation for sanitation in the schools. From all reports it appears that Boston schools are in great need of improvement in sanitary and other points.

The editor of the Lowell Sun has a vitiated taste. He favors the use of Merrimack river water for drinking water in Lowell. Mr. Harrington must be in league with the doctors of the Spindle city.—Haverhill Gazette.

The Gazette must have obtained its information from a vitiated and a lying source.

THE SUN stands for a water supply that will be first, pure; second, inexhaustible; third, as cheap as possible. It stands against a pet scheme of the water board which would saddle the city with a vast expense, estimated at $225,000, to put in meters that must be replaced every ten years. One-half that sum expended for a filter will procure the supply needed from the river, a supply that will fill the requirements insisted upon by THE SUN, namely, purity, inexhaustibility and cheapness. With such a supply the only cost would be that of pumping and repairs, and under such conditions the house services might be given free of charge by the city.

Will anybody of common sense say that it is wise to expend a vast amount on a water supply that is wholly unreliable both in quality and in quantity for such a driven well system must always be? The absurdity of the proposition is evident from the fact that the water board dare not on any account abandon the river supply. To do so would leave the city in jeopardy in case of a large fire.

THOSE PORTRAITS.

The matter of purchasing the portraits of the city founders from the American Mechanics association is not yet decided. A committee of the city council has been appointed for the purpose of negotiating with the society for the purchase of the pictures.

The society has fixed the price of the pictures at the modest sum of $16,000.00. If the city council should drop the matter for a year or so, it is not unlikely that the society would discover that the pictures are not worth more than $8000.00.

Should they find that they cannot obtain $8000.00 from the city for these pictures, they may be willing, eventually, to accept $1000.00.

In point of fact the sum of $1000 would be what the average citizen would consider a high price for the several pictures, while there are those who say that $150 or $200 would be quite enough for each picture. THE SUN has no objection to the purchase of the pictures at a fair price, but we do object to paying $16,000, $8000, $4000 or even $2000 for the said pictures.

CHARTER REVISION.

We are assured on the authority of Secretary Smith of the board of trade that the bill for the revision of the charter will not be changed until the remonstrants shall have been heard.

He states that it will then be changed to suit the majority. By that we presume he means the majority of the republican city committee.

If this opinion is from a reliable source we can give a sketch of what the charter revision will be. In the first place the mayor's powers will not be increased to any extent. In the next place the legislative and executive functions of government will not be separated and there will probably not be any purchasing agency established. All that will then remain of the measure had better be stricken out. Let the whole matter be abandoned, and the question of charter revision postponed until such times as it will suit the republicans to have the mayor's powers increased, to have the legislative and executive functions of government separated, to have a purchasing agency established, and to provide other safeguards and facilities for the proper transaction of the city's business.

THE HIGH GRADE GOODS

WOOLEN INDUSTRY BENEFITED BY FREE RAW MATERIALS.

Better Products For the Same Price—A Saving of 6 Per Cent to Domestic Manufacturers—Plea For Protection Has Little Standing—Facts About Revenues.

It does not require much attention to measure the benefits derived from free wool. The wools which are of such inferior quality as to be only a little removed from shoddy are no longer imported in as large quantities as when a duty was imposed, wools of high grade and fine quality being substituted for them. It is safe to say that whatever extension of the woolen industry has occurred in this country in the last year has been in the view of developing the use of fine wools in the place of Turkish, Russian and Chinese wools. For the same price a better product of manufacture is being obtained. As the revenue sacrificed in removing the duties from raw wools amounted to about $8,000,000 a year, the benefit may be said to be purchased at a low price. On the imports of 1895 the manufacturer would, under the old rate, have had to pay nearly $16,000,000 in duties—a tax of nearly 6 per cent upon the total value of all products of woolen manufacture in the domestic industries.

Manufacturers claim to have a grievance against the new tariff in that they are able to compete with foreigners in only a few kinds of goods. That taste, patterns and machinery should have become specially adapted to such wools as the greed of the woolgrowers imposed upon the domestic market was to be expected, and it could hardly be anticipated that in a single 12 months a change so radical could be wrought as to enable the home manufacturer to meet entirely and successfully the new conditions. That imports should increase was natural.

In the year 1894 importations were restricted to what was absolutely necessary to supply the market on the most economical estimates. That year of economy and restriction naturally led to larger importations in 1895, when conditions had become more settled and the general tone of the markets could be better gauged. Not only were the needs of the market to be met, but its possibilities and the shortage of 1894 were to be provided for. Commercially therefore the year 1895 should have been not only a year of large importations but of importations which in comparison to previous years might appear excessive. How far do the statistics of imports bear out this conclusion?

The total imports of manufactures of wool for the two years 1891 and 1892 were valued at $73,600,000, and for 1894 and 1895 at $76,100,000. It does not appear on this showing that the importations of 1895 were excessive when taken in their true relation to the imports of other years. The same comparison can be made in the special lines of goods. The imports of carpets in 1891 and 1892 were valued at $2,932,000; in 1894 and 1895, at $2,862,000. Of wearing apparel, which includes most of the items on which the greatest tariff contests have been held, cloaks, hats of wool, knit fabrics and shawls, the imports of 1891 and 1892 were $6,800,000; in 1894 and 1895, $5,088,000. If, in place of value, quantities be taken, the showing is even more telling against the cry of overimportation. Of dress goods the imports in 1890 and 1892 amounted to 121,000,000 square yards; in 1894 and 1895 to only 21,570,000 square yards. The imports of plushes and other pile fabrics were nearly three times greater in quantity in 1891 and 1892 than they were in 1894 and 1895. In the single item of woolen or worsted cloths have the imports increased remarkably in quantity as well as in value. The imports for 1895 were as large as the imports of the three years from 1891 to 1893 inclusive. Taken as a whole it cannot be said that on the returns of the imports for the five years there has been any such increase above a normal average as would threaten the existence or prosperity of a great domestic industry. The plea for higher protection of woolen manufactures has little standing in the face of such statistics.

Nor can much be said on the plea of greater revenue. In 1892, which was the year of largest imports of woolen manufacturers under the McKinley tariff, the amount of duties collected was $36,560,539 on a valuation of imports of $37,557,037. This was equivalent to an ad valorem of 97.36 per cent. In 1895 the duty collected was $28,102,648 on a value of imports of $61,018,579—the equivalent ad valorem being 46 per cent. This shows that with the rate of duty reduced more than one-half the revenue was reduced only 29 per cent. It is an impudent demand to ask congress to reimpose the high duties on raw wools to gain a revenue of $6,000,000 or $7,000,000 and to increase to an even greater degree the duties on manufactures of wool for a similar sum. At the end of February the deficit in the national account was only $900,000 more than it was at the end of November. The government is, therefore, very nearly paying its expenses out of current revenue, and there is no reasonable ground for tinkering with the tariff, and least of all in the direction of higher duties on raw wools and manufactures of wool, where the consumer loses $2 every time the government gains $1.—New York Post.

Maryland Being Reformed.

The Republicans have reformed Maryland in their usually effective style. Says the St. Louis Republic: "Governor Lowndes has been compelled to withdraw the appointments to judgeships of an embezzler and a thief. The mayor and the council of Baltimore are in a quarrel over a distribution of spoils, and the council threatens to carry off all the booty by parceling out the places itself. Maryland and Kentucky have learned too late that the wages of sin is death."

THE BEST is what the People buy the most of. That's Why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sale OF ALL MEDICINES.

DR. WARNER'S SAFE CURE Woman's Exchange

SUNBEAMS.

Home Teaching.

Broncho Bill—Yer don't catch me sendin' that youngster of mine to no school. No, siree!

Potash Pete—Ain't yer goin to give him any eddication at all, then?

Broncho Bill—Oh, yes, but I'll teach the young idea how to shoot myself.—New York World.

A Family Name.

"What for yo' call yo' boy Henery, Sistah Jackson? Hit ain't a fambly name, shuah!"

"Well, hit is and hit ain't, Brother Biggs, fur his pop wuz in jail fur stealin chickens when he wuz born!"—New York Tribune.

Not at All Unusual.

Mrs. Fogg—I've got some news for you, David. Carrie's engagement is broken.

Mr. Fogg—I'm not at all surprised. Since that new girl came into the house there has hardly been a day when something hasn't been broken.—Boston Transcript.

A Means of Economy.

Mrs. Hardup—My dear, I positively must have a new wrap.

Mr. Hardup—The price of coal has gone up again, and I simply can't afford it. The only thing I can do will be to take you south for the winter.—Truth.

Turned to Account.

"Wasn't it horrible? A man who was walking across the university campus fell in a fit of delirium tremens."

"Yes, it was dreadful. But his ravings furnished the students with a new college yell."—Chicago Tribune.

One Thing Noted.

Rev. Parsons—I hope there was something about my sermon which interested you?

Mr. Knapp—Yes, sir; it was long to be remembered.—Yonkers Statesman.

Economy In the Kitchen.

"At my last place," said a cook, "I should have been very comfortable if the master hadn't been a photographer."

"Why, what difference could that make?"

"You see, at the dinner table he used to photograph the joints before they were removed to the kitchen."—Le Petit Parisien.

His Scheme.

Politician's Wife—Why do you want him discharged? How would you like to have such charges made against you? Put yourself in his place—

Politician—Thunder, ain't that what I'm trying to do?—New York World.

The Office Boy's Lament.

She smiles while that prosy old duffer dictates,
And is sweet as you please when he scolds;
She smiles when the baldheaded partner comes in
And talks of his coughs and his colds;
She smiles at the clerk while she clicks her machine,
And laughs at what he thinks is fun,
But never a smile or a laugh for me—
They have whiskers and I have none.

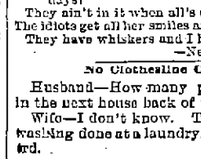
I have plenty of brains, and I know a good deal,
I could give his nibs points on the law;
I could teach that old clerk for the next twenty years,
I could tell him some things, but, oh, pshaw!
What's knowledge and brains to a girl nowadays?
They ain't in it when all's said and done.
The idiots get all her smiles and her thoughts—
They have whiskers and I have none.
—New York World.

No Clothesline Comfu.

Husband—How many people are there in the next house back of us?

Wife—I don't know. They have their washing done at a laundry.—Chicago Record.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING. Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Human Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Insanity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL ORIENTAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 358 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, Ills. Or you can buy it of druggist below: Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store, LOWELL, MASS.

Are You Satisfied

With your Carriage Repairs? We do

REPAIRING.

We please some people. We might please you. Why not give us a trial?

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Work Called For and Delivered.

Just in, a carload of ROCHESTER BREWING CO.'S

BOCK BEER.

Comes in cases, or it may be had on draught in our Retail Department.

John M. Pevey,

NOS. 55—57 MIDDLE STREET.

UNION TAILORS

The only shop in town using the Union Label. Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.

F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat and lungs are neglected.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a safeguard it is against throat and lung troubles. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

It doesn't look much like planting

SEEDS

Just now, but we want to call your attention to the fact that we have a FULL STOCK OF FINE SEEDS

FOR YOUR GARDEN

Also, you can have a NEW CATALOGUE by calling on

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR. H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Masur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW, 40 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

Wm. E. Livingston DEALER IN COAL, WOOD, LIME

CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS

Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.

No. 15 Thorndike Street.

Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Caldercwood's Clear Store.

WE'RE PROUD OF THEM.

NECKWEAR Everything that is new and desirable.

FANCY SHIRTS New and elegant designs.

CORRECT HATS All the best makes, at popular prices. We invite inspection.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND, (Successor to F. W. Sargent.) Merchant Tailor

Fine Tailoring a Specialty.

24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.

Dress Suits to Let.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

TALK ABOUT Bargains

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THIS?

3c. FOR A BOX OF TOILET SOAP

3 CAKES IN A BOX

This is no sell, but a genuine bargain.

GOODALE'S Drug Store

217 Central Street, FISKE'S BLOCK.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D. (Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass., Has Opened an Office in Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell

Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Sole agents for Lowell and vicinity for Billings, King & Co.'s PURE PREPARED PAINTS.

They excell all others in Purity covering capacity, clear Tones, Durability. Pure Linseed Oil Paints.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

61-67 Market Street.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

DR. KELLY'S Stomach Dentifrice

CHARLES H. FROST, 78 Central Street. Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings, Ammunition, Fire-arms, etc. Fine Watch repairing.

Swipesy O'Rooke: "Dere, Chimmy, is der most curiousest freak o' nature wot was ever saw. Dat's Atlas, my geography goat. His port side carries der map of de eastern an western hemispheres, his starboard side is covered wit de map of Ireland, while his tail is a livink image of de nort' pole."

WANT COLUMN.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on orbit. Samples, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1544, New York city.

WANTED—A position in an office by a young lady who understands stenography and book-keeping; Address "C. C.," SUN office.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Arhan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

PHYSICIAN—Wants a young man of good habits and address, as partner and business agent, in advertising specialty. Must invest some capital. Only those who can do so need apply. Excellent chance. Address Doctor, SUN office, Lowell.

PATENTS—A. L. Hough, No. 925 F. street, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patents obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

TO RENT—A tenement of five rooms, Baldwin street, Middlesex Village. G. D. Kimball, room 14 Runels block, Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 780 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Near school and Branch street two story two-tenement house, always rented. This is a bargain. Terms to suit you. Price $1450. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two story two-tenement house in good location. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, nearly new cottage, 5000 feet of land on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Prof. H. Low's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 447 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, a nice house, all modern improvements good barn and carriage. This is your chance to buy you a home. Price $3600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

Misses Keefe and Stevens.

Formerly of Boston, fashionable dressmakers. Room 7, Associate building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets, Lowell, Mass. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 19 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—On Central street, a good boarding and lodging house, 21 rooms, lots of boarders. Price $500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

BELVIDERE---CENTRALVILLE

Pleasant street, residence 9 rooms, bath, steam heat, 4000 square feet of land. A nice house. $4200.

Pleasant street, two tenement house, 13 rooms, one of the best built houses in Belvidere, 4500 square feet of land; $4500.

Wentworth avenue, handsome new residence of 8 rooms, bath, laundry, hot water heat, nine barn, 3 stalls, room for 5 carriages, 14,000 square feet of land, nicely graded and concreted, fruit and shade trees, cost about $6000, will sell on easy terms for $4050.

Centralville Block of 12 tenements and 1 store, all rented, rent for $100 per month. Investigate, $9750; easy terms.

House lots on Beacon street and Merrill avenue, from 19 to 20 cents a foot; easy terms.

See advertisement in other papers for other parts of the city.

A. J. RYAN, Agent. Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

We are still doing business at the same old stand,

279 DUTTON STREET,

And anybody wishing to have piping, plumbing or steam work done in the best possible manner, just call on us and we will attend to it at short notice. We also keep

The Finest Line of Gas Fixtures

To be seen in this city. Prices always low at

D. H. WILSON'S

279 DUTTON STREET.

The Irritation

And Smarting of the skin caused by March winds can be instantly relieved by

El-A-Tol Soap.

Guaranteed absolutely pure and perfectly safe to use on the youngest child. There is no soap on the market for eczema, scrofula, sores, boils, or any eruption that compares with it. Price 15 cents a cake. Sold by all druggists.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.

APOTHECARIES,

Merrimack, Cor. Central St.

And 155 Central, cor. Middlesex St.

BICYCLE FREE

To learn on when you buy one of me. And I have no fake which the Fenton, America, Sterling, Adnake, the wheel of "High Degree," and cheaper ones at your price. Renting and repairing, sundries of all kinds.

GEORGE H. BACHELDER,

23 Post Office Avenue.

Manchester and Concord, N. H. GENERAL

Express Forwarded

Successors to Post Gardner Express Co., J. E. ROBERTSON, Supt., Concord, N. H.

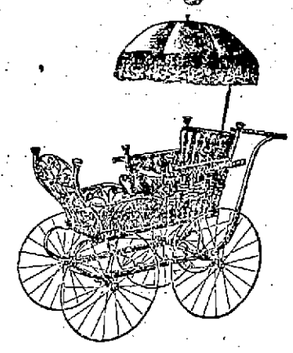
For Boston, New York and all connecting points South and West. Low rates and prompt service.

OFFICE..... 15 CENTRAL ST.

D. A. HILL, AGENT

Telephone 64-4.

Baby Carriages



In reed, rattan and oak with either wire or wood wheels and upholstered in plush, silk, damask, corduroy, tapestry, cane and cretonne. This is finest line of carriages we ever had in stock and the prices are lower then ever before. New goods in every department. The latest spring patterns in

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, AND MATTINGS LINOLEUMS AND ART SQUARES AND RUGS.

The new "Family Glenwood" range like its predecessors in the Glenwood line is a model of perfection in appearance and simplicity of its cooking arrangements.

When you need anything in the housefurnishing line, remember we have the goods you desire, and our prices are right every time.

COOKIN BRO'S, 66 Prescott Street.

Bargains This Week

$12 112-piece Dinner Sets, slightly inperfect, $5.49.
$3 10-piece Toilet Sets, English and American ware, $1.89
$3.50 56-piece Tea Sets, English and American ware, $2.89
10c. 6-inch Decorated Stone China Plates, 5c. each.
15c. French China Decorated Plates, 9c. each.
10c. French China Decorated Creamers, 5c. each.
15c. French China Cups and Saucers, 9c each.
5c. Gold Band China Egg Cups, 3c. each.
4c. plain China Egg Cups, large size, 2c. each.
5c. Tumblers in five different patterns, 2 1-2c. each.
6c. Goblets, nice clean goods, 3c. each.
15c. Glass Butter Dishes, large size, 7c. each.

Kinsella's, The U. S. Tea Co.

82 PRESCOTT ST. Elevator Accommodation. FIVE FLOORS.

OUR CARPETS FOR SPRING HAVE ARRIVED.

Novelties in special designs and colorings are a leading feature of our display. All our lines are filled to overflowing with bright, novel and artistic patterns from the leading manufacturers. Chamber and Parlor Suites a specialty.

We Guarantee Every Richmond Range.

PETER DAVEY,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?

If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.

MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

LOWELL Trunk Manufactory

P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the

SPINDLE CIGAR

give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop

C. H. MOLLOY,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to.

No. 343 MARKET STREET

T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer.

Telephone 503-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 100 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

SCOTT & O'DAY,

Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers

Steam, Gas and Water Piping.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

54 APPLETON STREET.

Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at

PETER WATSON'S

Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

Davis and Nickerson TAILORS,

No. 9 CENTRAL STREET.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors To be Found in this city is at

E. FAULKNER'S,

Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.

NEW LUMBER YARD

No. 265 HILDRETH STREET.

Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.

P. V. ALLEN & CO.

Telephone 503-5.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges

Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Halloran's at 70-71 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at

Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

48 CHURCH STREET.

5 O'CLOCK EXTRA

FROM MINNESOTA

Comes A Call for McKinley and Protection.

SOUTH DAKOTAH ALSO FAVORS McKINLEY.

Has a Fighting Chance in Lone Star State.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 25.—The Republican state convention was called to order in Exposition hall. Ex-Governor A. E. Rice was temporary chairman. The following resolutions were adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the well-considered and pronounced preference of the Republicans of Minnesota for presidential standard bearer in 1896 is William McKinley, the emphatic growing choice of the republican vote throughout the land, and this convention expects the delegates and alternates-at-large to be elected by it to do all in their power honorably from now until that object is accomplished to bring about promptly the nomination of William McKinley for president of the United States.

Resolved, That we favor the use of both gold and silver to the extent to which they can be maintained in circulation at a parity in purchasing and debt paying power; that we are earnestly opposed, under the present conditions, to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, for the manifest reason that it would destroy such parity, enormously contract the volume of currency for forcing gold out of the circulation and immediately place us on a silver basis.

Believing, also, that it is a self-evident fact that the effect of the international demonetization of silver can be overcome only by the international demonetization of that metal, the Republican party of Minneapolis most heartily favors an international conference for that purpose.

The four delegates-at-large are P. J. Evans, George Thomoson, C. F. Hendrix and L. P. Hunt. They were elected by acclamation. Each of these delegates made speeches pledging himself to McKinley.

The alternates elected were L. C. Richardson, A. H. Reed, B. T. Thurstonson and James Dimont.

McKinleyites Seek Compromise.

AUSTIN, March 25.—After waiting all day yesterday for the executive committee to pass on credentials looking to the seating of contesting delegations for temporary organization, the state Republican convention was called to order at 9:15 last night, and a row was immediately precipitated over the matter of electing a temporary chairman. The matter was finally settled by the election of Caney, the Allison negro leader, over Rosenthal, his McKinley opponent. The fight was made strictly on the color line, Caney pleading with his race for support. His talk was successful beyond all expectations. It is said the McKinley men will make an arrangement with Caney for a divided uninstructed delegation. Nothing was done at last night's convention outside of effecting temporary organization, after which an adjournment was taken until today.

McKinley Votes In Connecticut.

HARTFORD, March 25.—The Republican town and city convention resulted in a victory for the faction headed by ex-Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley and the McKinley enthusiasts. The Republicans in this state had the first opportunity last night to declare their preference for presidential candidates, and the party in Hartford has pronounced in favor of Major McKinley. The Bulkeley ticket to the state convention had a large majority, and its election means the choice of ex-Governor Bulkeley as a delegate to St. Louis.

Pointing Toward McKinley.

HURON, S. D., March 25.—The situation here is so mixed that it is impossible to foreshadow the result of the Republican convention. Four hundred and fifty delegates are for McKinley and 150 for Allison. The principal contest is over Senator Pettigrew's candidacy for delegate to St. Louis. The proposition now is to allow Pettigrew to be one of the eight delegates to St. Louis, but to instruct the delegates for McKinley.

Robbers Got Thousands.

CHICAGO, March 25.—Chris. Schrage, who is 76 years old, and lives alone at 711 South Jefferson street, was bound and gagged by two men last evening and robbed of money and papers amounting in value to more than $80,000. No arrests were made, and the police are all at sea in the matter. The men gained an entrance to the house by pretending that they were anxious to rent some rooms, and as Schrage was showing them through, they bound and gagged him. They did not injure the old man to any extent, but threatened him with death if he attempted to make any noise for at least half an hour after they had left the house.

In the Nature of a Threat.

LONDON, March 25.—The Times has an editorial this morning which warns President Kruger that it is impossible to discuss with him the essentials of the London convention which fixes the suzerainty of Great Britain over the Transvaal. "In any case," The Times continues, "he must decide without delay whether to accept the invitation to come to England. The invitation cannot remain open indefinitely, and if it is declined we must take measures to support the just claims of the Uitlanders."

Greece Asked For Aid.

ATHENS, March 25.—Renewals of the murders of Christians in the island of Crete and the existence of a panic there are reported, owing to the belief prevailing among the Cretan deputies that the Turkish troops are waiting for the Christians to retaliate for outrages, when they will seize the occasion to begin a general massacre of the Christians, under the leadership of the military governor. On this account the deputies have invoked the protection of Greece.

Captain Healy's Punishment.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—It is reported here that the findings of the court martial which tried Captain Healy of the revenue cutter Bear have been approved at Washington. It is said that Captain Healy has been reprimanded and will be transferred to the command of another vessel on the Atlantic coast.

CUBAN MATTERS

Again Discussed in United States Senate.

SENATOR BOUTELLE WAS THE SOLE OBJECTOR

To Removal of Restriction to Southerners.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Although the main Cuban resolutions have been committed to conference, the subject came up incidently yesterday on Mr. Mills' resolution for the forcible occupation of the island of Cuba by the United States, in case the Spanish government shall refuse to grant local self-government to Cubans. Mr. Mills spoke for two hours in support of the resolution. He was unsparing in his arraignment of General Weyler as an "atrocious scoundrel and villain," and in his recital of Spain's bloody record in the Old and New Worlds.

He would have voted, he said, for all the resolutions offered on the subject of Cuba, because they were steps—although short steps—in the line of march which it was the duty of the people of the United States to take.

The island of Cuba did not, Mr. Mills declared, stand in the same relation to the people of the United States as Hungary, Poland, Ireland or Armenia did. If it did, then the statesmanship of the United States had been at fault for 100 years. The fathers had, for a century, asserted and maintained that the people of the United States had rights in Cuba—had rights to every foot of soil in the Western hemisphere.

The United States had never asserted that it had any rights in Ireland, Hungary, Poland or elsewhere in Europe; but it had asserted its rights in every solitary acre of land on the Western hemisphere. It had there the highest right—the right of self-preservation. The Monroe doctrine, he declared, was as old as humanity, and God Almighty was its author, for when he made man he placed in him the right to preserve his life and liberty.

Mr. Mills reviewed, on this point, the declaration of President Jefferson in relation to the Louisiana purchase, when the American minister to France was instructed to notify Napoleon that if he would not sell that territory to the United States, the United States would ally itself to Great Britain and sweep the French fleets off the ocean, in order to maintain the right of the United States to the mouth of the Mississippi river—notwithstanding that France had a perfect title to it.

Morgan Speaks.

The speech of Senator Mills on his Cuban resolution closed at about 2 o'clock, and the unfinished business was formally laid before the senate, but Mr. Berry requested unanimous consent that it be laid aside temporarily, so as to allow Mr. Morgan to speak on the Cuban question.

Mr. Hale was inclined to object, but desisted on consideration that as soon as Mr. Morgan had finished his speech, the debate on conference resolutions should be regarded as closed, and the senate's decision to recommit should be put into operation.

Mr. Morgan then went on to discuss the reason why Spain recognized the southern Confederacy at the time she did. He said that Spain thought that the Confederacy would be able to separate itself from the Union, and would then be a valuable ally for herself in her attempt to subdue Cuba.

The policy of Spain, he said, was always to force back under her control by war any colony which had once got away from her. She had tried this, notably with Mexico and San Domingo. She is, therefore, anxious to make alliances wherever she can, which may be of use to her in such efforts.

Mr. Mills' resolutions went to the calendar after the speeches.

The rest of the day was given to the legislative appropriation bill, which is not yet completed.

Boutelle Raised Objections.

Senator Hill's bill to remove the restrictions against the appointment as officers of the army and navy of persons who held commissions in the regular army or navy before the rebellion, and who subsequently took part in the war on the side of the Confederacy, which passed the senate during the height of the excitement over the Venezuelan boundary question, passed the house, after two hours' debate, with but one dissenting vote—that of Mr. Boutelle (Me.).

The Democrats, except Mr. Cummings (N. Y.), who spoke, as he said, "as one of the hundred thousand northern Democrats who fought in the army," and Mr. Wilson (S. C.), who was drawn into the debate by Mr. Boutelle, refrained entirely from participation. Mr. Hull (Ia.), chairman of the military committee, who had charge of the bill, admitted that it would subserve no practical purpose, and was largely sentimental.

Mr. Boutelle, who led the opposition single-handed, thought it would furnish a bad object lesson for naval and military cadets who were about entering on careers in the service of their country, and when he got warmed up to his subject called attention to the fact that many southern men in congress in the past had obstructed legislation in the interest of Union soldiers, dwelling particularly on the opposition to the retirement of General Grant. Mr. Grosvenor (O.) and Mr. Grow (Pa.), however, supported the bill ardently as a graceful and gracious tribute to the vanquished, and when the vote was taken Mr. Boutelle alone voted against it.

The conferees on the Cuban resolutions met yesterday, and adjourned at 3:15 without reaching an agreement, and will meet again today at 2 o'clock.

The house committee on claims reported favorably a bill granting $80,907 to John C. Howe of Massachusetts for the infringement of his patent by the government in the manufacture of cartridges.

In Need of Funds.

NEW HAVEN, March 25.—The Congregational College and Educational society of Boston will celebrate its 80th anniversary in this city June 2 to 4, in connection with the 70th anniversary of the Congregational Home Missionary society. The object of the society is the aiding of deserving candidates for the ministry to secure needed education. In addition to a general appeal for funds from those interested in its work, the society makes a special plea for the maintenance of its educational mission work among the Mormons in Utah and the Mexicans in New Mexico. It estimates its needs as $150,000 the present year.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

ARE TO HUNT MONSTERS

THE ODDEST GAME EXPEDITION OF MODERN TIMES.

Strange Expedition Going to Patagonia From Princeton College—Creatures They Are After Lived Ages Ago—Only Scientists In the Party.

A monster hunting expedition has just been sent out by Princeton college. It is going to Patagonia, where there are more remarkable creatures dead and alive than in any other part of the world. The members of the party expect to make notable additions to the specimens of prehistoric creatures now in this country.

In Patagonia have been dug up remains of extinct birds whose leg bones were bigger than those of a horse. These gigantic fowls were massively built, and probably weighed as much as 600 pounds when full grown. They had enormous heads, which in some instances measured nearly two feet from the back of the skull to the tip of the huge beak. Undoubtedly they were carnivorous, and, it is believed, waders, resembling herons in their habits. They could not fly at all.

This strange country of Patagonia was the home of vast numbers of gigantic sloths, representing numerous species. Some of these queer animals were as big as two elephants, but extremely sluggish. They were very stupid, having nearly the smallest brain of any known mammals in proportion to their size. Their food was vegetables wholly, and it was a habit of theirs to pull up trees by the roots for the purpose of getting at the foliage. For this purpose the monster would squat on its haunches, its massive hind legs and huge tail serving as a sort of tripod, while it grasped the tree trunk with its forearms and dragged it out of the ground.

Not less strange than the sloths were the colossal glyptodons—precursors of the modern armadillos. Though bearing some sort of resemblance to tortoises, they were mammals. They had skeletons on the outside of their bodies as well as on the inside; in other words, they were clad in an impenetrable armor of bone from nose to tail. This armor was solid, and not flexible like that of the armadillo. Full grown specimens attained a length of 10 feet and a weight of over a ton.

In those days there were multitudes of huge creatures in Patagonia, which resembled modern ant eaters, of the genus sloth and full 12 feet long.

Over the plains of Patagonia 100,000 years ago roamed herds of animals related to the modern llamas, which are cousins to the camels of the old world. Some of them were far larger than any camel, as is shown by bones that have been dug up. The whole country is full of the fossil remains of astonishing creatures, whose species have long since passed away. One object of the Princeton expedition is to obtain data that will throw light upon the relation of the fauna of that region to the fauna of North America. It is believed that many species of animals now inhabiting the United States—notably certain rodents, such as the gopher—originated in Patagonia and made their way gradually northward.

The modern fauna of Patagonia is hardly less remarkable than that which is extinct. At the southern extremity of that country the guanacos—animals of the camel tribe—have a "dying place." It is a spot to which all of these beasts inhabiting the neighboring plains repair at the approach of death to deposit their bones. Darwin first recorded this strange instinct of theirs, and his observations have since been fully confirmed by others. Accurately speaking, there are several of these dying places, the best known being on the banks of the Santa Cruz and Gallegos rivers, where the valleys are covered with dense thickets of bushes and trees of stunted growth. There the ground is scattered thickly with the bones of countless dead generations, the animals in most cases having crawled before dying beneath and among the bushes.

Among the extraordinary phenomena observed on the plains of Patagonia are storms of dragon flies. They come before the southwest wind which blows from the interior. It is a cold wind, exceedingly violent. Moving ahead of such a gale are the dragon flies, apparently dying in dread. Most of them are blue in color, with here and there an individual so brilliantly scarlet as to be conspicuous among the others. They come without warning, the air to a height of 10 or 12 feet above the ground being all at once seen to be full of them, rushing past with astonishing velocity in a northeasterly direction. Men and horses in their path are quickly covered with clinging masses of them. They are about twice the size of the dragon flies that are known elsewhere, being 3 or 4 inches in length.—New York Journal.

SENATORIAL COURTESY.

Some Presidential Possibilities Exchange Passing Pleasantries.

Ex-Governor James E. Campbell of Ohio entered the senate lobby during the afternoon. When some one greeted him as "Mr. President," the ex-governor responded that any native born citizen of the United States might some day become president, and so laughingly he said, "I am within the range of possibility."

Ex-Governor Campbell had just remarked that the Ohio delegation to the Chicago convention would be divided on the silver question when Vice President Stevenson came up and greeted him.

"I am glad," remarked Senator Brice, "to see the rival candidates dwell together in harmony."

"If the vice president really desires the nomination," said Mr. Campbell, making a profound bow, "I withdraw at once in his favor."

"And it affords me the greatest pleasure," replied Mr. Stevenson, with an obeisance that was overpowering, "to proffer my allegiance to you."

Senator Brice laughed. "If this was the year 1900 neither of you would be so generous," he said.—Washington Post.

Moving a Town.

The town of Wenatchee, Wash., is to be moved two miles from its present location to a point on the bank of a river. It is a pretty fair sized town too. All the buildings will be moved in the usual way to the new location. There is not an adequate supply of water where the town now stands, and, in addition, the citizens are incensed at the avarice of the owners of the present town site, who have fixed the price of property at a very high figure.

One Grand, Sweet Song.

"We have had no quarrels, no rows, no bickering. We have always been a happy official family, and when I retire to private life that is one feature of my public career to which I shall always be able to look back to with delight." Thus says Grover Cleveland, apropos of a recent canard.—Boston Herald.

Misery Loves Company.

"I suppose your wife keeps things in order at home?"

"Yes, she keeps me and my hat on the rack most of the time."—New York World.

Many of Them.

Teacher—Give me a word that does not exist in the singular.

James—Jones.—Fliegende Blatter.

ALL IN THE FAMILY.

William McKinley and William Allison Are Kinsmen of Some Sort.

Governor McKinley and Senator Allison are kinsmen. Inasmuch as these two men are generally believed to be the leading candidates for the Republican presidential nomination, it may be said the competition for that honor is, in a sense, "all in the family." How close the relationship between McKinley and Allison is no one is able to say at this writing, but that they are kin seems pretty well settled.

Governor McKinley's mother was Nancy Campbell Allison. The Allisons came originally from Great Britain and had first settled in Virginia. This branch of the family migrated to Green county, Pa., where was born Abner Allison, the grandfather of William McKinley, Jr. Abner married Ann Campbell, of a Scotch-German family, and early in this century migrated from Pennsylvania to Columbiana county, O., Mrs. Allison riding the whole distance on horseback, holding in front of her on the horse her youngest child.

They settled on a farm near New Lisbon, and there was born, in 1809, Nancy Allison, who married William McKinley, Sr., in 1829, and who is the mother of Governor McKinley. She is still living in good health at Canton and is a most lovable old lady. Many of her friends who know Senator Allison have noted what they regard as a family resemblance between them. Senator Allison said he had often been asked if Nancy Allison McKinley was of his family, and while he had never been able to determine just what the relationship was he had no doubt they were kin.

The senator said his own immediate branch of the Allison family was from County Monaghan, Ireland, and was Scotch-Irish. It had settled in Center county, Pa. William McKinley, Sr., the governor's father, was born in 1807, in Mercer county, Pa. Senator Allison was himself born in Wayne county, O., which was for one or two terms represented in congress by Governor McKinley.—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

THE CURFEW FAD.

Omaha Adopts an Ordinance Come Down From Ages Past.

By an almost unanimous vote the city council of Omaha has passed the curfew ordinance. It fixes the curfew hour at 9 o'clock from March 1 to Aug. 31 and at 8 o'clock from Sept. 1 to the last day of February. After that hour no child under 15 years of age is supposed to be upon the streets, unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or sent upon an errand. The penalty for each violation is $10 for the child and $25 for the parent or guardian.

Mayor Broatch, when asked whether he would approve the ordinance, said he was rather inclined to veto it, yet may approve it. His action will be largely influenced by the reports from Lincoln, where a curfew ordinance has been in force a few weeks. Everybody there, as far as known, is pleased with the new regulation. It has particularly pleased theatrical managers, and all those having evening entertainments in hand. Depot agents, yardmasters and street railway superintendents say that the ordinance is a great relief to them.

South Omaha has ordained the curfew regulation, which has been approved by Mayor Johnson. There was little or no opposition. Some of the smaller towns of the state have also passed such regulations, chiefly through the efforts of Colonel Hogeland, who predicts that every city in the country will adopt such regulations within a short time. In an editorial The Bee says: "Were it not for the fact that a city council consisting of 17 members, apparently of sound mind, has unanimously passed a so called curfew ordinance for Omaha, nobody would imagine that such a puerile project would find favor in a city which professes to be metropolitan in both size and character."—New York Journal.

A SENSATIONAL RUMOR.

It Is Said That Henry of Battenberg Was Buried at Sea.

An extraordinary story is going the round of the aristocratic clubs in London to the effect that the late Prince Henry of Battenberg, husband of the Princess Beatrice, who died from fever contracted while on the Ashanti expedition, was buried at sea, and that the elaborate obsequies which took place in Whippingham church, on the Isle of Wight, were carried out over an empty coffin, in accordance with the strong views entertained by the queen on the importance of state ceremonies for all dead royalties.

The story is said to have originated with some of the crew of the cruiser Blenheim, by which the body was supposed to have been brought from the coast to Plymouth, who declare that, owing to the rapid and frightful inroads of the deadly fever upon the frame of the prince, the remains began decomposing almost immediately after death; that it was found impossible to utilize the embalming process either outwardly or through the veins, and that, for the protection of the health of those on board and in further view of the fact that there was no airtight or leaden casket available, it was found absolutely necessary within 24 hours of the passing away to lower the remains to the deep.

In some measure the report finds confirmation from the fact that the lid of the oak casket was not removed after its arrival and that consequently no opportunity of looking for the last time upon the face of the dead was afforded either to the widow and her children or to the queen. The story has gained so wide a circulation that it is likely to be given publicity in the radical papers, and it is possible that a question on the subject may be asked in the house of commons.—Chicago Post.

Professor Roentgen Slighted.

Professor Roentgen, it is said, is greatly disgusted with the scientists who have been endeavoring to improve upon the results he had secured from the X rays. He does not think that these scientists are at all courteous. He feels that the man who has made a discovery should be allowed to perfect it himself. For others to build upon his foundation is, to his mind, little short of piracy. We are constantly hearing what English, French, German and Italian scientists are doing with the rays, but no one seems to take the trouble to look up Professor Roentgen himself and find out whether he has anything new.—New York Press.

In Womanly Eyes.

The new Ballington Booth army bonnet ought to be something perfectly heavenly.—Boston Herald.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

Puritana

It cures from head to foot.

Trade Mark. PRIZE FORMULA OF Prof. Obed Crosby, M.D. LL.D. DARTMOUTH COLLEGE. Registered.

Nature's Cure

Improper digestion causes over 92% of all suffering and diseases of the Blood, Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Nerves, Brain or Skin. Puritana renews and strengthens the

Power Producer

of the human system, the Stomach. It makes the health right, because it makes the Stomach right.

It brings New Blood, New Nerve Force, New Strength, New Life.

If you are a sufferer, get of your druggist this great disease-conquering discovery (the price is $1 for the complete treatment, consisting of one bottle of Puritana, one bottle of Puritana Pills, and one bottle of Puritana Tablets, all inclosed in one package), or write to the undersigned, and you will bless the day when you heard of Puritana. The Puritana Compound Co., Concord, N. H.

CATARRH, NOISES, DEAFNESS

"A great remedy—without doubt the greatest discovery of the age."—50 from Herald.

DEAF EAR DEAF DEAF

Dr. David Evans, [SPECIALIST, MASS MEDICAL INST.] Hotel Pelham, 74 Boylston St., Boston, Mass., inventor of Phosphor-Ozonized Air Treatment, the great cure for Deafness, Head Noises, Catarrh and affections of the Ear. Home Treatment sent with inhaling apparatus to all parts. Explanatory pamphlet with testimonials from those who were deaf 5 to 35 years mailed free. Deaf 18 years. Mr. Watkin Price, 2 Hills Ct., Boston. Deaf 30 years, Mr. Thomas F. Saunders, 25 Field St., Boston. Deaf 20 years, Maria T. Rawlins, 63 Monument St., Charlestown, Mass. Deaf 11 years, Mr. Chas. A. Crawford, 2288 Washington St., Boston. Deaf 9 years, Mr. Thos. J. Colleton, Everett, Mass. Deaf 22 years, Mrs. Helen Sherman, 559 Chalkstone Ave., Providence R. I. Deaf 21 years, Mr. W. H. Pratt, Sexton of Bromfield St. Methodist Church, Boston, Mass., and a thousand others.

Dr. Evans will visit LOWELL One Day Each Month—the last FRIDAY—and may be consulted FREE OF CHARGE, from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 9 o'clock at night, at the American House, thus giving an opportunity to all to consult him. Next visit,

Friday, March 27th.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to October 20, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.30, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 7.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays; SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones of Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 20, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5 45, 6 30, †6 50, *7 45, *8 50, †9 00, 10 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, †3 00, 4 30, †5 33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 1 45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5 48, 6 34, †6 53, 8 01, §7 18, §*7 27, *7 48, *8 57, §9 13, *9 30 11 03, 11 45 a.m.; 12 16, 1 43, *3 03, *4 03, 4 53, 5 20, *5 36, 6 24, † 62 p.m. SUNDAYS, §*7 18, §*7 27, 1 43, *9 16 a. m; $4 23, $5 58 p. m.

For Woburn, 6 30, §7 01, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., $4 23, $5 58 p.m.

*Express. §Northern Depot Only. †Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15, 5.36 p. m

For Salem, and Way Stations, $7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.

☞ Time given below is from Middlesex street station.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.15 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p.m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.14 9.45 a.m; 12.11, 1.00, 1 42, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.00 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.

For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, (1.42 to Franklin and Bristol only), 5.42, 8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40 a. m; 1.42 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m; 1.42, 8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, 8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—8.45 a. m.; 8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via White River Junction, 12.11, 8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.

☞ † Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 573 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Merrimack, Palmer, and Middle Streets.

Gloves.

Don't come too late to get some of the bargains from the Maynard stock. This is a reminder that there are some still to be had. Our prices are from half to three-quarters Maynard's prices.

Merrimack Street—Left Aisle.

Black Dress Goods.

Almost daily we are receiving New Black Dress Goods in new weaves and designs, at new prices, as you have never seen goods of equal value at such reasonable prices. We guarantee everything that we sell, misrepresentation we do not allow. English Cravenettes in full twilled diagonal and cheviot finish, 56 and 60 inches wide, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2. These are the kind that shed water. Novelty Goods, all wool, with mohair figures, 40 and 44 inches wide, at $1.25 a yard. Something new in mohair weaves:

44 INCHES WIDE - - - $1.00
50 " " - - - $1.25

Palmer Street—Right Aisle.

Dye House Agency

The time will soon be here when you will want your old dress dipped, dyed or cleansed; if you anticipate having it done, just remember you can leave it at our office before Saturday and you can have it the following Saturday, done in a most satisfactory manner at a reasonable price.

Merrimack Street—Office.

Witchkloth

Is becoming acquainted in a great many households. Is it acquainted in yours? Three skeins 15c., 2 for 25 and 50c.

Merrimack Street—Front.

New Wrappers.

Every woman needs a wrapper, some two or three, the line you will find here will not be found elsewhere.

The wrappers we buy are made specially for us, and no matter what price you pay, it must be right in fit, in the making, and must not be scant, skimped in cutting, but full and liberal. $1 Indigo Blues, Grays, Reds, Pinks, Light Colors, Black and White Figures. We have Percales, Lawns, Victoria Cloths, Cambrics, and Swiss Muslin Wrappers, handsomely trimmed, from $1.25 upward.

Merrimack Street—Second Floor.

Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases.

The dictionary defines economy as applying money to the best advantage. This is particularly applicable in purchasing our Ready Made Sheets and Pillow-Cases. We give you the choice of any of the standard makes of Cotton, made in different widths in which they are woven, and charge you nothing for the making. Our prices for Sheets and Pillow Cases ready made, are the same as you would pay for the materials.

All Sheets are torn off by hand and warranted to launder perfectly.

1 lot Unbleached Sheets, made from Dwight Cotton, 2 yards x 2 1-2 yards, 39c.

1 lot Bleached and Half Bleached Sheets, 2 1-2 x 2 1-2 yards, extra fine, 50c.

1 lot of Hemstitched Pillow Cases, as a special offering 15c., the regular price is 20c.

Merrimack Street—Left Aisle.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Wages Increased.

Every person working for a living is always anxious for an increase of their Wages. The way to get it is to visit the Union Market where you will save enough on your weekly purchases to add ONE DOLLAR to your income. Don't forget this and give us a trial, you will be more satisfied.

THE ONLY

Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South

Think of it Now.
Your Rooms Need Papering.
NEW SPRING WALL PAPERS.
A. L. Kittredge & Co.,
208 Central St.

BICYCLES.

Have You a Bicycle?

If not, do not delay but purchase one at once. For health, there is nothing like a bicycle. There is nothing like a spin on a wheel to make a man or woman feel like a new being. Do not wait until the summer is half past before thinking it over, but come now and examine our Temple wheels. There are no better ones made. Bicycling discounts horses, and nothing can be healthier than the exertion of propelling it. Everybody will wheel this summer, so come and be in the swim.

S. A. Byam

62 CENTRAL STREET.

OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

French Academy.

Director, M. MICHEL, Of Paris.

Private Lessons and Classes in French Language, Elocution, Vocal Culture, Piano, Organ, etc.

FRENCH LANGUAGE and SINGING taught by Prof. M. MICHEL.

For Terms and Particulars apply from 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 81 Merrimack street.

MONEY SAVERS

1 LOT LADIES' KID BUTTON, regular $3 goods, slightly shop-worn, we will close them out at HALF PRICE— $1.50.

1 LOT MEN'S LACE SHOES, others ask $2 for this line of goods. BARGAIN PRICE $1.50.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers.

Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 6 cents a hundred.

NEW MUSIC HALL, W. H. BOODY Manager.

3 NIGHTS Commencing Monday, March 23 and Wednesday Matinee.

American Gaiety Girls Burlesque Co.

Two Big Burlesques,

"THE BLOOMER CLUB"

AND

"Rob-Hip-Hur-Roy"

Introducing Tiddlewinks, the Boy Wonder; Sadie Huestedt, Florence Harvey, and the Houdinis wonderful $10,000 European Mystic Metamorphosis.

Bright Specialties, handsome costumes.

15—PRETTY WOMEN—15

THREE Nights and Saturday Matinee, Commencing Thursday, Mar. 26.

E. A. Mitchell's sublime production, "The VENDETTA," introducing Wm. Fairbanks and his clever company. See the collision at sea, with the electric search light exactly as used in the U. S. navy.

SAVOY THEATRE

G. T. DUNBAR, Manager.

Week of March 23rd.

GEO. EVANS, the original "Honey Boy," author of "I'll be True to my Honey Boy," and "Standing on the Corner, Didn't Mean no Harm."

THE ONLY TRAVELLE, The World's Greatest Fantalist.

BRYANT & SAVILLE, the leading Musical Comedians of the century.

ELLA MORRIS, the only Lady Ventriloquist in the world.

MONSULLA AND RUSSELL, The Flying Meteors.

The Two Aces—BAISLEY and SIMONDS, rough, eccentric comedy sketch duo.

GIRARD and THOMPSON, Irish Knockabouts—Niagara, "Watch the Falls."

MLLE. MORELLO, and her troupe of trained spaniels.

Prices: 10, 20, 25, 35c. Box seats 50c. Tickets may be secured 3 days in advance at theatre or at Leed's Ticket Agency, Reed's Building. Entertainments daily at 2:30 and 8 p. m. Doors open at 1.45 and 7.15 p. m. Souvenirs for ladies at every Friday evening performance. Children admitted to all parts of the house at matinee for 10c. and presents will be given them every Saturday afternoon.

Wonderland Musee

AND PARLOR THEATRE.

Located on the Site of the Bijou Theatre, opposite City Hall.

The Ladies' and Children's Realm of Pleasure. Lowell's Home of Pure and Clean Amusement. Another Cyclone of Features.

WEEK OF MARCH 23

Headed by the World's Superlative Degree Attraction, Enoch.

An Aquatic Marvel! The Man With Fins, Smokes, Drinks and Sleeps Under Water in plain sight of the and encein a Mammoth Crystal Aquarium holding 10 0 gallons. The only man in the world who plays a Lumbone under water.

A Wild West Novelty shooting act. Arizona Jack and Queen Dona. The acknowledged Champion Fancy Rifle Shots of the Universe, in the most superb and wonderful shooting act ever presented to public notice.

The Transatlantic Mystery, MAXEY, "the Needle Marvel." He permits 75 needles to be placed in his mouth, and after a thorough examination they are found to have disappeared. They are afterwards found in his mouth as threaded.

Thaumia, the Mystic Half-Lady Illusion; Washburn's Automotions; Diana, the Fortune Teller; Shooting Gallery, etc.

On the Stage in the Theatre.

Jackson and Casselle, the Henroost Inspectors.
James R. Adams, the Emperor of the Stilts.
Fanny Fields, German Character Artist.
Charles Castleton, the Prince of Comedy.
The Magniley's, America's Greatest Acrobats.
George Marsh, the Male-Voiced Vocalist.
Parker & Retardo, famous Female Impersonators.

The Stock Company in a Mirthful Farce.

The Best and Cleanest Vaudeville Establishment in the City.

Doors open at 1 and 6.30 p. m. Stage Performances commence at 2.30, 4, 8 and 9.30 p. m. Exhibition in Curio Hall one hour previous.

Admission 10 Cents.

$4.00.

Minnesota Haxall Flour

We offer one week only, 150 barrels of "Lowell Bell" at $4 per barrel. This flour is from one of the best mills in Minnesota.

This is a Special Sale price, the same as our potatoes at $1 per barrel, and beans 5c. per quart.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Merchant.

415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

WET FEET

lead to Colds.
Colds develop into Pneumonia—the great harvester for Father Time!

Take a Dose Now and Then of

ROCK RYE and HONEY

CURES.

GO TO CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT FOR Fine Custom Tailoring

42 CENTRAL STREET.

E. B. DONOVAN, Office, 25 Gorham Street Constable and Auctioneer.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC FOR WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25.

SUN RISES..... 5 35 | MOON SETS .. 9 43 AM
SUN SETS..... 6 03 | HIGH SEA ... 7 45 AM
LENGTH OF DAY..12 29 | HIGH SEA ... 8 15 PM

Forecast for New England: Fair and decidedly warmer; southerly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

The gentlemen's delight, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

Special sale of flour at F. M. Barney's $4 per barrel. Seegal.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

See ad. in want column of Misses Keefe and Stevens, fashionable dressmakers.

There was a slight fire in the cellar of a house on Lewis street, yesterday afternoon.

Isyourbinlow? If so order your coal now of Rourke & Sullivan by postal or telephone.

In the senate yesterday, Senator Pearson's bill relative to annual returns from corporations was engrossed without debate.

Best coal at lowest prices at E. A. Wilson's, cor. of Bridge and Merrimack street Runels building. If you have no time to call, telephone.

For sickness and health pure whiskey is a valuable beverage and I. W. Harper's is at the head of the list. Ask John Nolan for a bottle. Telephone, 535-5.

The Old Middlesex Chapter of the Sons of the Revolution met at the residence of Charles E. Adams on Wilder street, yesterday, and admitted six new members.

Mr. John T. Williams and Miss Gertrude C. Smith were united in marriage by Rev. O. H. Denny at 35 No. Franklin court Monday evening and on the same evening John Rivers and Miss Annie Smith were married by Rev. Mr. Denny at 78 Varney street.

Court Merrimack, F. of A., elected the following delegates to the state convention, last evening: Joseph H. Dallagher, Charles W. Deehan, William E. Dwyer, Thomas M. Leeson, John McFadden, Thomas Muldoon, Owen O'Neil, William H. Stafford, Edwin F. Young. James F. Miskella. Ten alternates were also chosen.

The Normal School.

At the state house, Tuesday, the committee on education reported a resolve appropriating $50,000 for the Lowell normal school and also money for grading, furnishing and fitting up the new state normal schools.

An Honest Man Found a Check.

Arthur Provost of Race street found a check for $65, Tuesday. It was made out in favor of Nat Davis, and endorsed by Davis & Sargent.

Mr. Provost started in search of Mr. Davis and succeeded in locating him. The latter was very thankful to Mr. Provost and rewarded him for his honesty.

Littlehale a Medal Winner.

The proud winner of the silver medal offered by the officers of Co. B, High school battalion, is Private Littlehale.

The drill was held yesterday afternoon in the High school hall.

Regiment Adjutant Cecil L. Adams in a neat little speech handed the medal to Private Littlehale.

Lieutenant Thurlow had charge of the drill and Corporal Tuttle of Co. C, 6th Regiment and Corporal Shea of Co. G, 6th Regiment were the judges.

A NEW ARMORER.

Charles F. Carr Appointed to Succeed Armorer Farnsworth.

Charles F. Carr has been appointed to succeed Armorer Farnsworth at the armory. Mr. Carr as a veteran of the late war and is well known here. He resides at 30 Pawtucket street. He will take charge at the armory April 1.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

Here's the way they do it in New York:

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
New York City.

Spitting on the floors of public conveyances is a nuisance, is frequently a means of communicating disease, and is hereby forbidden.

By order of the board of health.

CHARLES G. WILSON, President.
EMMONS CLARK, Secretary.

This notice is hung up in all the public conveyances of the town, and expectorators must govern themselves accordingly.

It would be well to adopt the rule in some offices we know in Lowell.

The Wellesley faculty has declined to permit girls to go without butter in order to raise money for the Armenians, as was the rather romantic plan proposed by one of the students. The faculty thinks there are other things which the students might better deny themselves—chewing gum, perhaps, although that was not mentioned.

The newly-formed Elizabeth Whittier Woman's club, whose object is to buy and reserve in its ancient dignity the Amesbury home of the Quaker poet, should receive the hearty support of all New England, for, of our many poets, Whittier was most distinctive of this corner of the country.

The book of personal reminiscences with which Mrs. Mary Anderson Navarro has occupied her superabundant leisure since her retirement from the stage is announced for next Thursday. The British part of it rather swamps in size and interest the earlier American portion.

"God" has been eliminated from the new name of Ballington Booth's army and so has "American." Let us hope there are no omens to be inferred therefrom.

It may interest Lowell people to know that the cottage at Fordham, New York, which Edgar Allan Poe occupied half a century ago, and in which, Jan. 30, 1847, his wife, was Virginia Clem, died, is to be preserved as a literary shrine, though it may have to be removed from its present site. It is now in an excellent condition of preservation on the King's bridge road, between Anthony avenue and High bridge or Fordham road, opposite the proposed Poet's park, whose boundaries, if the present survey stands, are to be Anthony avenue, Primrose street, and the King's Bridge road. Much of Poe's best literary work was done in the Fordham house. In it were written The Bells, Ulalume, To Helen, Annabel Lee, For Annie, Eldorado, Eureka, Landor's Cottage and Domain of Arnheim.

Teas.

Buy our high grade teas and coffees, they are the best. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

MORTON VICTORY

At the New York State Convention Yesterday.

McKINLEY MEN IN EVIDENCE AT FIRST.

Their Plans Were Nipped in the Bud.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The Republican convention has finished its labors. The preliminary sparring that has been going on for weeks ended in the final battle last night, and the forces that have been dormant for two years kept within the state boundaries the honor of the presidential endorsement of the greatest state in the Union, the state casting the largest number of votes in the electoral college. That endorsement goes to Governor Levi P. Morton.

The delegates-at-large will be Thomas C. Platt of Tioga, Warner Miller of Herkimer, Chauncey M. Depew of New York and Edward Lauterbach of New York.

The alternates will be Hamilton Fish of Garrison's, Frank S. Witherbee of Port Henry, C. H. Babcock of Rochester and Daniel McMillan of Buffalo.

The electors-at-large will be General Benjamin F. Tracy of New York and Edward H. Butler of Buffalo.

The platform of the party is as follows:

The Republicans of New York in convention assembled again declare their firm and unyielding adherence to the doctrine of protection to American industries, protection to the products of the American farm and protection to American labor. We are in favor of a tariff which, while providing an income sufficient to meet the expenses of government honestly and economically administered, as the same time secures home labor and home capital from unequal foreign competition. We believe in a reciprocity with other governments which shall give our manufacturers and producers an opportunity to dispose of their surplus products and to obtain articles we need from those countries on the most advantageous terms.

The agitation of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 seriously disturbs all industrial interests and calls for a clear statement of the Republican party's attitude on this question, to the end that the trade of this country at home and abroad may again be placed upon a sound and stable foundation.

We recognize in the movement for free coinage of silver an attempt to degrade the long-established standard of our monetary system, and hence a blow to public and private credit, at once costly to the national government and harmful to our domestic and foreign commerce.

Until there is a prospect of international agreement as to silver coinage, and while gold remains the standard of the United States and of the civilized world, the Republican party of New York declares itself in favor of the firm and honorable maintenance of that standard.

We believe in a business administration of the government by business principles for the benefit of the suffering business interests of this great people. For nearly four years the material progress of the nation has been blocked, so all branches of trade have suffered and the workmen have been deprived of reasonable and living wages by the utter lack of business common sense among our Democratic rulers. It is the duty and privilege of the Republican party to promptly mend this unhappy state of affairs by nominating and electing a business man for the presidency, and we ask the aid of thoughtful Republicans everywhere in this great meritorious work.

On this platform we present Governor Levi P. Morton as New York's Republican candidate for president. He is every way fit for the high office, and he is peculiarly the man of the hour. He has been a business man with business men. He would prove a business president for the good of all interests of the people. He has been representative in congress, minister to France, vice president of the United States and governor of New York, and each of these positions he has filled with an ability which has never been surpassed, with lasting credit to himself and great benefit to his state and to his country.

His grasp of public affairs was never so clear and comprehensive as it is today, and his ability to labor earnestly for the welfare of the nation was never so distinctly marked as now. Governor Morton's long and varied public career offers proof positive that he is a sincere and earnest Republican, and that fidelity to the principles of his party is with him a second nature. He stands for honesty in public office. There is no doubt as to the esteem in which he is held at his home. Two years since he polled over 155,000 more votes than the most popular Democrat in the state, receiving by far the greatest majority ever given a Republican candidate for governor.

Governor Morton's long and honorable public service, his spotless character, his great executive ability, his devotion to his party and its principles, eminently fit him for the presidency and entitle him to our hearty and enthusiastic support. Therefore, we instruct our delegates to the St. Louis convention to present him as our candidate for president, and urge upon them to use every honorable means to secure his nomination.

The Day's Business.

Rev. Dr. David J. Burrill opened the day's proceedings with prayer.

Cornelius R. Parsons of Rochester was made temporary chairman, and, on taking the chair, made a speech. He said the Democratic party is an aggregation of sectional groups at war with each other, each contending for narrow local, even individual, advantages, irreconcilable with the welfare of the republic. It has brought upon the country a succession of business disasters, for which it seeks to make guilty the sun, moon and the weather, as if they came "by divine thrusting on."

The Republican party, he said, stands for something definite. Its treatment of public credit and finance has invariably been conservative and efficient. The business world knows from experience that it has not only a well-defined policy, but has the character and strength when in power to cause its policy to be exemplified in laws. The certainty of its early restoration, he added, has already begun to inspire popular confidence, so that the present industrial depression will soon cease.

The Republican party, he assured the convention, is committed to a currency that will command the world's confidence, without which lucrative domestic production and progressive foreign commerce are impossible.

A committee on resolutions were then appointed and the convention took a recess until 7:30 p. m.

The scene at the evening session was different from that of the morning. Every available inch of room was taken and the galleries were filled with brilliantly dressed women. It was 7:30 before Temporary Chairman Parsons banged down his gavel.

Senator Brackett, chairman of the committee on contested seats, detailed the number of contests as given in the report of the proceedings, and when he read that the sitting delegates in all but one district had been allowed to retain their seats, there were cheers and applause, and there were but a few dissenting votes when the question of adoption of the report was put.

Frederick S. Gibbs, of the committee on permanent organization, reported the name of Congressman Southwick of Albany for permanent chairman and the list of vice presidents and secretaries detailed in the afternoon session. While the secretary was reading, Thomas C. Platt entered the hall, and the delegates arose and cheered him. Chairman Lauterbach of the county committee also came in for a share of the applause, and it was 10 minutes before order could be restored.

The chair appointed Senators White and Malby to escort Permanent Chairman Southwick to the platform, and the Albany band played "We Won't Go Home Until Morning," while the convention cheered Mr. Platt and Mr. Southwick repeatedly. When quiet was restored, Congressman Southwick began his address.

Chairman Southwick said in part: "If I were to assume the rule of a political prophet, I would predict that in November next the American people will vote into power at Washington that party which declares for the American system of protection to home labor and industry, and the maintenance of a system of sound and honest money.

"Historically, the Republican party has stood steadfastly for the principle of protection. That principle was incorporated as an article of political faith in the first national platform of the party in 1856, and it has been co-existent with the history of the United States and the Republican party. No Republican possesses a patent of the issue of protection, nor a monopoly in any other form. The only monopoly of the issue at the present time is enjoyed by the Republican party, and each Republican owns an equal share of the honor with every other Republican. No sturdier protectionist will be presented to the favor of the St. Louis convention than Levi P. Morton.

"That crowning infamy of Democratic tariff policy, the Wilson-Gorman act, has been a tariff for deficiency. Scarcely a month has elapsed since it was placed upon the statute books in which the government's receipts have equalled the expenditures.

"To the Republican party the people have ever turned since its organization, when financial problems were presented for solution, and to it they are turning again. And I deem it an omen of sure Republican victory next November that the probability of Democratic endorsement of silverism and the possibility even of fusion with Populism attracts little attention, while Republican conventions in every state are jealously watched by the people of the United States in confident anticipation of pronounced declarations in favor of sound and honest money.

"Today the eyes of the American people of the civilized nations of the world are strained in the direction of the city of New York, and from this convention I believe will go forth expressions in favor of sound and honest money which will be received with favor wherever national honor and good faith with the nation's creditors have an abiding place."

Mr. Southwick closed with the following reference to Governor Morton: "The imposing character of this demonstration in favor of Levi P. Morton's presidential candidacy cannot be doubted. Its auspiciously inaugurates the fight which will be waged for success, and to the end, at St. Louis. Here are centered the vast business interests of the country. Here is the largest city, the greatest industrial center, the leading seaport and the most important money market of the Western hemisphere.

"The business men of the city of New York know Levi P. Morton, and honor and respect his character and attainments. His judgment is assurance positive to them that the greatest business establishment in the land—the government of the United States—would be run by a business man, on business methods, and with regard to the importance of maintaining friendly relations and commerce with the nations of the world in these troublous times, were Levi P. Morton in the White House."

McKinley Sentiment.

After considerable skirmishing the following document was read by Mr. Fitchie of Brooklyn:

To the Republican Convention of the State of New York: The minority of the committee on nominations respectfully disagree with the majority report in the choice of delegates-at-large to the Republican convention at St. Louis. Mr. C. M. Depew and Warner Miller, it is understood, are willing to cast their votes in accordance with the sentiment of their state. It is therefore desirable that their associates be of a kindred spirit, and that the minority of the committee on nominations respectfully present as the other two delegates Colonel Baker B. Jewett of Buffalo and General Samuel Thomas of New York, with the recommendation that if it appears that after the first ballot Hon. Levi P. Morton cannot be the choice of the convention that the delegates-at-large from this state will use all honorable means to promote the cause of William McKinley.

Then pandemonium reigned, one half of the audience rising and shouting for McKinley as the name was read. The chairman's gavel was raised again and again, but without effect. The house was in an uproar.

The vote on the minority amendment proceeded amid great excitement, and at its conclusion the chair announced the vote as 631 against and 109 votes for the amendment, and there was wild cheering.

The full report of the committee was then adopted by a viva voce vote. Senator Lexow then announced the fact that the platform was ready, and stepping to the front, he read the platform as detailed.

When the reading of the platform was finished, Senator Lexow moved the adoption of it, and it was adopted without debate.

To the surprise of all who were present, except the leaders, Chairman Southwick put the motion to adjourn at 9:57 o'clock, and it was carried without dissent. This was not in accord with the plan arranged in the afternoon, for Sutherland, Fassett and Lauterbach had been asked to speak and had prepared outlines of their remarks. This change was made on account of the lateness of the hour, because of the voting on the Fitchie amendment.

Bank Officials Suspended.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 25.—The Midway Deposit bank, one of the best business institutions in central Kentucky, is in trouble, and W. M. Shipp, cashier, and C. W. Stone, bookkeeper, have been discharged, pending investigation. It developed that there is an alleged shortage, which it is believed will foot up $40,000.

Police Officer Sued For $1000.

CONCORD, N. H., March 25.—George S. Dennett, who was removed from the chair while undertaking to act as presiding officer of the board of assessors at its meeting last January, has brought a civil suit for trespass against Special Officer Dixon, claiming $1000 damages. At that time the board was having considerable of an argument over who was actual chairman, and Mr. Dixon was called in, and after a tussle got Mr. Dennett from the platform. The latter claims that the officer committed an assault upon him by using more force than was necessary.

Harvard Tonic Pills

A Positive Cure For All

Nervous and Kidney Diseases

MR. BAYARD AGAIN

He Speaks of Patriotism and Pluck

AND REFERS TO THE CENSURE EPISODE.

He Advocates Freedom of Speech for Everybody.

LONDON, March 25.—Sir W. H. Wilkin, lord mayor of London, presided at the banquet of the City of London Pension society last night. Ambassador Bayard, in responding to the toast, "Kith and Kin Beyond the Seas," made a significant speech, in which he said:

"Your kindred beyond the seas are as like as two peas to those of Great Britain. The two peas are patriotism and pluck." Then, after a reference to the charitable disposition of the race throughout the world, Mr. Bayard said: "Your kindred beyond the seas are not always unanimous. Nevertheless, there is one voice that appeals to them all. Since I came to England, I have never found occasion to change my tone. There is nothing I would say at home that I would not say here, and there is nothing I would say here that I would not say at home. I do not expect unanimity; I would almost say God forbid.

"But do not expect us to speak in a tone to suit everybody, for in the system of government prevailing here and carried on beyond the Atlantic there is something that enables a man to speak according to his own conscience. There, indeed, is the strength of this country and the strength of my own. When the time shall come that a man shall not dare to speak the thoughts that swell within him for the public good, God help the country.

"Tennyson said, 'Whether bound by friends or foes, man may speak the thing he will,' and I believe the echo of these words is as strong in the country of my birth and where my best hopes lie as in yours. Here lies that which shall keep both countries moving onwards and upwards in the cause of civilization. We will never suppress the truth for fear of evil consequences, but will tell it whether we live or whether we have to die."

Wealthy President of Corporation Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—The finding of the body of a young and pretty woman at 2026 Girard avenue, after she had been dead for 24 hours, was followed by the arrest of Samuel P. Langdon, president of the United Collieries company. The authorities refuse to make public the exact charge upon which Langdon was arrested, but it is understood that he and the young woman, who was Miss Annie McGrath, aged 18, had lived together in the house as man and wife for over a month. Langdon is a man of prominence and 55 years old. The girl first met Langdon when the latter employed her as his stenographer and typewriter. Langdon has a wife, son and daughter, who are said to be living about 14 miles out of Pittsburg.

Thousands Are Suffering.

NEW YORK, March 25.—In response to $15,000 sent last week to Constantinople by Brown Bros. & Co., treasurers of the Armenian relief fund of the Red Cross, the following cable has just been received: "Philippopolis, March 24. Your two remittances most timely; thanks. Distribution by Harpoot committee reaches 54,000 souls. Over 1000 have died of exposure and starvation there alone. We are supporting 15 other centers. Need appalling. A nation is threatened with extermination. International Relief Committee."

Family of Seven Killed.

ALMA, Wis., March 25.—An investigation shows that the seven members of the House family who were found dead in the ruins of their burned home the sixth inst. were murdered. An inquest was held at the time, and a verdict of accidental death was returned. Yesterday the bodies were exhumed. It was found that two bullets had penetrated the skull of the father; that the mother's skull had been crushed, and that the head of one of the children had been crushed in. Robbery is supposed to have been the motive.

Must Depend Upon Herself.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., March 25.—Colonial Treasurer Ward, speaking at Vinton, said that a large increase of the debt of the colony must be expected, as New Zealand could not expect Great Britain always to protect her. The time would shortly arrive, he said, when it would be necessary to obtain millions of pounds to provide their own fleet.

STRANGLED HIS WIFE.

Hiram H. Morrison Confesses to Having Strangled His Wife.

BOSTON, March 25.—The murder mystery of Cambridge street is solved, and last night in the presence of Captain Wescott, Inspector Abbott and Officers Gilmore, Houghton and Danforth and a reporter, Hiram H. Morrison confessed to the murder of his wife by strangulation. He said that he was wild with jealousy and rage and had his wife by the throat and death had come before he really knew. Neighbors and friends of the woman and her husband tell many stories of their frequent quarrels. Many times in the presence of witnesses would they fight, and every time, when mad with rage, they say, his hands would instinctively seize her throat. Theirs is a story of a young wife fond of society not always the best and an older husband insanely jealous. Both have led lives of dissipation. Both had seen better days. Both were quick to anger.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BUNKER HILL WRITING PAPER, 25c A POUND,

Envelopes to match. Crepe Tissue paper, all colors, 25c per roll.
Pictures framed to order at lowest prices.

Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE, City Hall Square

AYER'S PILLS

THE PILL THAT WILL CURE HEADACHE DYSPEPSIA CONSTIPATION

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Poachers threaten to destroy all the buffalo in Yellowstone Park.

Harry Hanson, recently chosen keeper of the Saco (Me.) jail, has resigned.

The trial of Rev. William T. Brown for heresy was begun at Madison, Conn.

The Brazilian government has adopted measures to suppress monarchic intrigues.

Increased hostility to England is noticeable in material ways throughout the Transvaal.

German Socialist deputies are accused of stealing for publication the government's amnesty decree.

President Cleveland's emissary to Chicago is satisfied that sound money men there are in the majority.

The Waterford Baptist church at Blackstone, Mass., has accepted the resignation of its pastor, Rev. B. M. Briggs.

Councilman Edward F. Marsh of Nashua, N. H., dropped dead at his home. He was a prominent business man.

Fire started in the postoffice at Gypsum City, Kan., and destroyed a considerable part of the business portion of the town.

Canadian Pacific railway earnings for the week ending March 21 were $341,000; same period last year, $269,000. Increase, $72,000.

A Vienna dispatch says that Russia refuses to assent to the Egyptian debt commission paying the expenses of the Dongola expedition.

New York parties have given a contract to Kelley, Spear & Co. of Bath, Me., for a barge for coastwise trade, which will be 230ft. keel, 43ft. beam.

The Democratic convention of the Eleventh Texas district nominated Rudolph Kleberg for congress, to succeed the late Congressman Crain.

At Cleveland, Judge Ong, in common pleas court, sentenced Bushrod Kelch to be hanged July 23. Kelch murdered his divorced wife last November.

Charles Marston, an aged tramp, who was sentenced from the Biddeford (Me.) municipal court under the vagrancy act, died at the county jail at Alfred.

Mrs. Annie Hogan fell down stairs at Salem, Mass., while holding a lighted lamp. The lamp exploded, and she was severely burned. It is feared she will die from the shock.

General O. O. Howard gave an address at Boston on reminiscences of General Sherman. Resolutions were adopted asking congress to confer upon the general the rank of lieutenant general.

Claremont (N. H.) high school won in the debate from Keene, the question being: "Resolved, that the United States should abolish the tariff and institute free trade." Claremont had the affirmative.

Husband Wants Divorce.

ROWLEY, Mass., March 25.—Mrs. Lillabelle Kent left her home suddenly Saturday. William Smith, aged 30, also left town Saturday. William Kent, the husband, believes the missing pair are together. He will commence divorce proceedings. Mrs. Kent went away with Smith about a year ago, and remained about a month. Kent has been married about four years.

Won't Meet at 'Frisco.

CHICAGO, March 25.—At a meeting of the general officers of the Women's National Temperance union yesterday it was decided not to hold the national convention in San Francisco, although thatcity had been previously chosen. The refusal of the railway companies to give favorable rates is said to be the cause. It is probable that the convention will be held in St. Louis.

New York CLOAK and Suit Co.

NO. 12 JOHN STREET.

OUR GRAND SPRING OPENING

WILL TAKE PLACE

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY,

March 26th, 27th, 28th.

We cordially invite you to inspect our stock, which comprises the handsomest and most complete assortment of imported and Domestic Suits, Tea Gowns, Jackets, Capes, Waists, etc., ever shown in Lowell. We show many exclusive novelties, which cannot be seen elsewhere.

☞ Our store will be open Friday evenings until further notice.

HEYWOOD AND WAKEFIELD CARRIAGE

$3.98 TO $15.

Ask to see our $10 special.

ROBERTSON & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

BAY STATE LEGISLATURE

A LARGE APPROPRIATION AUTHORIZED FOR COURT HOUSE

In Worcester County—Committee on Manufactures Hear New Arguments.

BOSTON, March 25. — The senate and house didn't overwork themselves yesterday, and of the house in particular it may be said that there were scarcely a quorum present. The committee on counties reported a bill authorizing the expenditure of $375,000 for the building of a courthouse for Worcester county. The house rejected the bill to change the location of the Campello station in Brockton on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. A bill was reported in the senate outlining a scheme of public school supervision recommended by the board of education of the state. The committee on education reported a resolve appropriating over $200,000 to the different normal schools of the state. The committee on manufactures listened to further arguments against the Whitney gas bill. The committee on street railways had before them the petition for an amendment of the Boynton Bicycle railway charter, the principal address at the hearing being by General O. O. Howard. Among other hearings were those relative to the proposed grade and terminal changes on the New England railroad, and the supervision of telephone companies.

Nansen and the Pole.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 25.—At a meeting of the Geographical society here, Baron Toll read a letter from Professor Brogger of Christiania professing the belief that Dr. Nansen had discovered the pole and was returning by way of the new Siberian islands. He thought he would likely reach Norway in the autumn. Baron Toll concurred in this view, and said that if he had not returned by the autumn, there would still be time to send an expedition in search of him.

No New Testimony.

LONDON, March 25.—The examination of Dr. Jameson and his officers was resumed yesterday. The testimony of the witnesses was of the same character as that taken at the former hearings.

A WAR RELIC

Of Service of a Lowell Man. Many More Like it.

A distinguished badge in Lowell is the G. A. R. button.

Reminds us all of past service.

But the unseen badges speak louder.

The war left but few men physically right.

The tented field is not a home life.

And hard usage left weak spots for later trouble.

Lame backs and weak kidneys are relics of soldier days.

The men of 50 who have lame backs, in most cases had army experience.

These are the badges the boys don't wear.

But having them they are learning the cure.

Frank Zeseweitz lives at 150 Dummer street.

He had two years of light artillery riding.

And suffered much from weak back.

It followed him through life.

Painful backache — urinary trouble — sleepless nights.

Tried many medicines with little benefit.

He adds: "I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co's, Merrimack and Central streets, and had taken but a few when I felt much better, and today I am free from the backache, and the unnatural urinating has ceased. I am not in any way inconvenienced now and I give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit. You may use my name and say that without hesitation I recommend them to all who have any kidney disease."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

G. C. TAYLOR & CO.

Successors to Cook, Taylor & Co.,

98-100 MERRIMACK STREET.

Special Bargains IN LADIES' SEPARATE SKIRTS AND Black and Colored DRESS GOODS

FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

Special cut prices on any of the above goods for this sale. The greatest bargains ever offered.

50 handsome dress skirts, in fancy figured, only $3.35, richly worth $5.

100 extra fine goods, latest style, best finish, extra well bound skirts $4.50, worth $6.

75 very best quality black dress skirts, beautiful figures, $5, sold all over for $7.

BLACK DRESS GOODS—20 pieces 48-inch silk finished henrietta 49c, down from 75c.

15 pieces heavy black sicilian 49c, worth 69c.

50 pieces figured mohair brilliantines, all different patterns, very fine goods, 49c. down from 65c.

25 pieces colored dress goods, in choice checks and mixtures, 25c, worth 50c.

20 pieces silk mixtures, in beautiful new colors, 49c, were 75.

A very large assortment of foreign novelty dress patterns.

Special low prices for Wednesday and Thursday.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25.

BIG REDUCTION On GENUINE GRANITE and AGATE IRONWARE

25 per cent. from regular list price on first quality goods.

67 cent Teapots only 50 cents each.
75 cent Teapots only 56 cents each.
84 cent Teapots only 63 cents each.
33 cent Lip Sauce Pans 24 cents each.
42 cent Lip Sauce Pans 31 cents each.
66 cent Lip Sauce Pans 43 cents each.
88 cent Lip Sauce Pans 65 cents each.
$1.17 Rice Boilers 86 cents each.
$2.00 Rice Boilers $1.50 each.
Covered convex Roasting Pans 33 cents each.
75 cent heavy polished Tin Teapots 39 cents.
25 cent Tin Teapots only 10 cents.
10 dozen Porcelain Tea Cups and Saucers that sold to date $1.75 dozen, only $1.19.
5 dozen Porcelain Coffees, sold to date $2.25 dozen, only 1.50 dozen.
1 crate 112 piece English Dinner Sets, every piece perfect, and good shapes, only $5.98, worth 7.50.
25 cent Earthen Teapots 18 cents each.
30 cent Earthen Teapots 21 cents each.
37 cent Earthen Teapots 27 cents each.
45 cent Earthen Teapots 33 cents each.
50 dozen Table Tumblers 25 cents per dozen.

O'Donnell & Gilbride